



Emerald Cloud Lab
INSTRUMENTATION CATALOG

Table of CONTENTS

Why Cloud Lab	3
Introduction to Emerald Cloud Lab	13
How Cloud Labs Work	17
Additional ECL Innovations	27

Table of CONTENTS

Scientific Instrumentation	31
Transfers	31
Organic Synthesis	49
Separations	51
Spectroscopy	77
Mass Spectrometry	85
Bioassays	93
Crystallography	105
Sample Preparation	107
Handling Environment	127
Sample Transport	130
Storage Conditions	131
Property Measurement	137
Water Sources	146
Cell Culture	147
Organic Synthesis	179



Advantages of a Cloud Laboratory Over Today's Laboratory

Today's Labs Present Barriers to Experimentation

Life scientists in all sectors face substantial and persistent logistical and labor barriers to running experiments

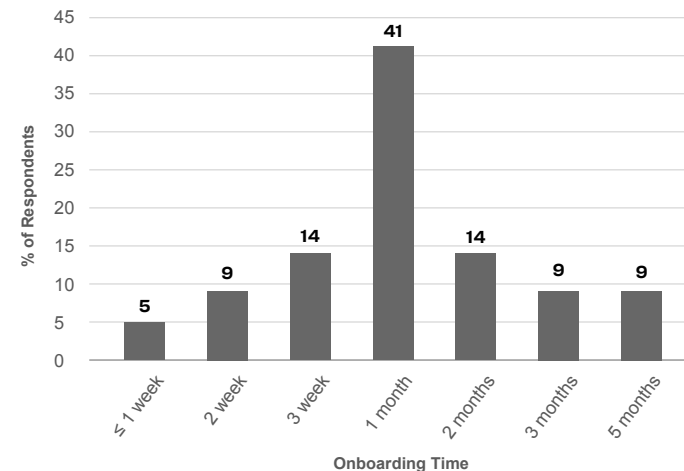
Equipment Access Problems



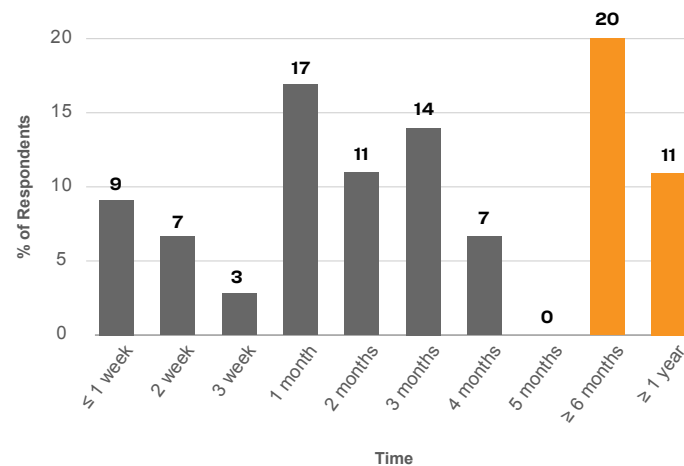
Most popular workaround: Personal favors to use other lab's equipment (73%)

- **Over 80%** report access to instrumentation as a major impediment
 - Many labs lack full instrumentation required in their research
 - Maintenance and downtime of available instruments are additional barriers
 - Most popular work around (73% of respondents) was to request personal favors from scientists in other labs
- Average onboarding time for each new experiment type is about a month, creating barriers to conducting new or unfamiliar experiments
- Lengthy troubleshooting can stymie onboarding new experiments for months
 - Unpredictable, with a broad distribution ranging from weeks to years
 - **Over 30%** of respondents said they had suffered a delay greater than six months on a project

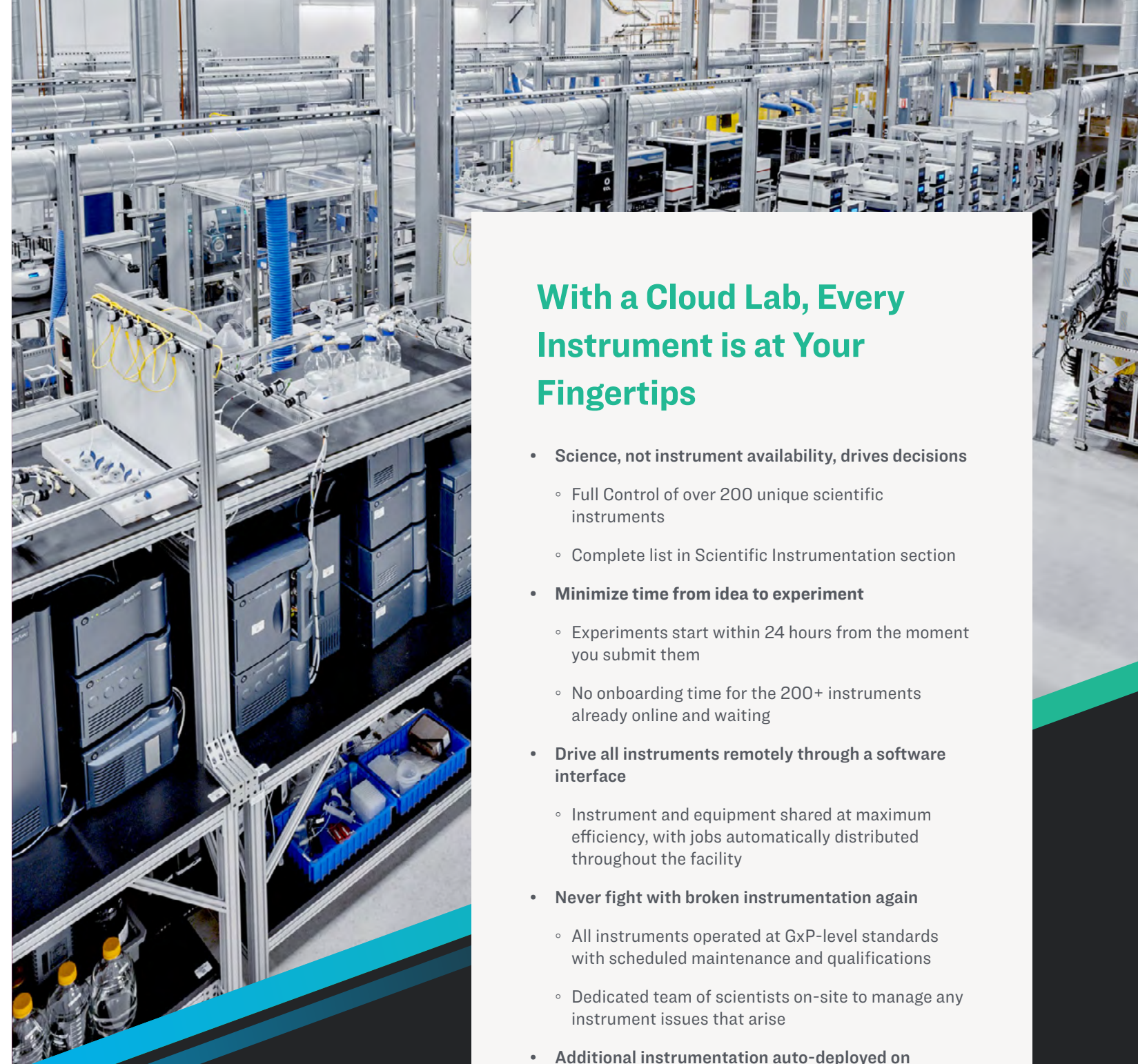
Average Experiment Onboarding Time



Troubleshooting Time

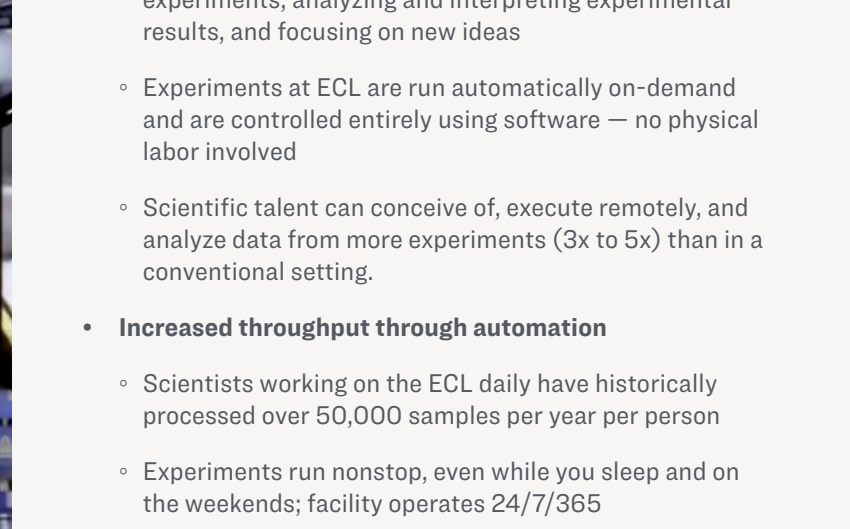
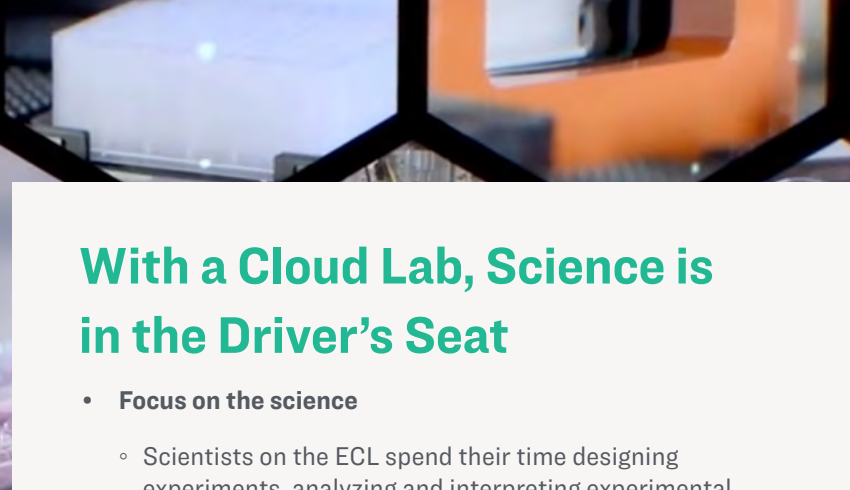


Emerald customer survey, n=130 Scientists from across the industry (mix of startups, large companies, and academia) (2013)



With a Cloud Lab, Every Instrument is at Your Fingertips

- **Science, not instrument availability, drives decisions**
 - Full Control of over 200 unique scientific instruments
 - Complete list in Scientific Instrumentation section
- **Minimize time from idea to experiment**
 - Experiments start within 24 hours from the moment you submit them
 - No onboarding time for the 200+ instruments already online and waiting
- **Drive all instruments remotely through a software interface**
 - Instrument and equipment shared at maximum efficiency, with jobs automatically distributed throughout the facility
- **Never fight with broken instrumentation again**
 - All instruments operated at GxP-level standards with scheduled maintenance and qualifications
 - Dedicated team of scientists on-site to manage any instrument issues that arise
- **Additional instrumentation auto-deployed on demand**
 - Instrument's automatically scale with demand. ECL adds additional instruments to the facility of an existing type whenever occupancy exceeds 70%
 - ~5 new unique instrument models are added to the instrumentation list per month



In Today's Labs, Science Can Take a Backseat to Labor

- More time is spent on manual labor than on all the intellectual aspects of science combined (designing experiments, developing theories, building models, analyzing data)
- Creative ideas require immense labor to execute. This favors the most well-funded teams rather than those with the most ambition
- The physical effort involved in lab work creates a barrier to scientific exploration because it is incredibly labor-intensive to pursue new research initiatives
- It is hard to incorporate new workflows as training or capital investment is often too large of a barrier

Experiment Turnaround Time for Results

70 days
Big Pharma

18 days
Biotech

R&D groups at Big Pharma and Biopharma companies self-report that results turnaround time for results takes weeks

With a Cloud Lab, Science is in the Driver's Seat

- **Focus on the science**
 - Scientists on the ECL spend their time designing experiments, analyzing and interpreting experimental results, and focusing on new ideas
 - Experiments at ECL are run automatically on-demand and are controlled entirely using software — no physical labor involved
 - Scientific talent can conceive of, execute remotely, and analyze data from more experiments (3x to 5x) than in a conventional setting.
- **Increased throughput through automation**
 - Scientists working on the ECL daily have historically processed over 50,000 samples per year per person
 - Experiments run nonstop, even while you sleep and on the weekends; facility operates 24/7/365
 - Organizations using cloud labs do more with the same, with documented productivity improvements in the 300% to 700% range
- **Greater interdisciplinary collaboration**
 - Break down barriers between disciplines by making all the instrumentation available to everyone on the system
 - Methods transfer seamlessly between groups, protocols are repeated at the push of a button
- **Inventory and resources managed automatically**
 - ECL keeps frequently used materials in stock
 - Easily place and track external orders anytime

Experiment Turnaround Time for Results

2 days
Emerald Cloud Lab

In Today's Labs, Experimental Reproducibility Presents Enormous Challenges

The image below highlights an example of the types of "missing" information from just a small portion of a method section in a paper published in the Journal of the American Chemical Society

Criteria for sequence selection?

Container type? With what rotor? Selected how? Prepared how?

Stirring? Storage conditions? Agitation? Resin type?

Wavelength? Aspiration rate? Left, center, or right averaged? On what instrument? Removed how? Syringe material? Cuvette material?

Single nucleotide polymorphism analysis. An 18 μL slurry of $\sim 7.5 \mu\text{M}$ solid-phase translator (HCV, Output*), 3 μL of 30 μM HCV† and 20 μL of IDE buffer were allowed to incubate at room temperature for various incubation times. After incubation, the sample was centrifuged at $\sim 1,000 \text{ RPM}$ briefly and 25 μL aliquots of the supernatant were carefully removed. Those aliquots were then injected into the cuvette and emission recordings were taken with one second integration time for $>1,000$ seconds. Ten second running averages were then applied to smooth the curve.

- Results are most easily reproduced when conducted by the same scientist working in the same laboratory. Reproducibility of experiments don't transfer well to other scientists and laboratories. Why is this the case?
- Ambiguity in communication of methods and data analysis is at the core of the reproducibility problem
- With traditional method descriptions it's impossible to know a priori if the information presented is sufficient to reproduce an experiment without actually running it
- Routinely reproducing experiments is time-consuming and resource intensive and slows the overall pace of progress

Inconsistent Results

71.1%

Nature Reviews Drug Discovery 10, 712 (2011)

Inconsistent Results

88.5%

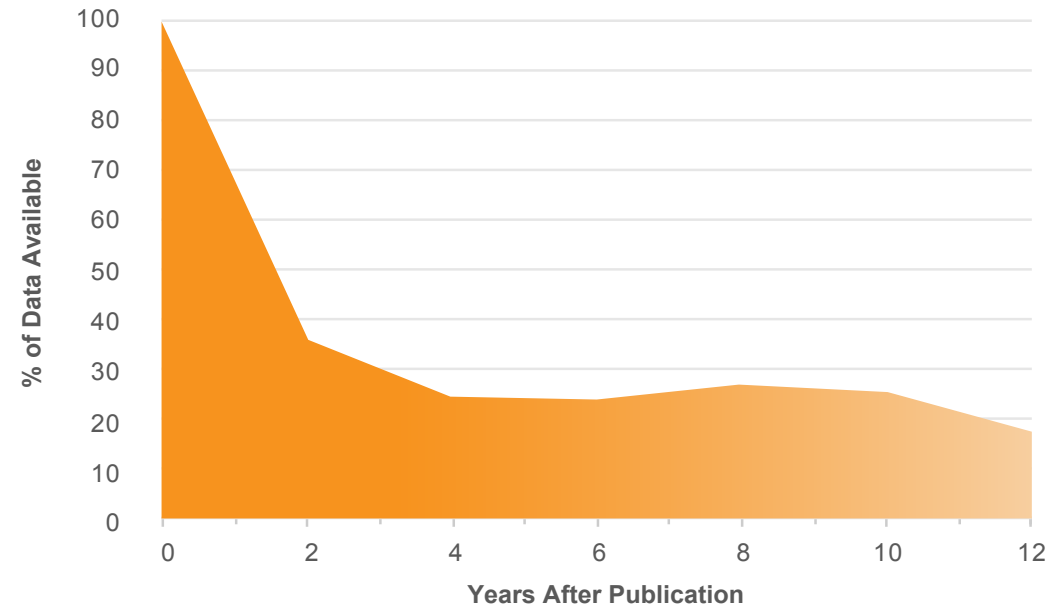
Nature 483, 531-533 (2012)

With a Cloud Lab, Experiments are Codified

- All experiments in the ECL are driven by an enumerated instruction set, much like a microprocessor
 - Just as a microprocessor can reproducibly execute a defined series of steps, the ECL can reproducibly conduct any experiment
- Push-button reproducibility
 - Any protocol run historically on the ECL can be re-rerun identically with fresh samples on demand
- 360° data capture — no data left behind
 - ECL automatically collects all data and protocol steps that are scientifically and operationally relevant
 - In addition to primary data, ancillary data such as full sample trace history, instrumentation information (including calibrations and qualifications), and metadata captured through embedded sensors in the facility are recorded
 - The linked data network ties together all aspects of an experiment and analysis together in a scale-free network
- Easily transfer methods between people or groups
 - Sharing experiment IDs makes it easy to collaborate with scientists across the room or across the world
- Codifying technique turns all errors into systematic errors
 - Easier to identify and make systematic fixes that ensure issues do not reoccur

In Today's Labs, Availability of Primary Data Drops Off Precipitously Over Time

Less than 40% of Literature Data Accessible After Just Two Years



Current Biology 24, 94-97 (2014)

Because much of the relevant information is either uncaptured or unstructured, personal communication with the original authors via email or phone calls is often necessary to make sense of any raw source files (if they can even be located).

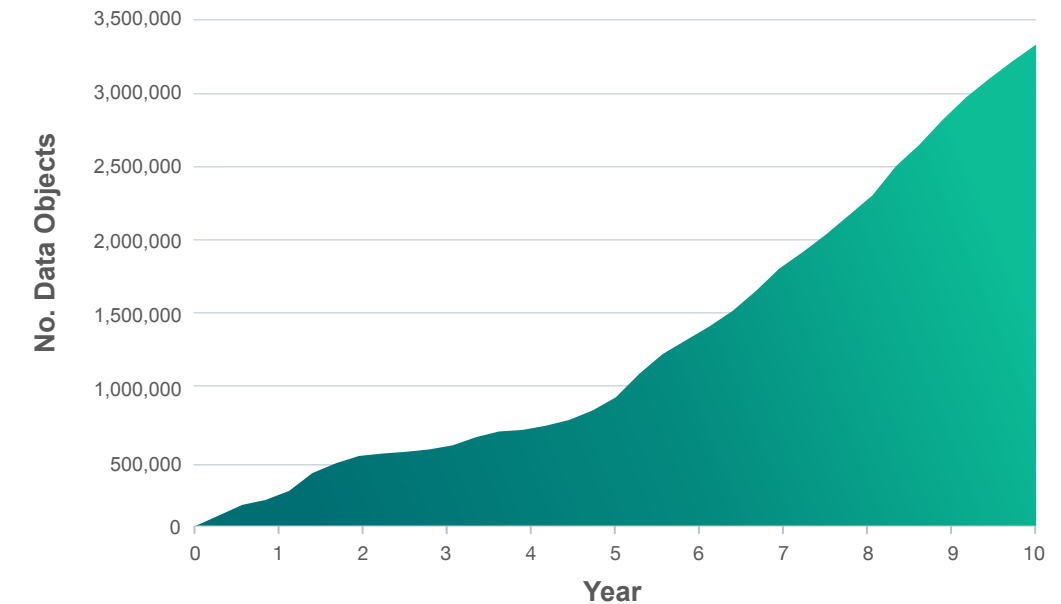
- Tremendous human and societal effort goes into generating data that tragically fades rapidly over time. Data is lost in paper notebooks, hard-to-access files, and rigid data systems.
- Difficult to build on previous work, creating continuity challenges across generations of a lab
- Combining new and old data sets is difficult when primary experimental data is not available; even when available, method data is often missing or incomplete
- Machine learning is stymied by missing information or data that's not reproducible and not well-structured
- Lost opportunity for meta-analyses and other higher level conclusions

With a Cloud Lab, Data Generated Compounds in Value Over Time

A laboratory, company, or institution conducting day-to-day experimentation in this highly structured and connected system would produce a dataset with detail, sophistication, and complexity without historical precedent.

Imagine what you could do with just a year of all of your experimental data indexed and searchable on the web!

Scientific Data Generated on the ECL



Data accumulated on the ECL always remains just milliseconds away from download on the cloud. Moreover that data is already highly structured, indexed, searchable, and, most importantly, it is connected to the experimental techniques that generated it (with push button reproducibility).

- All data captured digitally and automatically
 - Eliminates need for paper lab notebooks and printouts
 - No more efforts wasted in data transfer to ELN
- Everything accessible on the cloud to all users with valid credentials
- Methods valid and reproducible for years after initial execution
- Data is automatically structured, indexed, and made quickly searchable for instantaneous retrieval
- Standardized data ontology amenable for data mining and machine learning
- All data is traceable and linked to its source techniques and lab notebook context
- Data gathered on enterprise accounts compliant with FDA data retention and access policies



What is Emerald Cloud Lab?

Emerald Cloud Lab® is the only remotely operated research facility that handles all aspects of daily lab work: method design, materials logistics, sample preparation, instrument operation, data acquisitions and analysis, troubleshooting, waste disposal, and everything in between - without the user ever setting foot in the lab.

Emerald Cloud Lab Mission & Vision

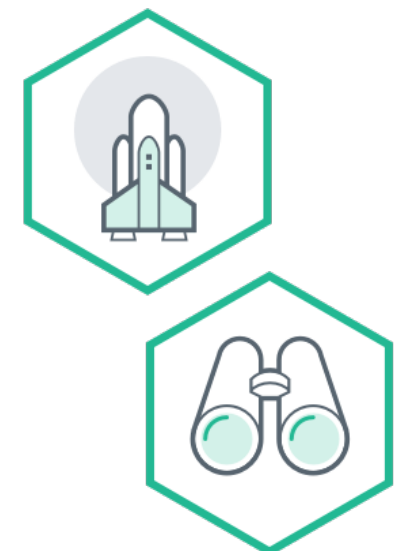
Mission

Enable scientists to transcend the laboratory by making research better, faster, and more accessible through the full digitization of science.

Vision

Empower researchers worldwide to accelerate scientific progress, break down barriers to innovation, and advance knowledge for the betterment of society.

We leverage cutting edge developments in software, AI, industrial engineering, and automation to reach this vision.





ECL Customer Value Proposition

Automation & Efficiency

Minimizes human error and accelerates QC testing with 24/7 automation



Cost Savings

Reduces lab space, maintenance, and staffing needs while simplifying method transfer



Data Integrity & Compliance

Ensures real-time, auditable data with minimal manual errors



Scalability & Consistency

Enables reproducible QC testing without extra infrastructure



Remote Access & Collaboration

Allows scientists to run and monitor experiments globally

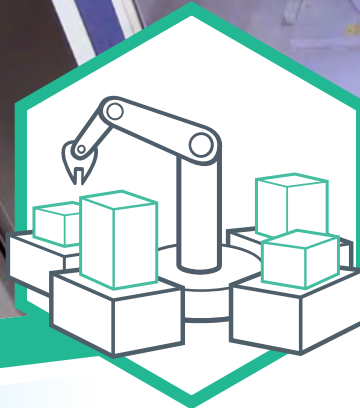


How Cloud Labs Work



1. Command

Ship your samples to an ECL facility and design your experiments in the ECL Command Center application.



2. Run

Emerald remotely conducts your experiments in a highly automated ECL facility exactly to your specifications.



3. Explore

ECL Constellation organizes your data into a powerful knowledge graph, growing automatically over time as you conduct more experiments.



4. Analyze

ECL Command Center provides an extensive suite of tools to plot, analyze, and visualize your results.



1. Command

Transfer your samples to an ECL facility and design your experiments in the ECL Command Center application.



ECL Command Center

The screenshot displays the ECL Command Center interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with filters for 'Emerald Therapeutics (Team)', 'Select Lab Notebook', and 'Select Experiment Type'. Below this is a 'Threads In Use' section with a gauge showing 21/30 threads. The main area shows a list of experiments with details for each, including start times, owners, and progress. For example, one experiment 'RST Fluorescence Kinetics' is shown with a 6h 30m time estimate and five checkpoints. Another experiment 'Sn2 Testing of Bromohexyl Modification' has a 5h 41m time estimate and five checkpoints. A third experiment 'Cleavage of Tri-Link Bromide/DBCO Strands' is also visible.

One Scientist, Infinite Hands

With an ECL account, you can execute as many experiments in parallel as you like, limited only by the rate at which you can think of them. It's not unusual for ECL users to be orchestrating dozens of protocols simultaneously, far more than one could ever manage working in a today's laboratory.

ECL facilities run your experiments on-demand, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year. Leaving just hours between the moment you conceive of your experiment and the moment you receive your results.

Accounts are priced based on their bandwidth in the lab — something we call lab threads. The number of lab threads is the maximum number of simultaneous experiments you can have running in an ECL facility at any given moment during the day.

This screenshot shows the 'Antibody Purity Analysis' notebook page. It features a 'Command Builder' section on the left with parameters like 'InjectionVolume' (10 Microliter, 8 Microliter, 6 Microliter), 'ColumnTemperature' (35 Celsius), and 'DetectionWavelength' (260 Nanometer). The main area displays 'Experimental Results' with a 3D surface plot of Absorbance (mAU) vs Wavelength (nm). The plot shows a peak at approximately 260 nm. Below the plot, there's a 'Command Builder' section with a script for 'ExperimentHPLC' that includes sample IDs and detection parameters.

The screenshot shows a 'Parallel Line Analysis (PLA)' plot. The y-axis is 'Fluorescence (RFU)' ranging from 0 to 200,000. The x-axis is 'Density (logM)' ranging from -4 to 6. The plot shows a series of data points with a fitted curve. Below the plot, there's a 'Command Builder' section with parameters for 'AnalyzeParallelLine', including 'Exclude' (0), 'Domain' ([4,8]), and 'Log/Transform' (True).

This screenshot displays chemical structures and a graph. On the left, there's a complex chemical structure. On the right, there's a graph showing a series of peaks. The graph is labeled with $R^2 =$ and a pentagon symbol. Below the graph, there's a 'Command Builder' section with parameters for 'AnalyzeParallelLine', including 'Object[Analysis, File, "D:\QTEY\ay\MO5H48"]', 'Object[Analysis, File, "D:\TYNG\NG56PEH1"]', and 'Domain' ([-5, 8]).

Automation Taken to its Logical Conclusion

ECL Command Center is the gateway to ECL facilities and allows scientists to design and execute experiments, analyze results, and browse and search their data with zero manual labor. ECL Command Center consolidates dozens of different instrument control and analysis packages into one seamless interface.

Because the ECL is command-driven, every action taken in the lab, as well as in data processing and visualization, is fully scriptable. You can build scripts which automatically execute a series of experiments of arbitrary complexity, reproduce results, process the data, and generate reports for you to analyze.



2. Run

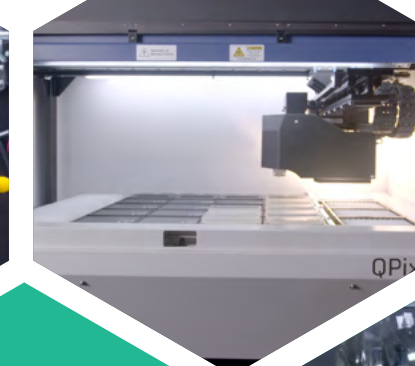
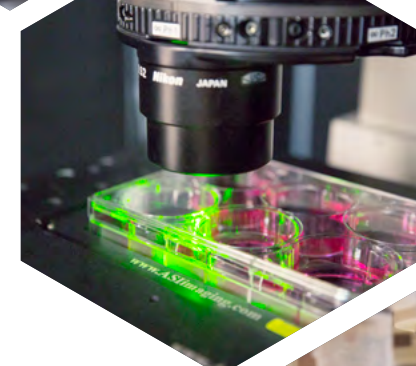
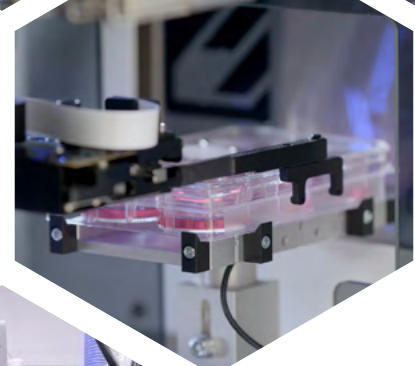
Emerald remotely conducts your experiments in a highly automated ECL facility exactly to your specifications.



Let The Robots Do the Work

ECL allows you to remotely execute a wide array of experimental capabilities in our state-of-the-art facilities, including HPLC, Western Blot, Peptide Synthesis, Mass Spectrometry, and NMR. Experiments are conducted using automated instrumentation and robotics to carry out your instructions exactly as specified. Once you submit an experiment through ECL Command Center, the experiment is run automatically and the results and observations are added to your database in just a few days.

A list of the system's offerings can be found in the Scientific Instrumentation section of this document.





3. Explore

ECL Constellation organizes your data into a powerful knowledge graph, growing automatically over time as you conduct more experiments.

SUPPLIER

Object[Company, Supplier, id:124876456]

Supplier	Supplier
Name	Supplier
Address	Supplier
Phone	Supplier
Website	Supplier


PRODUCT

Object[Product, id:124876456]

Product	Product
Name	Product
Description	Product
Price	Product
Quantity	Product

COLUMN

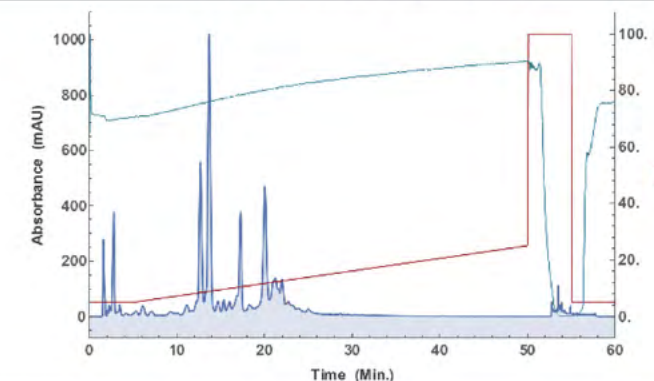
Object[Device, Column, id:124876456]



Column	Column
Name	Column
Description	Column
Manufacturer	Column

HPLC DATA

Object[Data, Chromatography, id:081aEBZZ53m1]



Absorbance (mAU) vs Time (Min.)

Organizational Information

- Notebook: Object[LaboratoryNotebook, Monomer/PNA Synthesis]
- DateCreated: Sat 15 Sep 2018 20:17:19 GMT-7

Method Information

- Protocol: Object[Protocol, HPLC, id:ERzoYvNA7r5]
- Instrument: Object[Instrument, HPLC, Thermo]
- SamplesIn: Object[Sample, Protein, id:pZx9jo8T3bp]
- SamplesOut: Object[Sample, Protein, id:54n6vLLEk1], Object[Sample, Protein, id:nk9eG8ApK3], Object[Sample, Protein, id:e6ak1d334ev0], Object[Sample, Protein, id:pZx9jo8szVPS]
- Column: Object[Sample, Column, id:L8KPEjN0n9A]
- BufferA: Model[Sample, StockSolution, id:0166vwwL5YY]
- BufferB: Model[Sample, StockSolution, id:PSZnEjdd0q0B]

MODEL



Object[Model, Protein, id:081aEBZZ53m1]

SAMPLE



Object[Sample, Protein, id:081aEBZZ53m1]

INSTRUMENT



Object[Instrument, HPLC, id:081aEBZZ53m1]

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA



Object[Data, Temperature, id:081aEBZZ53m1]

HPLC PROTOCOL

Object[Protocol, HPLC, id:ERzoYvNA7r5]

Organizational Information

- DateCreated: Thu 13 Sep 2018 19:33 GMT-7
- SamplesIn: Object[Sample, Protein, id:pZx9jo8T3bp], Object[Sample, Protein, id:nk9eG8ApK3], Object[Sample, Protein, id:q6mzuz1AWV], Object[Sample, Protein, id:R61Pj00vWv], Object[Sample, Protein, id:nk9eG8ApK3], Object[Sample, Protein, id:0166vwwL5YY]
- Status: Completed

Method Information

- SeparationMode: ReversePhase
- Scale: Preparative
- ChromatographyInstrument: Object[Instrument, HPLC, Thermo]
- Column: Object[Sample, Column, id:L8KPEjN0n9A]
- GuardColumn: Object[Sample, Column, id:R61Pj00vWv]

Experimental Results

- Data: Object[Data, Chromatography, id:081aEBZZ53m1], Object[Data, Chromatography, id:VE13eJm8Bw0], Object[Data, Chromatography, id:VE13eJm8Bw0]
- SamplesOut: 1 L

Cleaning

- WasteGenerated: Waste Type: Model[Sample, Waste, id:q6mzuz1AWV], Amount: 120.432 g

Environmental Data

- Object[Data, Temperature, id:211gkz0m8], Object[Data, RelativeHumidity, id:081aEBZZ53m1]

Standards

- Object[Sample, StockSolution, Standard, id:R61Pj00vWv], Object[Sample, StockSolution, Standard, id:R61Pj00vWv]



ECL Constellation

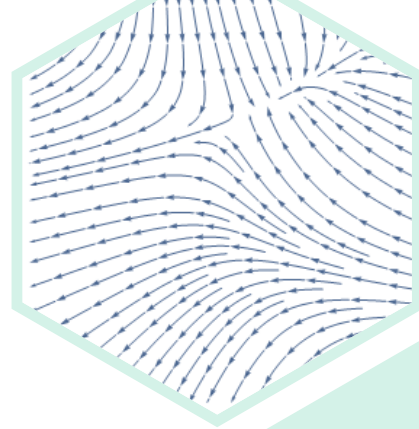
A New Model for Managing Scientific Data

ECL Constellation extends far beyond what traditional or electronic laboratory notebooks handle. In addition to storing sample information, it organizes all experimental data and data analysis, environmental data, inventory information, protocol information, and instrument diagnostics. This is all captured and linked automatically behind the scenes, building an easily surfable and searchable knowledge graph that fully encompasses a complete set of source information without any manual data entry.



4. Analyze

ECL Command Center provides an extensive suite of tools to plot, analyze, and visualize your results.



QC Analysis of Antigen
 The MALDI mass verification and NMR fingerprint for identity looks good. The HPLC and PAGE analysis looks pretty good as well, though I see a bit of a shoulder on the LC, which I suspect may be an indication that we should be deprotecting more vigorously in the work up going forward. I will run a control on this in our next pilot synthesis to see if final cleavage/deprotection time or temperature have an effect before scaling this up to synthesize our full sequence library.

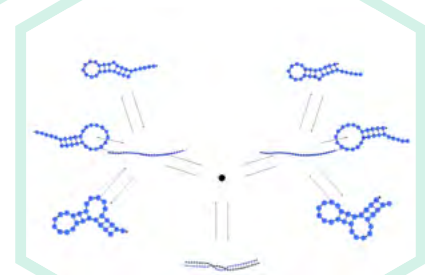
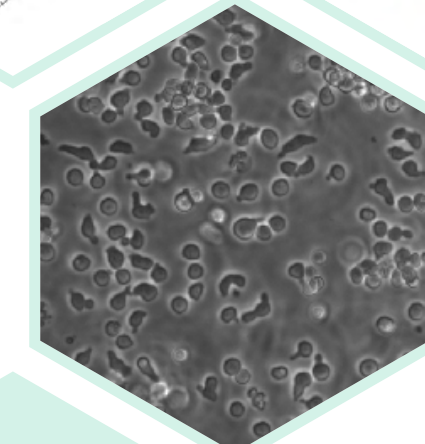
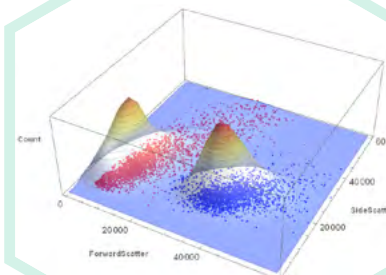
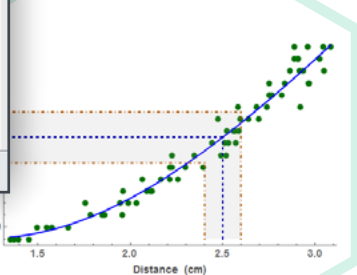
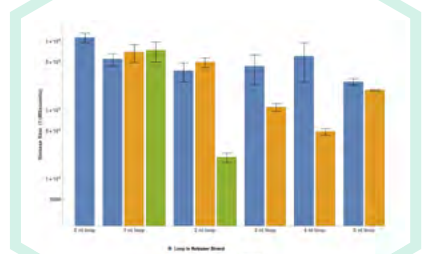
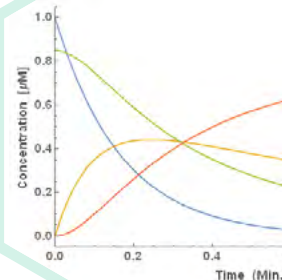
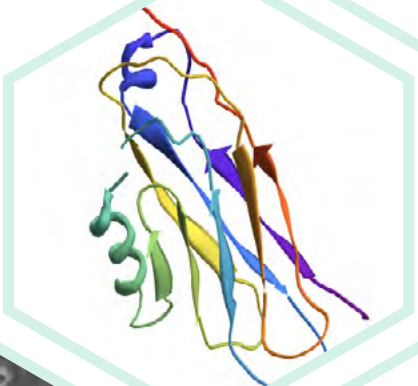
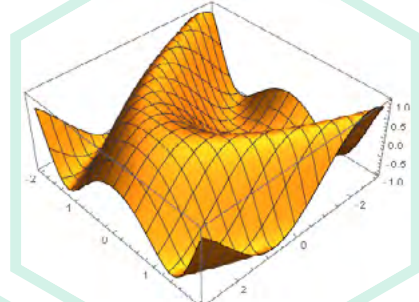
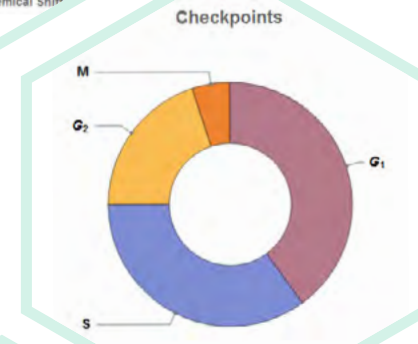
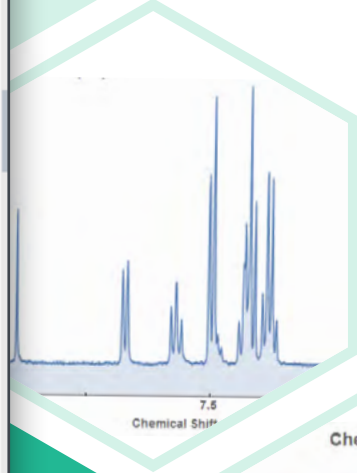
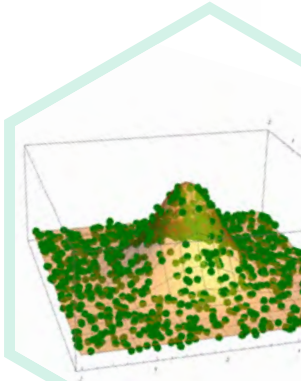
Object[Data, MassSpectrometry, "id:mnk9JO3dwr6N"]
 Object[Data, NMR, "id:Z1lqpMGJl0K4"]
 Object[Data, Chromatography, "id:wqW9BP4YZOB"]
 Object[Data, PAGE, id:JBAY5jwzYo59]
 LadderData : Object[Data, PAGE, id:bq9LA0dBLrYb]

Command Builder | Experiment | Sample | Plot | Analyze | Simulate | Search | Upload

A Full Workstation for Data Analysis

ECL Command Center provides over 4,500 powerful functions for data visualization, analysis, and simulation. The software also allows your experiments, data, analysis, results, and even scientific figures to be exported, shared, or published on the web.

All of these tools can be accessed through both a point-and-click interface and direct entry of the commands into your lab notebook. This makes it easy to repeat or scale any analysis with a single command and to automate report generation through higher-level scripting.



Peak Name	Retention Time	Height	Area
Alanine	2.36 (Min.)	93.2 (mAU)	3.2 (%)
Serine	12.98 (Min.)	49.62 (mAU)	4.1 (%)
Threonine	18.57 (Min.)	21.34 (mAU)	1.4 (%)
Asparagine	23.21 (Min.)	26.29 (mAU)	1.8 (%)
Glutamine	25.66 (Min.)	92.14 (mAU)	8.7 (%)
Proline	28.37 (Min.)	38.62 (mAU)	3.1 (%)

Seamless integration with AI/ML/LLMs empowers scientists

- [Asynchronous parallel Bayesian optimization for AI-driven cloud laboratories](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34252975/) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34252975/>)
- [Autonomous chemical research with large language models](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38123806/) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38123806/>)
- Integration with ChatGPT via OpenAI plug-in capable of designing, refining, and submitting experiments to Cloud Lab facilities
- Featurize functions – allow scientists to define features of data within data objects to make data machine readable

Opportunity Focus

AI leverages Cloud Lab technology at multiple levels

1 Crystallize Communication

Symbolic Lab Language (SLL) API

- SLL is an open source language invented by ECL that provides an API for the laboratory.
- SLL is a requirement for all lab science AI applications. Without it, there is no way to digitally read from (analyze, compare, and mine data) and write to (design and execute new experiments) the lab.

2 Accelerate Translation

LLM-assisted experiment design

- With our collaborators, we are developing plug-ins to existing LLMs (ChatGPT, etc) to assist scientists in the translation from idea to ECL command.
- An example is giving the LLM a Methods section of a scientific paper and asking it to turn the described experiments into commands that can run within the Cloud Lab.

3 Drive Efficiency

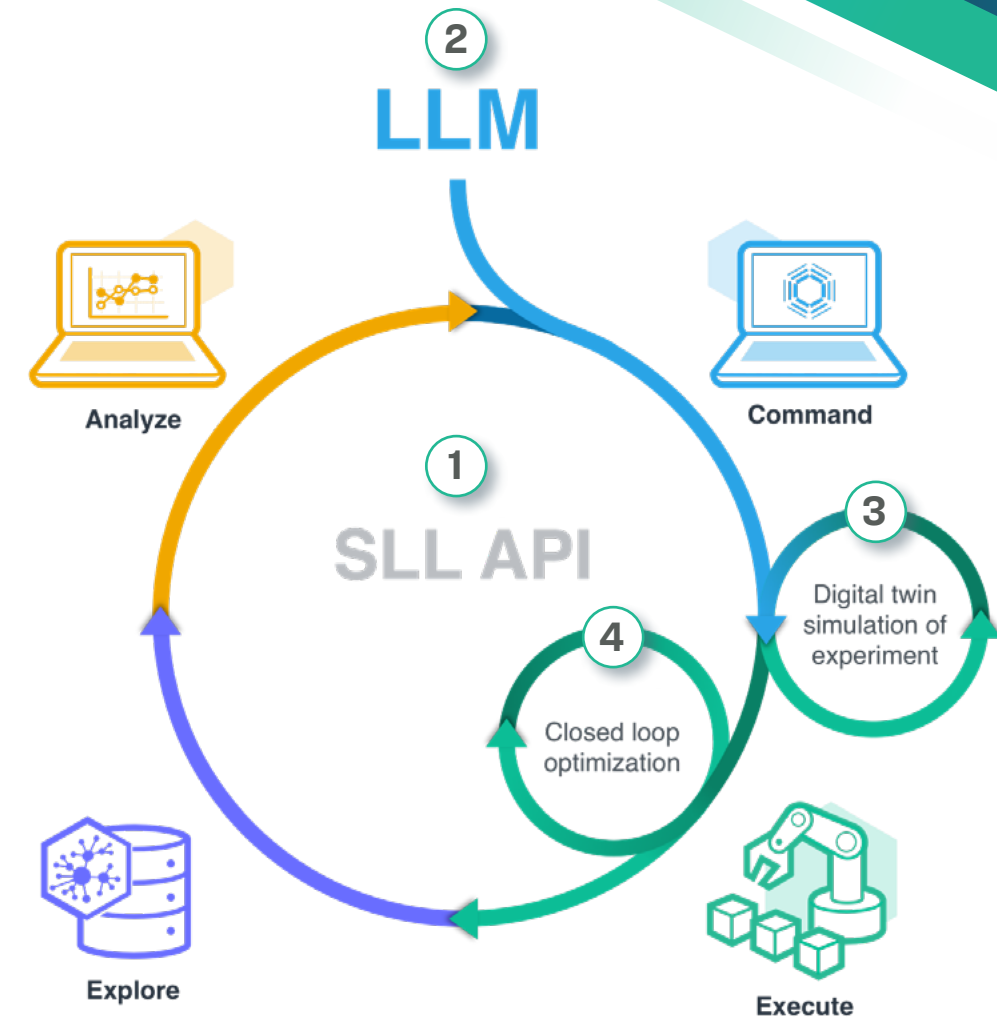
Experimental digital twins

- Use known theory and AI to generate simulated “digital twins” for every experiment run in the Cloud Lab.
- Simulations give users ability to predict experimental outcomes before actually running the experiment saving customers time and money to get to real results and drive value creation.

4 Eliminate Waste

Closed loop optimization

AI/ML algorithms designed to allow scientists to efficiently and effectively converge on the best set of experimental conditions for achieving a desired outcome.



Fully symbiotic relationship between AI and the Cloud Lab

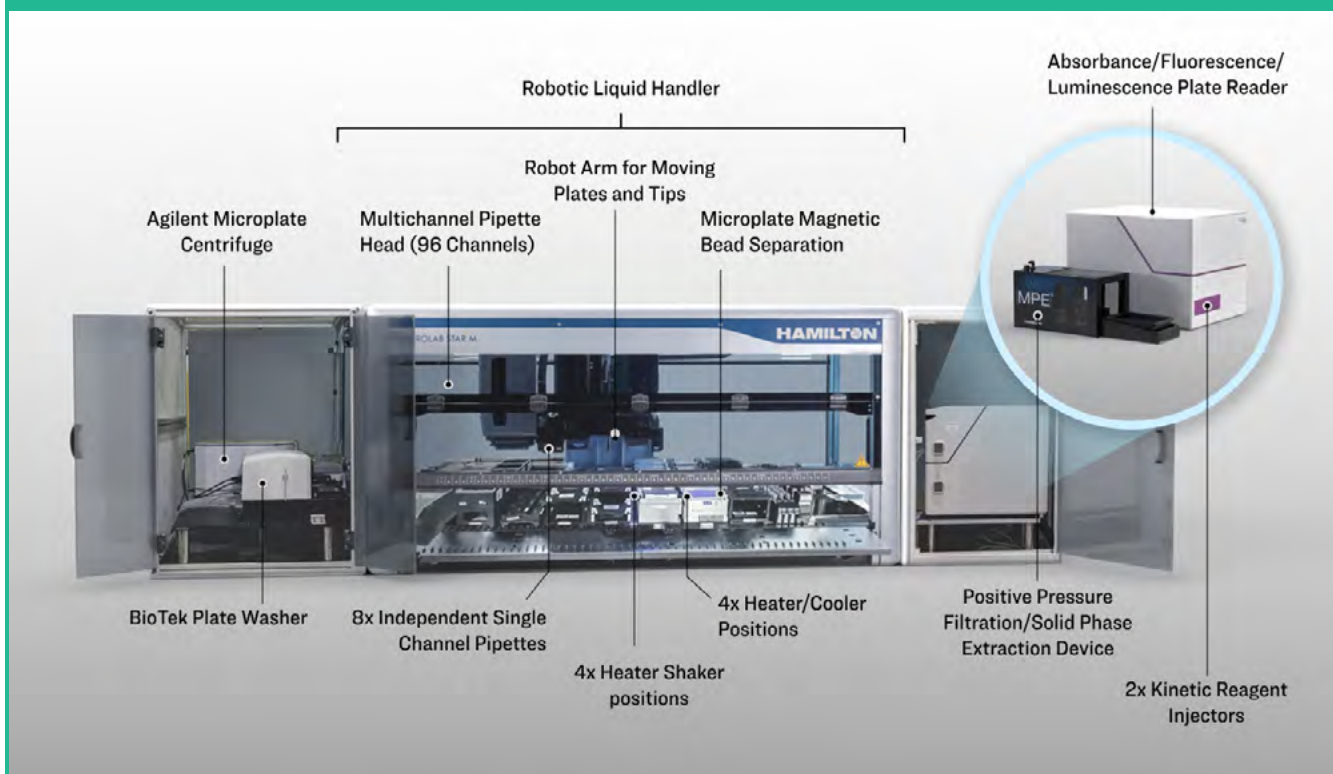
In a Cloud Lab, AI is not just a buzzword or fad

- 10+ years of software, hardware, and language development to create full digital interface to the lab ready for current and future AI applications
- Clean, digital data and metadata from Cloud Lab feeds AI learning models
- Easy connection points allow both Emerald and third parties to connect AI/ML tools at multiple places in value chain
- Short-term applications include LLM-assisted experiment design and AI-driven experiment simulation
- Not shackled to strict limitations of “self driving labs”

TRANSFERS

Experiment Robotic Sample Preparation []

Robotic Sample Preparation Workcell (Large)



UNIT OPERATIONS

Sample Preparation

Transfer
Dilute
Serial Dilution
Aliquot
Consolidate
Resuspend
Incubate
Mix
Centrifuge
Filter
Magnetic Bead Extraction
Wait
Label Sample
Label Container
Cover
Uncover
Pellet

Spectroscopy

Absorbance Spectroscopy
Absorbance Intensity
Absorbance Kinetics
Luminescence Spectroscopy
Luminescence Intensity
Luminescence Kinetics
Fluorescence Spectroscopy
Fluorescence Intensity
Fluorescence Kinetics
AlphaScreen

TRANSFERS

Workcell Integrated Micro Liquid Handler

Large Capacity Deck

- 4x heater/shaker plate positions
 - heating up to 105°C
 - shaking up to 2,500 RPM
- 4x heater/cooler plate positions
 - heating up to 110°C
 - cooling down to 0°C
- 12x SBS plate positions (including any deep well or microtiter plates)
- 12x 50 mL conical tube positions
- 96x microcentrifuge tube or CE/HPLC vial positions
- Compatible with a wide variety of tubes (including opaque tubes for light sensitive samples)
- Robotic arm for movement of plates, lids, and racks around the deck and to/from integrations

8x Independent Single Channel Pipettes

- 1 µL to 1 mL volume (± 1%)
- 0.4 to 250 µL/sec aspirate/dispense rate
- 10 µL, 50 µL, 300 µL, 1,000 µL regular, wide-bore, and filtered disposable polypropylene tips
- Pre-aspiration/post-dispense mixing
- Fine-grained pipette tip aspiration and dispense position control
- Tip movement and speed control

1x Multichannel Pipette (96 Channels)

- Capable of any simultaneous rectangular pipetting up to dimensions 8x12
- 1 µL to 1 mL volume (± 2%)
- 0.4 to 250 µL/sec aspirate/dispense rate
- 10 µL, 50 µL, 300 µL, 1,000 µL regular, wide-bore, and filtered disposable polypropylene tips
- Pre-aspiration/post-dispense mixing
- Fine-grained pipette tip aspiration and dispense position control
- Tip movement and speed control



Workcell Integrated Positive Pressure Filter

- 0 to 40 PSI independent pressure sources for each well
- Filter through SBS filter plates
- Collects in SBS deep well plates



Workcell Integrated Plate Reader

- Supports absorbance, fluorescence, and luminescence reads

Absorbance

- CCD detector
- 220 to 1,000 nm wavelength selection

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 320 to 740 nm excitation monochromator (8 nm bandpass)
- 680 nm laser (AlphaScreen)

Emission

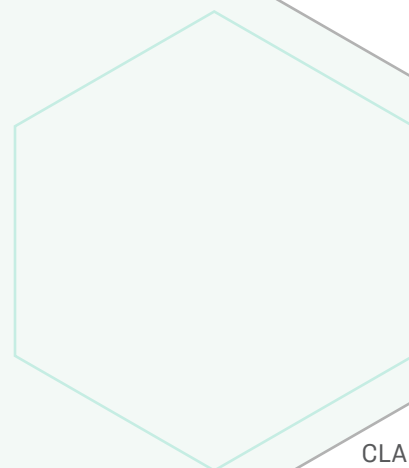
- High voltage PMT detector
- 320 to 850 nm emission monochromator (8 nm bandpass)

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature (25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 45°C incubation
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (6 to 96 well) per batch

Sample Injection

- 2x 500 µL injection syringes per batch
- 50 µL dead volumes, 0.5 µL precision
- 25 mL/min maximum injection speed
- 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes, 15 mL conical tubes, or 50 mL conical tube sources



Workcell Integrated Centrifuge

- 3,000 RPM maximum speed (1,000 x g at Rmax)
- 250 x g maximum payload per bucket
- 10 g maximum imbalance
- 2 SBS plate footprint buckets
- 48.3 mm max plate height

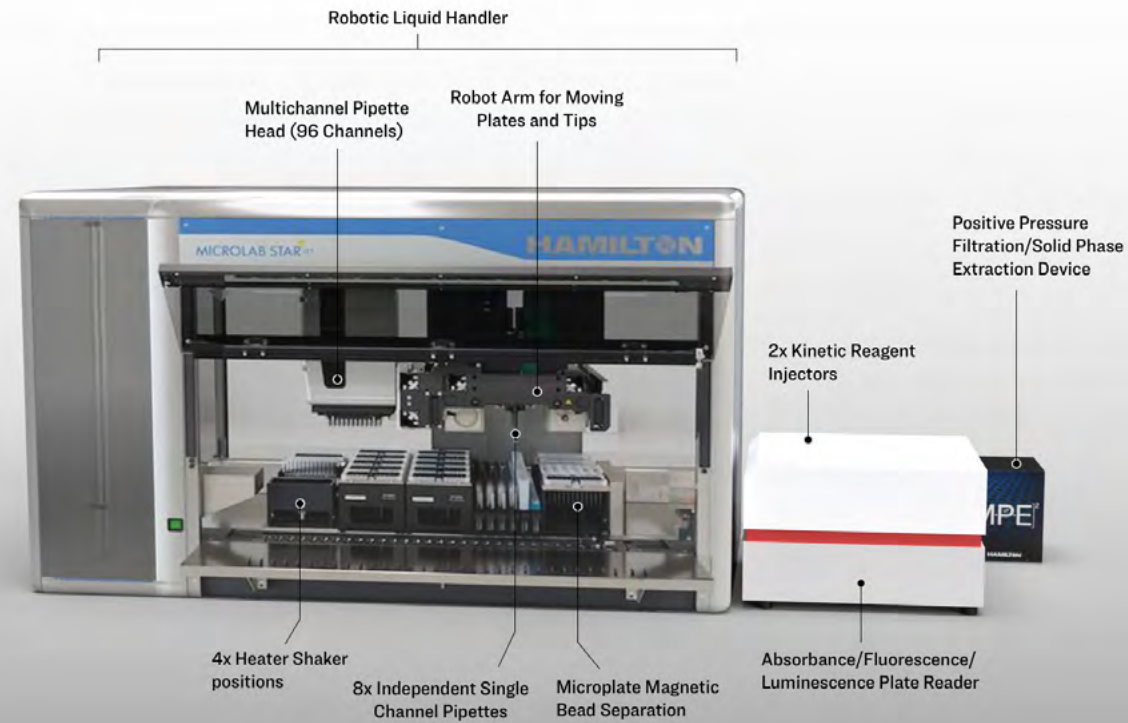


Workcell Integrated PlateWasher

- Up to 4 buffers switching
- 96-tube manifold is compatible with 96-well SBS plates
- Dual-action manifold allows aspirate and dispense separately for gentler and more complete washes
- Features ultrasonic cleaning manifold tubes



Robotic Sample Preparation Workcell (Small)



UNIT OPERATIONS

Sample Preparation

- Transfer
- Dilute
- Serial Dilution
- Aliquot
- Consolidate
- Resuspend
- Incubate
- Mix
- Filter
- Magnetic Bead Extraction
- Wait
- Label Sample
- Label Container
- Cover
- Uncover
- Pellet

Spectroscopy

- Absorbance Spectroscopy
- Absorbance Intensity
- Absorbance Kinetics
- Luminescence Spectroscopy
- Luminescence Intensity
- Luminescence Kinetics
- Fluorescence Spectroscopy
- Fluorescence Intensity
- Fluorescence Kinetics

Workcell Integrated Micro Liquid Handler

Medium Capacity Deck

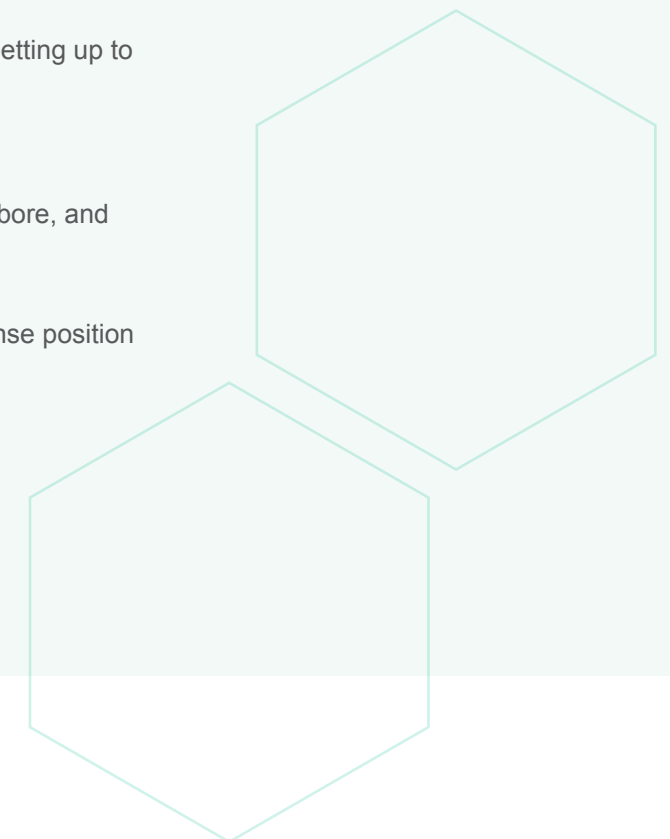
- 4x heater/shaker plate positions
 - heating up to 105°C
 - shaking up to 2,500 RPM
- 5x SBS plate positions (including any deep well or microtiter plates)
- 12x 50 mL conical tube positions
- 64x microcentrifuge tube or CE/HPLC vial positions
- Compatible with a wide variety of tubes (including opaque tubes for light sensitive samples)
- Robotic arm for movement of plates, lids, and racks around the deck and to/from integrations

8x Independent Single Channel Pipettes

- 1 µL to 1 mL volume (± 1%)
- 0.4 to 250 µL/sec aspirate/dispense rate
- 10 µL, 50 µL, 300 µL, 1,000 µL regular, widebore, and filtered disposable polypropylene tips
- Pre-aspiration/post-dispense mixing
- Fine-grained pipette tip aspiration and dispense position control
- Tip movement and speed control

1x Multichannel Pipette (96 Channels)

- Capable of any simultaneous rectangular pipetting up to dimensions 8x12
- 1 µL to 1 mL volume (± 2%)
- 0.4 to 250 µL/sec aspirate/dispense rate
- 10 µL, 50 µL, 300 µL, 1,000 µL regular, widebore, and filtered disposable polypropylene tips
- Pre-aspiration/post-dispense mixing
- Fine-grained pipette tip aspiration and dispense position control
- Tip movement and speed control



Workcell Integrated Positive Pressure Filter

- 0 to 40 PSI independent pressure sources for each well
- Filter through SBS filter plates
- Collects in SBS deep well plates



Workcell Integrated Plate Reader

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 355 nm, 410 nm, 485 nm, 544 nm, 584 nm, 650 nm, or 700 nm fixed wavelength excitation filters (5 nm bandpass)

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 420 nm, 460 nm, 520 nm, 590 nm, 620 nm, or 750 nm fixed wavelength emission filters (5 nm bandpass)
- Top or bottom of plate read mode

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature (25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 45°C incubation
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (6 to 96 well) per batch

Sample Injection

- 2x 500 µL injection syringes per batch
- 50 µL dead volumes, 0.5 µL precision
- 25 mL/min maximum injection speed
- 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes, 15 mL conical tubes, or 50 mL conical tube sources



ExperimentAcousticLiquidHandling[]

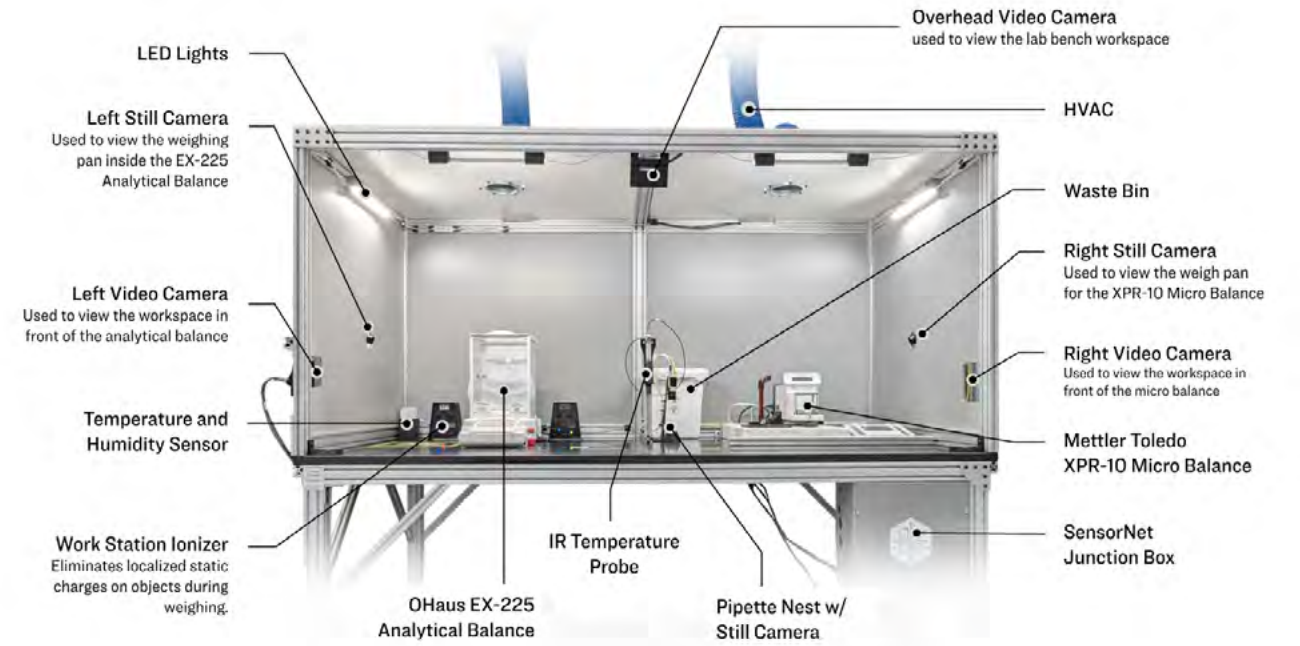
Acoustic Liquid Handler

- Contact-free tipless liquid transfer
- 2.5 nL to 5 µL volume (± 10%)
- Dispense from 384-well Echo Qualified plates into any 96- or 384- shallow well SBS-format plates
- Fine-grained dispense position control allowing multiple distinct droplets per well
- Dispenses up to 200 droplets (500 nL) per second
- Rapid high-precision dispensing of small volumes of liquids
- Capable of handling high-viscosity aqueous solutions



ExperimentManualSamplePreparation[]

Manual Sample Preparation Workcell



UNIT OPERATIONS

Sample Preparation

- Label Sample
- Label Container
- Wait
- Transfer
- Incubate
- Mix
- Centrifuge
- Aliquot
- Absorbance Spectroscopy
- Absorbance Intensity
- Absorbance Kinetics
- Luminescence Spectroscopy
- Luminescence Intensity
- Luminescence Kinetics
- Fluorescence Spectroscopy
- Fluorescence Intensity
- Fluorescence Kinetics
- Fluorescence Polarization

- Fluorescence Polarization Kinetics
- AlphaScreen
- Nephelometry
- Nephelometry Kinetics
- Filter
- SPE
- Pellet
- Fill To Volume
- AdjustpH
- Cover
- Uncover
- Serial Dilute
- Measure Refractive Index
- Resuspend
- Dilute
- Degas
- Magnetic Bead Separation
- Flash Chromatography

- Coulter Count
- Count Liquid Particles
- Cross Flow Filtration
- Desiccate
- Grind
- Measure Melting Point
- Visual Inspection
- Grow Crystal
- Microwave Digestion
- Measure Contact Angle
- Dynamic Light Scattering

Synthesis

- PCR

Post Processing

- Image Sample
- Measure Weight
- Measure Volume

Large Volumetric Transfers

Graduated Cylinders

- Transfers of liquids and slurries
- Optional overhead mixing/heating during addition
- Glass cylinders: 10 mL, 25 mL, 50 mL, 100 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1 L, 2 L, 4 L

Volumetric Flasks

- Provides accurate volume measurements during liquid/slurry transfers
- Composed of borosilicate 3.3 expansion glass
- Glass flasks: 25 mL, 100 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1 L, 2 L

Funnels

- Glass funnels: 25 mm, 45 mm, 60 mm, 65 mm, 75 mm, 80 mm, 100 mm, 150 mm
- Compatible with
 - 38-430 (4 L amber glass bottle)
 - GL-45 (100 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1,000 mL, 2,000 mL, and 5,000 mL glass bottle)
 - 83B cap carboys (10 L and 20 L carboys)
 - Various sized graduated cylinders
 - Polypropylene



GRADUATED CYLINDERS



VOLUMETRIC FLASKS



FUNNELS

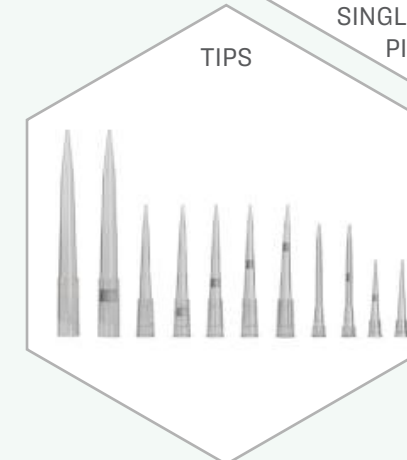
Small Volumetric Transfers

Air Displacement Pipettes

- Reverse pipetting available
- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
 - Liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in both sterile and non-sterile environments
- Temperature controlled transfers
 - Temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (-86 to 10°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transport (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Single-channel pipettes
 - 0.1 to 2.5 μL
 - 2 to 20 μL
 - 20 to 200 μL
 - 100 to 1,000 μL
 - 0.5 to 5 mL
- Compatible tip types
 - 10 μL reach tips, sterile
 - 20 μL barrier tips, sterile
 - 200 μL gel loading tips
 - 200 μL tips, non-sterile
 - 200 μL tips, sterile
 - 200 μL wide-bore tips, non-sterile
 - 1,000 μL wide-bore tips, non-sterile
 - 1,000 μL reach tips, sterile
 - 1,000 μL tips, non-sterile
 - 5,000 μL tips, non-sterile



SINGLE-CHANNEL PIPETTES

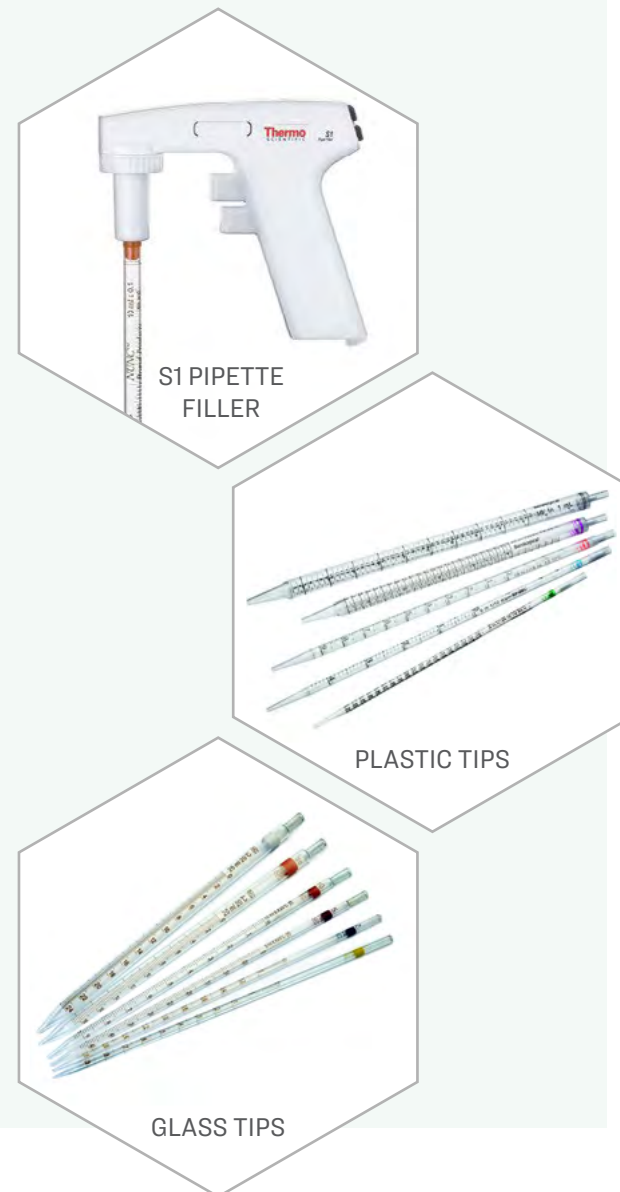


TIPS

TRANSFERS

Serological Pipettes

- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
 - Liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in both sterile and non-sterile environments
- Temperature controlled transfers
 - Temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Variable dispense/aspirate speed (8 settings)
- 15 hours of continuous operation before recharging
- Compatible plastic serological pipette tips
 - 2 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 5 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 10 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 25 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 50 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
- Compatible glass serological pipette tips
 - 1 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 2 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 5 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 10 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 25 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 50 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile



TRANSFERS

Volumetric Pipettes

- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
 - Liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in both sterile and non-sterile environments
- Temperature controlled transfers
 - Temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Variable dispense/aspirate speed (8 settings)
- 15 hours of continuous operation before recharging
- Compatible glass volumetric pipette tips
 - 0.5 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 1 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 2 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 3 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 4 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 5 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 6 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 7 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 8 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 9 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 10 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 13 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A
 - 15 mL glass volumetric pipets, sterile, Class A



TRANSFERS

Positive Displacement Pipettes

- Reverse pipetting available
- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
- Temperature controlled transfers
- Temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Positive-Displacement Pipette MR-100
 - Min volume: 10 µL
 - Max volume: 100 µL
- Positive-Displacement Pipette MR-1000
 - Min volume: 100 µL
 - Max volume: 1 mL
- Compatible and supported tips
 - 100 µL positive displacement tips, sterile
 - 1,000 µL positive displacement tips, sterile

RAININ POS-D
MR-100, MR-1000



ZERO DEAD
VOLUME TIPS



TRANSFERS

Syringes

- 1 to 60 mL max volume
- 2 different connection types: Luer-Lok and Luer-Slip
- Polyethylene barrel and polypropylene plunger syringes
- Luer-Slip
 - 1 mL disposable syringe
 - 50 mL disposable Luer-Slip syringe
- Luer-Lok
 - 3 mL sterile disposable syringe
 - 5 mL sterile disposable syringe
 - 10 mL Luer-Lok syringe
 - 20 mL disposable Luer-Lok syringe
 - 60 mL sterile disposable syringe
- Needles
 - 21 G x 1 in stainless steel single-use needle
 - 18 G x 4 in reusable stainless steel non-coring needle
 - 18 G x 6 in reusable stainless steel non-coring needle
 - 18 G x 12 in reusable stainless steel non-coring needle

SYRINGES



NEEDLES



AMPOULE
BREAKER



Ampoule Handling

- 1 to 2 mL
- 5 to 15 mL
- 20 to 30 mL

Solid Handling

Scoops & Spatulas

- Solid and powder transfer on mg/g/kg scale
- Spatulas
 - Micro spatulas with color-coded handles
 - Blade widths: 0.1, 0.3, 0.5, and 1.0 mm
 - Used for handling solids on the milligram scale
 - Disposable polypropylene, single-use
 - 14 cm, 21 cm, and 31 cm
 - Flat-round stainless steel
 - Flat-spoon stainless steel



ONE STAR STRAIGHT FLAT TIP TWEEZER



SILENT KNIGHT PILL CRUSHER



CHIPPING HAMMER



SCISSORS



Tweezers

- Original wafer tweezers
- Stainless steel and anti-magnetic
- Straight broad flat tips

Pill Crushers

- In-house tablet parameterization including determining samples
 - Tablet count
 - Tablet weight
- Compatible with a variety of tablet sizes and weights

Chipping Hammers

- Used to break resins/solids into smaller pieces for precise transfers by weight

Scissors

- Used for cutting and transferring fabrics by weight

Balances

Microbalances

- 1 µg to 6 g (± 1 µg)

Analytical Balances

- 100 µg to 220 g (± 100 µg)

Macro Balances

- 120 g to 6.2 kg (± 10 mg)

Bulk Balances

- 5 to 50 kg (± 10 g)



METTLER TOLEDO XP6



OHAUS PIONEER PA224 & PA124



OHAUS EX6202

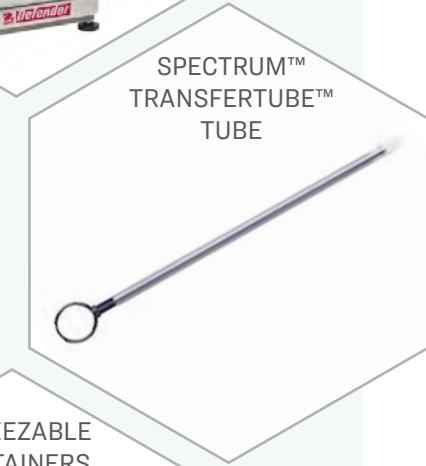


OHAUS DEFENDER D31P6OBL

Paste Handling

Transfer Tubes

- Used for gravimetric paste transfers in conjunction with an appropriate sized balance
- Polypropylene material
- Capacity per aspiration 4 mL
- 20 mm outer diameter, 153 mm length x 6 mm inner diameter



SPECTRUM™ TRANSFERTUBE™ TUBE

Squeezable Containers

- Used for gravimetric paste transfers in conjunction with an appropriate sized balance



SQUEEZABLE CONTAINERS

ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Experiment Peptide Synthesis []
Experiment PNASynthesis []

Robotic Peptide Synthesizer

- Compatible with Fmoc coupling strategies
- Customizable coupling times, reagent amounts, and cycles
- Customizable cleavage conditions
- Customizable reagents and monomers
- Customizable resuspension conditions
- Double coupling after n-monomers available
- Pre-activation available
- 5 to 100 μmol scale

Reaction Vessels

- Pressure push (nitrogen at 5 PSI) for flushing vessels
- 24x reaction vessels (12x with optional pre-activation)
- 10 mL vessels (~50 to 250 mg of resin) or 45 mL vessels (~50 mg to 1.125 g of resin)

Reagent Positions

- Driven by nitrogen pressurization of source bottles
- 28x 400 mL monomer positions
- 8x reagent bottle positions (1 L or 4 L bottles)
- 20 L of dimethylformamide (DMF) or other solvent containers

Experiment PCR []

Automated Thermocycler

- Temperature accuracy: $\pm 0.25^\circ\text{C}$ (between 35.0 and 99.9°C)
- Max block ramp rate: $3.5^\circ\text{C}/\text{sec}$
- Max sample ramp rate: $1.8^\circ\text{C}/\text{sec}$
- Temperature range: 4 to 105°C
- Temperature uniformity: $\pm 0.50^\circ\text{C}$ (20 sec after reaching 95°C)

Sample Constraints

- Plate format: 96-well PCR plate
- Sample volume: 10 to 100 μL



ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Experiment DNASynthesis []
Experiment RNASynthesis []

Robotic DNA Synthesizer

Synthesis Columns

- 40 nmol, 200 nmol, or 1 μmol scale ABI columns
- Standard or custom columns available
- 48x columns per batch

Reagents

- 8x standard phosphoramidate positions (standard or UltraMILD bases)
- 6x custom modification positions (any custom solution can be loaded)
- Positive pressure based delivery and draining (argon)

Synthesis Cycle

- Custom coupling times for each phosphoramidate and modification
- Double coupling after a programmable number of cycles
- Custom volumes and incubation durations available for each step in the cycle

Cleavage

- Heated or room temperature incubation with any custom cleavage cocktail for any programmable duration
- Purification by filter and washing (with programmable amounts of solvent)
- Optional neutralization and/or speedvacing or lyophilization of product
- Can leave strands uncleaved on support for further solid phase synthesis

Experiment Bioconjugation []

Bioconjugation

- Low-volume chemical linking of biomolecules including microbeads, oligomers, proteins, and antibodies
- Utilizes all available solid transfer, liquid transfer, and mixing instrumentation
- Biomolecule activation can be specified prior to conjugation
- Reaction quenching can be specified after conjugation
- Product workup including pelleting and filtering can be specified after conjugation

ABI 3900



HAMILTON STAR



SEPARATIONS

Experiment Solid Phase Extraction []

Small Robotic Liquid Handler

- 20 PSI pressure push (independent for each vessel)
- 0.1 to 100 mL/min flow rates for solvent pushes
- Up to 20 L of wash solvent per batch
- Up to 700 mL of equilibration buffer and elution buffer per batch
- Filter through 3 cc or 6 cc SPE cartridges
- Collects in SBS deep well plates



SEPARATIONS

Experiment HPLC []

Analytical HPLC with Photo Diode Array Detector

Quaternary Pump

- 0.1 to 2.2 mL/min flow rate
- 7,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Dynamic mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 5 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Detectors

- Absorbance diode array (PDA)
 - Deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 500 nm absorbance detection (1.2 nm resolution)
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 0.5 μ L volume
 - 1,000 PSI maximum pressure

Column Oven

- 20 to 90°C (\pm 0.1°C) incubation
- Up to 2 columns connected in series per run
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 15 mm maximum column outer diameter

Sample Constraints

- 75 μ L sample loop
- 250 μ L autosampler syringe
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 5 to 40°C (\pm 3°C)
- Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



SEPARATIONS

Analytical HPLC with Fluorescence Detector

Quaternary Pump

- 0.1 to 2.2 mL/min flow rate
- 7,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Dynamic mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 5 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Detectors

- Ultraviolet absorbance
 - Deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 700 nm wavelength range
 - Fused silica flow cell with 10 mm pathlength
 - 0.5 µL volume
 - 1,000 PSI maximum pressure
 - Up to 80 points/second sampling rate
- Fluorescence (FLR)
 - 13 µL flow cell volume
 - Up to 80 points/second sampling rate
 - 1,000 PSI maximum pressure
 - 200 to 890 nm for excitation light (xenon arc lamp source)
 - 210 to 900 nm for emission light

Column Oven

- 20 to 90°C (± 0.1°C) incubation
- Up to 2 columns connected in series per run
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 15 mm maximum column outer diameter

Sample Constraints

- 75 µL sample loop
- 250 µL autosampler syringe
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 5 to 40°C (± 3°C)
- Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



SEPARATIONS

Analytical HPLC with Evaporative Light Scattering Detector

Quaternary Pump

- 0.1 to 2.2 mL/min flow rate
- 7,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Dynamic mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 5 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Detectors

- Ultraviolet absorbance
 - Deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 700 nm wavelength range
 - Fused silica flow cell with 10 mm pathlength
 - 0.5 µL volume
 - 1,000 PSI maximum pressure
 - Up to 80 points/second sampling rate
- Evaporative Light Scattering (ELS)
 - Nitrogen sheath gas
 - Flow rate between 20 and 60 PSI
 - Heatable to varying magnitude
 - 2 mL/min maximum flow rate
 - Up to 80 points/second sampling rate
 - Drift tube up to 100°C
 - Tungsten halogen light source

Column Oven

- 20 to 90°C (± 0.1°C) incubation
- Up to 2 columns connected in series per run
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 15 mm maximum column outer diameter

Sample Constraints

- 75 µL sample loop
- 250 µL autosampler syringe
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 5 to 40°C (± 3°C)
- Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



SEPARATIONS

Semi-Preparative HPLC with UV/Vis Detector

Quaternary Pump

- 0.2 to 8 mL/min flow rate
- 300 PSI minimum pressure
- 4,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 20 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Column Oven

- 5 to 80°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 25 mm maximum column outer diameter

Detectors

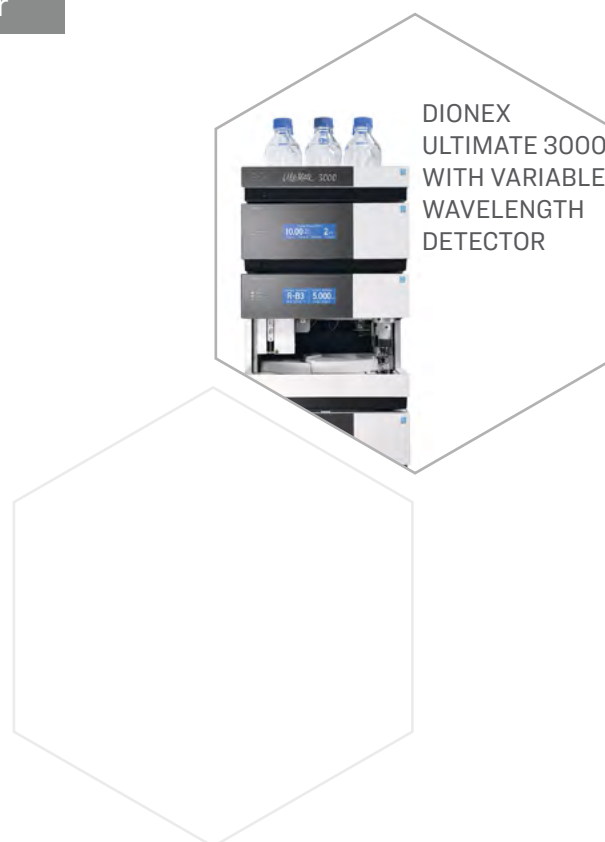
- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode
 - Tungsten deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 900 nm monochromator
 - 6 nm bandpass
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 11 μL volume
 - 725 PSI maximum pressure

Fraction Collection

- Absorbance-based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
- Up to 8x 96-well deep well plate fraction containers per batch

Sample Constraints

- 500 μL sample loop
- 500 μL autosampler syringe
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



SEPARATIONS

Semi-Preparative HPLC with Fluorescence Detector

Quaternary Pump

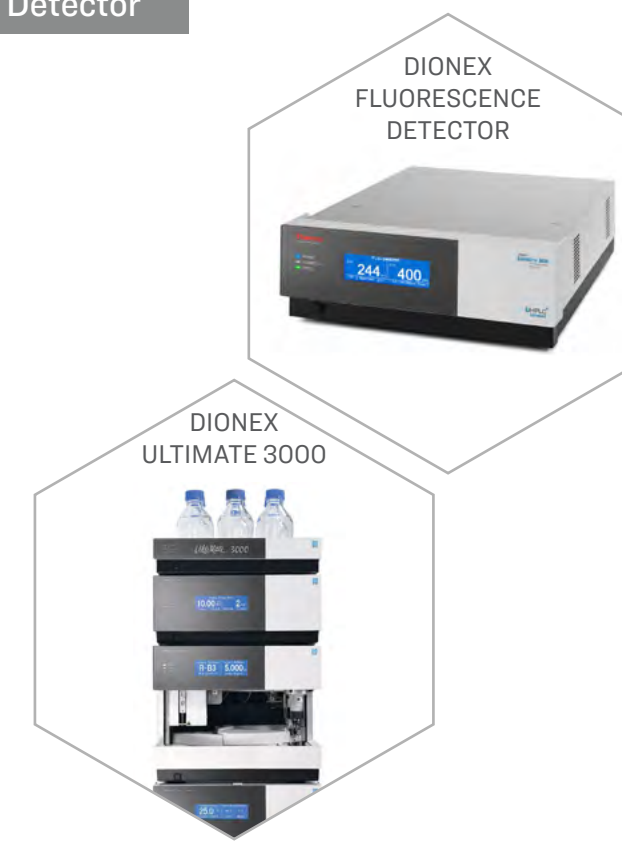
- 0.2 to 8 mL/min flow rate
- 300 PSI minimum pressure
- 4,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 20 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Column Oven

- 5 to 80°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 25 mm maximum column outer diameter

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode
 - Tungsten deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 900 nm monochromator
 - 6 nm bandpass
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 11 μL volume
 - 725 PSI maximum pressure
- Fluorescence
 - 8 μL flow cell volume
 - 290 PSI maximum pressure
 - 200 to 880 nm for excitation light (xenon flash lamp source)
 - 220 to 900 nm for emission light



Fraction Collection

- Absorbance-based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
- Up to 8x 96-well deep well plate fraction containers per batch

Sample Constraints

- 500 μL sample loop
- 500 μL autosampler syringe
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch

SEPARATIONS

Semi-Preparative HPLC with pH/Conductivity Detector

Quaternary Pump

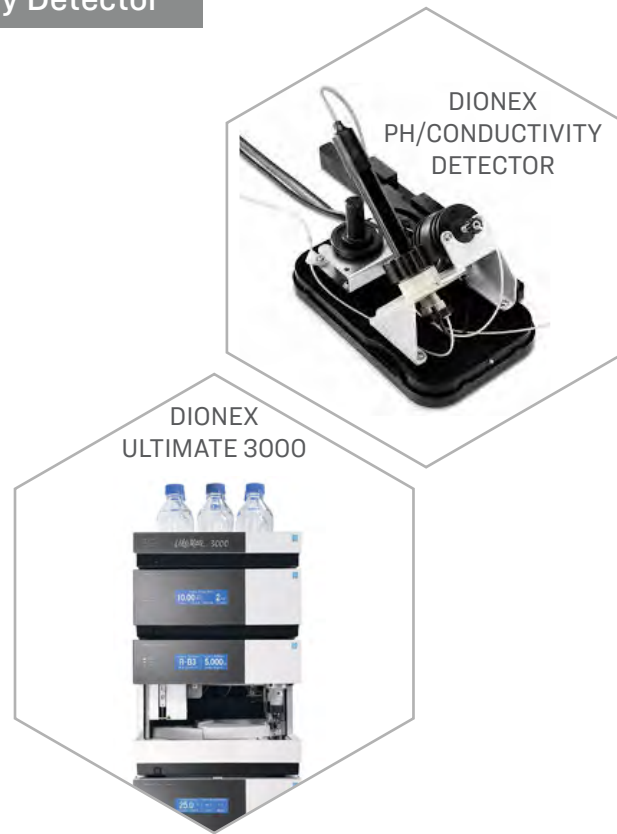
- 0.2 to 8 mL/min flow rate
- 300 PSI minimum pressure
- 4,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 20 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Column Oven

- 5 to 80°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 25 mm maximum column outer diameter

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode
 - Tungsten deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 900 nm monochromator
 - 6 nm bandpass
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 11 μL volume
 - 725 PSI maximum pressure
- pH
 - 28 μL flow cell volume
 - 100 PSI maximum pressure
 - 2 to 12 pH measurement range
 - Operating temperature between 4 and 50°C
- Conductivity
 - 21 μL flow cell volume
 - 725 PSI maximum pressure
 - 1 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ to 1 S/cm conductivity measurement range
 - Operating temperature between 4 and 50°C



Fraction Collection

- Absorbance-based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
- Up to 8x 96-well deep well plate fraction containers per batch

Sample Constraints

- 500 μL sample loop
- 500 μL autosampler syringe
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch

SEPARATIONS

Semi-Preparative HPLC with MALS/DLS Detectors

Quaternary Pump

- 0.2 to 8 mL/min flow rate
- 300 PSI minimum pressure
- 4,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 20 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Column Oven

- 5 to 80°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 25 mm maximum column outer diameter

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode
 - Tungsten deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 900 nm monochromator
 - 6 nm bandpass
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 11 μL volume
 - 725 PSI maximum pressure
- Multi-angle light scattering
 - Up to 36.6 points/sec sampling rate
 - 200 Da to 1,000 MDa molar mass range
 - 0.5 to 500 nm radius of gyration measurement range
 - Light scattering detectors at 18 angles
 - 658 nm laser wavelength
 - Operating temperature between -15 and 150°C
- Dynamic light scattering
 - Up to 36.6 points/sec sampling rate
 - 0.5 to 30 nm hydrodynamic radius measurement range



Fraction Collection

- Absorbance-based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
- Up to 8x 96-well deep well plate fraction containers per batch

Sample Constraints

- 500 μL sample loop
- 500 μL autosampler syringe
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch

SEPARATIONS

Semi-Preparative HPLC with Refractive Index Detectors

Quaternary Pump

- 0.2 to 8 mL/min flow rate
- 300 PSI minimum pressure
- 4,000 PSI maximum pressure
- 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 20 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Column Oven

- 5 to 80°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 25 mm maximum column outer diameter

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode
 - Tungsten deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 900 nm monochromator
 - 6 nm bandpass
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 11 μL volume
 - 725 PSI maximum pressure
- Refractive Index detector
 - 7.4 μL flow cell volume
 - Absolute Refractive Index (RI) measurement mode and Differential Refractive Index (DRI) measurement mode available
 - 1.2 to 1.8 RIU Absolute Refractive Index range
 - 0.002 RIU Absolute Refractive Index sensitivity
 - -0.0047 to +0.0047 RIU Differential Refractive Index range
 - $\pm 7.5 \times 10^{-10}$ RIU Differential Refractive Index sensitivity
 - Temperature range 4 and 65°C
 - 660 nm light source
 - Dynamic Range > 16,000,000



Fraction Collection

- Absorbance-based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
- Up to 8x 96-well deep well plate fraction containers per batch

Sample Constraints

- 500 μL sample loop
- 500 μL autosampler syringe
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



SEPARATIONS

Large Scale Preparative HPLC with UV/Vis Detector

Binary Pump

- Up to 200 mL/min flow rate
- 6,000 PSI maximum pressure
- In-line degasser
- 2 to 20 L buffer source bottles/carboys

Column Selector

- Ambient temperature
- Switchable for up to 6 columns

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Ultraviolet-Visible absorbance detector
 - Deuterium lamp
 - 190 to 950 nm wavelength range
 - 1 nm wavelength bandpass
 - Up to 120 samples/second measurement (25 samples/second for dual channel)
 - Quartz flow cell 10 mm pathlength
 - 13 μL volume
 - 1,740 PSI maximum pressure

Fraction Collection

- Valve-based fraction collector
- Triggered collection
 - Peak threshold
 - Time based
- Tube container collection
 - Ranging from 2 to 45 mL capacity

Sample Constraints

- 20 mL sample loop
- Up to 16 mL injection volume
- Up to 60x 50 mL conical tubes or 216x 15 mL conical tubes



SEPARATIONS

Experiment Gas Chromatography []

Gas Chromatography System

Flow System

- He carrier gas available
- Inlets available:
 - Split/Splitless capillary column inlet
 - Multimode temperature-programmable capillary column inlet
- Column head pressure up to 100 PSIG

Column Oven

- Temperature range: 30 to 450°C
- Up to 120°C/min temperature ramp
- Up to 2 capillary columns
- 0.53 mm maximum column inner diameter

Split/Splitless Capillary Inlet

- Suitable for capillary columns up to 0.53 mm inner diameter
- Split ratio up to 7,500:1 to prevent column overload
- Up to 1,250 mL/min total flow of He
- Inlet temperature 30 to 400°C

Multimode Capillary Inlet

- Suitable for capillary columns up to 0.53 mm inner diameter
- Split ratio up to 7,500:1 to prevent column overload
- Up to 1,250 mL/min total flow of He
- Inlet temperature 30 to 400°C
- Temperature programmable with ramp rates up to 900°C/min

Mass Spectrometry

- Single quadrupole mass spectrometer
- 1.6 to 1,050 m/z mass range
- 100 to 200°C quadrupole temperature
- 100 to 300°C ion source temperature
- 100 to 350°C transfer line temperature
- Scan speeds up to 12,500 m/z per second



- Electron ionization:
 - Dual filaments
- Chemical ionization:
 - Single filament
 - Methane reagent gas
 - Positive and negative mode

Flame Ionization Detector

- Responds to most organic compounds
- Minimum detectable level (for tridecane): < 1.2 pgC/s
- Linear dynamic range: > 10⁷ (± 10%)
- Up to 1,000 points/second data measurement

Autosampler Rail System

- Vortex mixing up to 2,000 RPM
- Sample incubation 30 to 200°C
- Liquid, headspace, and solid-phase microextraction sample preparation available
- 0.01 to 100 µL injection volumes for liquid injection
- 25 to 2,500 µL injection volumes for headspace injection
- Headspace syringe heating 40 to 150°C

SEPARATIONS

Experiment Supercritical Fluid Chromatography []

Supercritical Fluid Chromatography Instrument with Quadrupole Mass Spec

Quaternary Pump

- Up to 4 cosolvent solutions
- 0.1 to 3.3 mL/min flow rate
- 10,000 PSI maximum pressure
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 1 L cosolvent source bottles

Convergence Manager

- 2,000 to 6,000 PSI range for adjustable back pressure

Makeup Solvent Manager

- Up to 1 mL/min flow rate for makeup solvent

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode array detector
 - Deuterium lamp
 - Up to 80 points/second sampling rate
 - 190 to 800 nm absorbance detection (1.2 nm resolution)
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 1 µL volume
 - 1,000 PSI maximum pressure
- Mass spectrometer detector
 - Single quadrupole
 - Electrospray ionization (both positive and negative)
 - 50 to 1,200 m/z quadrupole mass range
 - 50 ms scan time per spectra
 - 25 to 150°C probe temperature range
 - 120°C source temperature
 - 0.3 to 1.5 kV capillary voltage
 - 0.1 to 100 V sampling cone voltage



Column Selector

- 20 to 90°C (± 0.1°C) incubation
- Up to 8 columns, switchable using valves
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 15 mm maximum column outer diameter

Sample Constraints

- 50 µL sample loop
- 250 µL autosampler syringe
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 5 to 40°C (± 3°C)
- Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch

SEPARATIONS

Experiment Ion Chromatography []

Ion Chromatography System

Pumps

- Dual channel system
 - Anion Channel: Isocratic pump with pure water being primary solvent
 - Cation Channel: Quaternary pump
- 0.1 to 10 mL/min flow rate
- 5,000 PSI maximum pressure
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser

Eluent Generator

- Electrolytic eluent generation for anionic applications
- 0.1 to 100 mM concentration

Dynamically Regenerated Suppressors

- Constant voltage and constant current mode
- Maximum suppressor capabilities:
 - Anion channel: 50 $\mu\text{eq}/\text{min}$
 - Cation channel: 35 $\mu\text{eq}/\text{min}$
- 0.25 to 0.75 mL/min flow rate

Conductance Detectors

- Passivated 316 stainless steel electrode
- Maximum range up to 15,000 μS conductance measurement
- 0.7 μL flow cell volume
- One detector for each channel
- Shared detection oven with 15 to 60°C ($\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$) incubation

Column Oven

- 10 to 70°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- One analytical column for each channel

Sample Constraints

- 10 μL sample loops
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 4 to 60°C



SEPARATIONS

Ion Chromatography System with Electrochemical Detector

Quaternary Pump

- Single channel system
- 0.1 to 10 mL/min flow rate
- 5,000 PSI maximum pressure
- Static mixer
- In-line degasser

Ultraviolet absorbance detector

- Tungsten and Deuterium lamp
- 190 to 900 nm wavelength range (up to four channels)
- 6 nm wavelength bandpass
- Up to 100 samples/second measurement
- PEEK flow cell
 - 10 mm path length
 - 11 μL flow cell volume

Electrochemical detector

- < 0.2 μL internal volume
- 100 PSI maximum pressure
- Gold, platinum, carbon and silver working electrodes
- pH-Ag/AgCl reference electrode

Column Oven

- 10 to 70°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation

Sample Constraints

- 25 μL sample loop
- Up to 40x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 4 to 60°C



Experiment FPLC []

Fast Protein Liquid Chromatography
System Medium and High Flow

System Pump & Mixer

- 0.001 to 25 mL/min flow rate (50 mL/min for column packing) for Avant 25
- 0.001 to 150 mL/min flow rate (300 mL/min for column packing) for Avant 150
- 20 MPa maximum pressure for Avant 25
- 5 MPa maximum pressure for Avant 150
- 1.4 L mixer volume
- $\pm 0.6\%$ gradient composition accuracy for Avant 25
- $\pm 0.8\%$ gradient composition accuracy for Avant 150

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
 - 0 to 20 MPa range
 - ± 0.02 MPa accuracy
- Temperature monitor
 - $\pm 1.5^\circ\text{C}$ temperature accuracy
- Conductance sensor
 - 0.01 mS/cm to 1 S/cm conductance range
 - 22 μL flow cell volume
- Absorbance monitor
 - 190 to 700 nm wavelength range in increments of 1 nm wavelength
 - Up to 3 simultaneous wavelengths
 - UV flow cell
 - 0.5 mm, 2 mm, or 10 mm pathlengths
 - 1 μL , 2 μL , or 8 μL volumes
 - Noise < 0.08 mAU
- pH monitor
 - 0 to 14 range
 - ± 0.1 pH unit (within pH 2 to 12)



Fraction Collection

- Absorbance-based or conductivity-based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
 - Start collection with sample application or within the gradient
- 50 mL container, 15 mL container, or 96-well deep well plate fraction collection

Sample Constraints

- Autosampler mode
 - 50 to 10,000 μL sample loop volume
 - 1,000 to 10,000 μL autosampler syringe
 - Up to 168x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plate per batch
 - Up to 12 large sample vials (10 mL) for preparative system
- Flow injection mode
 - Up to 50 mL to 4 L sample container volumes
 - Up to 5 containers
 - Controllable sample introduction rate (up to 150 mL/min)
- Superloop mode
 - 10 mL loop volume
 - Up to 50 mL to 4 L sample container volumes
 - Up to 5 containers

Fast Protein Liquid Chromatography
System Low Flow

System Pump & Mixer

- 0.1 to 10 mL/min flow rate
- 3,500 PSI maximum pressure
- Static mixer
- Titanium pump casing
- 250 mL to 5 L buffer source bottles

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
 - 0 to 20 MPa range
 - ± 0.02 MPa accuracy
- Conductance sensor
 - 0.01 mS/cm to 1 S/cm conductance range
 - 22 μL flow cell volume
- Absorbance Diode
 - Mercury lamp
 - 254 or 280 nm wavelength
 - 4 nm bandpass
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 2 mm pathlength
 - 2 μL volume
 - 580 PSI maximum pressure

Fraction Collection

- Absorbance based fraction collection methods
 - Absolute threshold
 - Derivative detection
 - Time based
- Up to 4x 96-well deep well plate fraction containers per batch

Sample Constraints

- 1,000 μL sample loop
- 1,000 μL autosampler syringe
- Up to 24x HPLC/CE vials or 1x SBS style deep well plate per batch

ÄKTAPURIFIER
UPC 10ÄKTAPURIFIER
UPC 10

SEPARATIONS

Experiment Capillary Gel Electrophoresis SDS []

Protein Capillary Electrophoresis System

- 10 to 270 KDa molecular weight range
- Programmable sample electrokinetic injection and separation
 - Up to 20 steps
 - 0 to 6,500 V
- Sequential analysis on a single capillary
- Samples can be held at 4°C, 10°C, 15°C, or ambient temperature while enqueued for injection

Detection

- UV absorbance: 220 nm
- Sensitivity: 0.3 µg/mL

Sample Constraints

- Minimum sample volume: 50 µL
- Up to 48 injections per batch
- Up to 12 injections per sample
- Up to 100 samples per cartridge
- Protein concentration: 0.2 to 2 mg/mL
- Salt concentration: up to 50 mM



SEPARATIONS

Experiment Capillary Isoelectric Focusing []

Protein Capillary Electrophoresis System

- 2.85 to 10.45 isoelectric point range
- Programmable focusing
 - Up to 20 steps
 - 0 to 5,000 V
- Modular ampholyte and internal standard composition
- Optional onboard mixing for sensitive samples
- Sequential analysis on a single capillary
- Samples can be held at 4°C, 10°C, 15°C, or ambient temperature while enqueued for injection

Detection

- Whole capillary imaging using a CCD
- Sensitivity
 - UV absorbance: 3 µg/mL
 - Native fluorescence: 0.7 µg/mL
- Detectors
 - UV absorbance: 280 nm
 - Native fluorescence:
 - Excitation: 280 nm
 - Emission: 320 to 405 nm bandpass

Sample Constraints

- Minimum sample volume: 50 µL
- Up to 100 injections per batch
- Up to 12 injections per sample
- Up to 100 samples per cartridge
- Protein concentration: ~0.2 mg/mL
- Salt concentrations: up to 15 mM



SEPARATIONS

Experiment CrossFlow Filtration []

Tangential Flow Filtration System

- Volume range of 10 mL to 2 L
- Filtration area of 13 to 3,700 cm²
- Digitally controlled peristaltic pump
- Digital pressure monitor
- Automatic backpressure valve
- Digital conductivity monitors

Miniaturized Tangential Flow Filtration System

- Volume range of 3 to 50 mL
- Filtration area of 11 cm²
- Disposable microfluidic chips
 - 5, 10, 30, 50, 100, and 300 kDa MWCO modified Polyethersulfone membranes
 - Diaphragm pump to move liquid across the membrane
- Digital pressure monitor
- Automatic volume tracking



REPLIGEN KROSFLO
KR2I TFF SYSTEM

FORMULATRIX
UPULSE - TFF

SEPARATIONS

Experiment Flash Chromatography []

Flash Chromatography System

Pumps

- 5 to 200 mL/min flow rate
- 200 MPa maximum pressure
- 2 buffers
 - 4 L maximum buffer volume each
- ±1% gradient composition accuracy

Detector

- Absorbance of UV
- 200 to 360 nm
- Up to three simultaneous measurements
 - Primary wavelength ±5 nm
 - Secondary wavelength ±5 nm
 - Average of a wide range of UV wavelengths
- Flow cell
- 0.1 mm path length
- 0.1 mL total flow cell volume
- 31 µL volume across detection path

Fraction Collection

- All fractions or just absorbance peaks
- Absorbance peak detection
 - Absolute threshold
 - Slope-based
- Collect only within specified time window
- 15 mL fraction collection tubes

Sample Constraints

- 0.1 to 25 mL



TELEDYNE
COMBIFLASH RF 200

SEPARATIONS

ExperimentPAGE []

ExperimentAgaroseGelElectrophoresis []

Robotic Gel Electrophoresis System

Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis

- Slab Gels
 - 4.5% and 10% TBE-Urea gels
 - 10% TBE gels
 - 7% and 12% Tris-Glycine gels
 - 5 mm width lanes
 - 3 mm depth gels
- Electrophoresis
 - 0 to 125 V
 - 1 to 100% duty cycle options
- Fluorescence Imaging
 - Post stained gels (stained with any custom solution)
 - Excitation filters
 - 470 nm (70 nm bandpass)
 - 625 nm (70 nm bandpass)
 - Emission filters
 - 540 nm (40 nm bandpass)
 - 678 nm (44 nm bandpass)
- Sample Constraints
 - Up to 20 μ L of sample and loading buffer per lane
 - Up to 10 lanes per gel
 - Up to 4 gels per batch



Agarose Gel Electrophoresis

- Gels
 - Analytics (no sample recovery) or size selection (targeted recovery of analytes of particular sizes)
 - 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, and 3.0% agarose
 - Independent lanes
- Electrophoresis
 - 100 V
 - 1 to 100% duty cycle options
- Fluorescence Imaging
 - Pre-stained markers ranging from 25 to 20,000 base pairs
 - Multiple in-run images
 - Excitation filters
 - 470 nm (70 nm bandpass)
 - 625 nm (70 nm bandpass)
 - Emission filters
 - 540 nm (40 nm bandpass)
 - 678 nm (44 nm bandpass)
- Sample Constraints (Size Selection)
 - Up to 50 μ L of sample and loading buffer per lane
 - Up to 12 lanes per gel
 - Up to 4 gels per batch
- Sample Constraints (Analytical)
 - Up to 8 μ L of sample and loading buffer per lane
 - Up to 23 lanes per gel
 - Up to 4 gels per batch

SEPARATIONS

ExperimentWestern []

ExperimentTotalProteinDetection []

Capillary Western Blot System

Capillary Gel Electrophoresis

- 2 to 440 kDa molecular weight range
- 0 to 500 V separation voltage
- UV capillary crosslinking for protein immobilization

Secondary Antibodies Available

- Secondary Antibodies Available
 - Goat Anti-Rabbit HRP
 - Goat Anti-Mouse HRP
 - Goat Anti-Human IgG HRP
 - Donkey Anti-Goat HRP

CCD Camera-Based Capillary Imaging

- 100 ms to 512 sec exposure times
- Up to picogram sensitivity (depending on the primary antibody sensitivity)

Capacity

- 13 or 25 capillaries per batch
- 5 to 8 μ L of sample required per capillary



SEPARATIONS

ExperimentDialysis[]

Static Dialysis

Beakers Available

- 250 mL, 600 mL, 1 L, and 2 L
- Incubation range 5 to 45°C (below ambient temperatures available for 250 mL beakers only)
- Buffer mixing available

Tube-Based Dialysis Kits

- 3.5k, 6 to 8k and 12 to 14k molecular weight cutoffs (MWCOs) available
- 10 µL to 20 mL sample volume range
- 4 to 60°C incubation range
- Up to 9 samples per batch

Dialysis Tubing

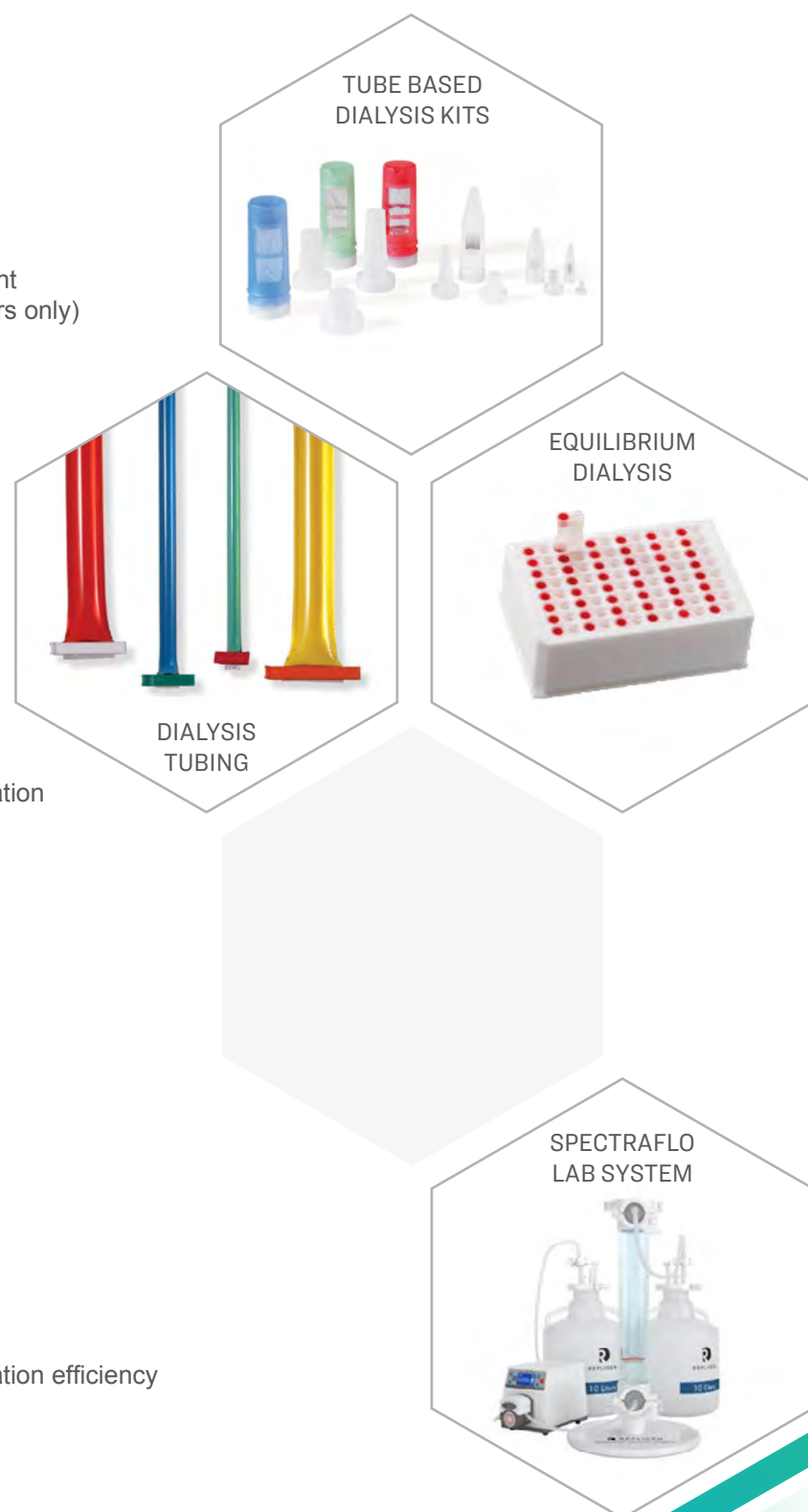
- 3.5k, 6 to 8k, and 12 to 14k MWCOs available
- 30 to 130 mL sample volume range
- Continuous buffer flow to increase separation efficiency
- 1 sample per batch

Equilibrium Dialysis

- 8 MWCO available
- 50 to 500 µL sample volume range
- 4 to 60°C incubation range
- Up to 48 samples per batch

Dynamic Dialysis

- 3.5k, 6k, and 12k MWCOs available
- 30 to 130 mL sample volume range
- Continuous buffer flow to increase separation efficiency
- > 90% protein recovery after dialysis
- 1 sample per batch



SEPARATIONS

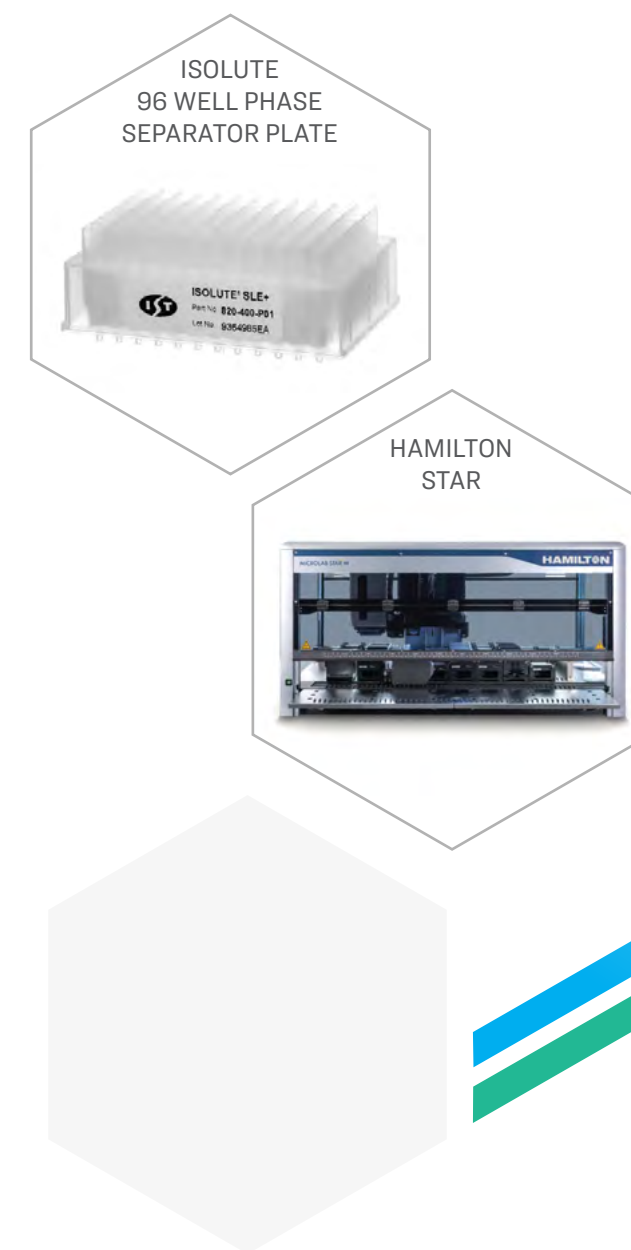
ExperimentLiquidLiquidExtraction[]

Robotic Phase Separator Plate

- Separates aqueous and organic phases via hydrophobic frit (allows organic phase to drain into collection plate)
- Requires denser organic phase compared to the aqueous phase
- Up to 2 mL sample volume per well

Robotic Pipette Extraction

- Removal of aqueous or organic phase via robotic pipettor
- Aqueous / Organic boundary layer approximated via solvent volumes added
- Up to 200 mL sample volume



Experiment Magnetic Bead Separation []

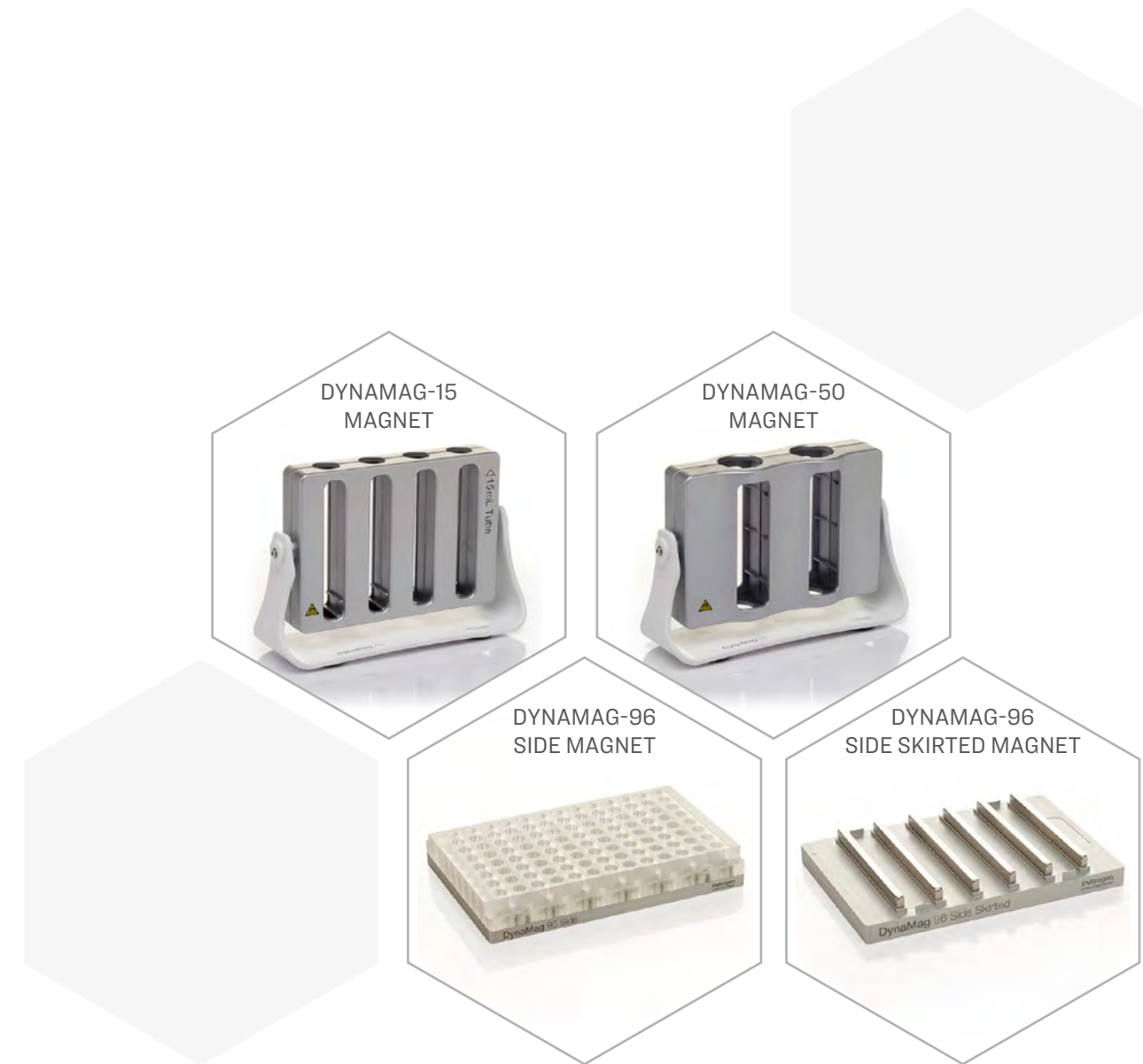
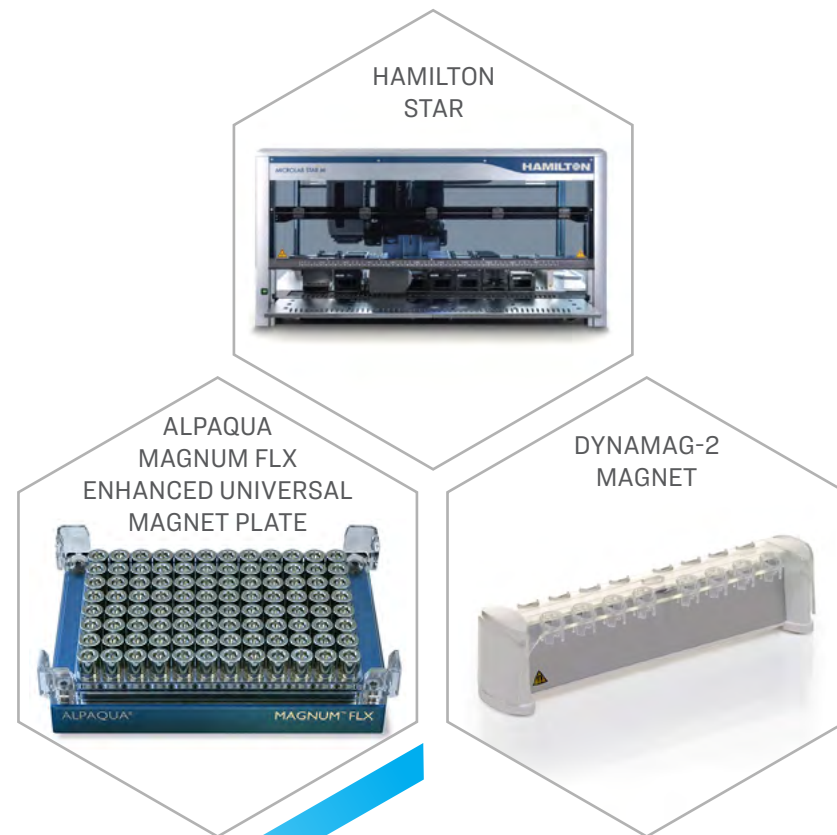
Magnetic Racks

Robotic Separation

- Performed by a Hamilton liquid handler with the Alpaqua Magnum FLX magnet
- Sample volume constraints
 - 96-well plate magnet: up to 2 mL

Manual Separation

- Performed by an operator with the DynaMag magnets
- Sample volume constraints
 - 96-well plate magnet: up to 0.2 mL
 - 2 mL tube magnet: up to 2 mL
 - 15 mL tube magnet: up to 15 mL
 - 50 mL tube magnet: up to 50 mL



SPECTROSCOPY

Experiment NMR [] Experiment NMR2D []

500 MHz NMR

11.74 T Magnet

- 500 MHz for ^1H
- 126 MHz for ^{13}C
- 202 MHz for ^{31}P
- 470 MHz for ^{19}F

Probe

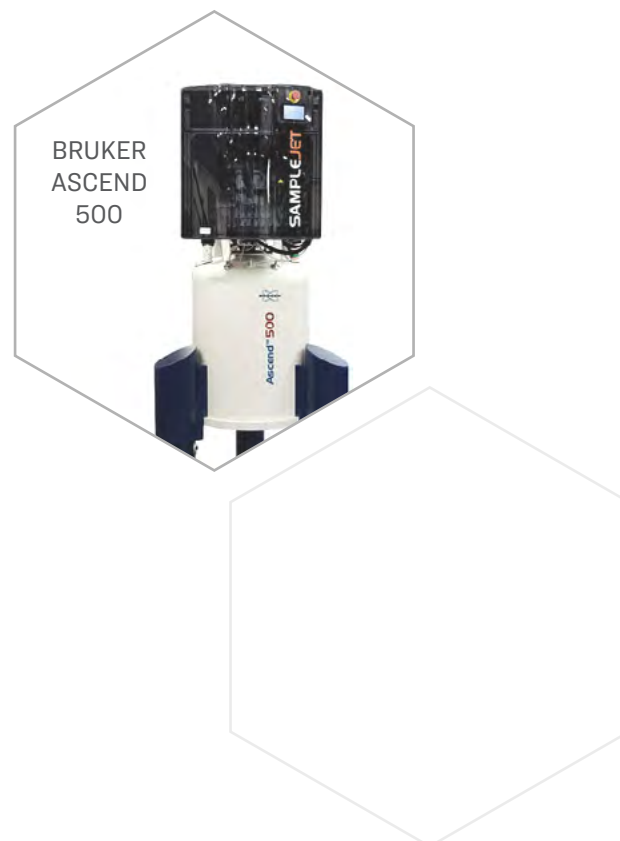
- SmartProbe $^1\text{H}/^{19}\text{F}/^{13}\text{C}/^{31}\text{P}$ 5 mm probe (-150°C to 150°C)
- Inverse Triple Resonance (TXI) $^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}/^{15}\text{N}$ 5 mm probe (-150°C to 150°C)

Autosampler

- 6 to 51°C incubation temperature
- 480 NMR tubes per batch
- Standard NMR tubes hold 600 μL to 1.5 mL
- Micro NMR tubes hold 40 μL

2D Experiment Types

- Correlation spectroscopy (COSY)
- Double-quantum filtered COSY
- COSY featuring a 45 degree pulse
- Total correlation spectroscopy (TOCSY)
- Heteronuclear single quantum correlation spectroscopy (HSQC, 1H-13C or 1H-15N)
- Heteronuclear multiple quantum correlation spectroscopy (HMQC)
- Heteronuclear multiple-bond correlation spectroscopy (HMBC, 1H-13C or 1H-15N)
- HSQC-TOCSY (1H-13C)
- HMQC-TOCSY (1H-13C)
- Nuclear Overhauser effect spectroscopy (NOESY)
- Rotating-frame Overhauser effect spectroscopy (ROESY)



SPECTROSCOPY

Experiment Absorbance Spectroscopy []

Microfluidic Spectrometer

Light Source

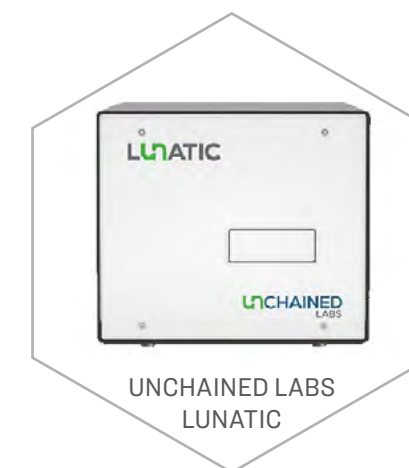
- Xenon flash lamp

Absorbance Detection

- 250 to 750 nm wavelength selection

Microfluidics

- Fixed path length (0.1 or 0.7 mm) allows for quantification
- Extremely low volumes required (2 μL)
- 96 samples per batch



Experiment Fluorescence Spectroscopy [] Experiment Luminescence Spectroscopy []

Multimode Plate Reader w/ Monochromators

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 340 to 740 nm excitation monochromator

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 340 to 740 nm emission monochromator
- Top or bottom of plate read mode

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature (25°C \pm 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 45°C incubation
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (6 to 1,536 well) per batch



Experiment Fluorescence Polarization []

Fluorescence Polarization Plate Reader

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- Dual high voltage PMT detectors
- 96-well and 384-well plate compatible
- Excitation Emission Filter Pairs
 - 485 nm, 520 nm
 - 540 nm, 590 nm
 - 625 nm, 675 nm
- Polarized Dual Simultaneous Emission Filters

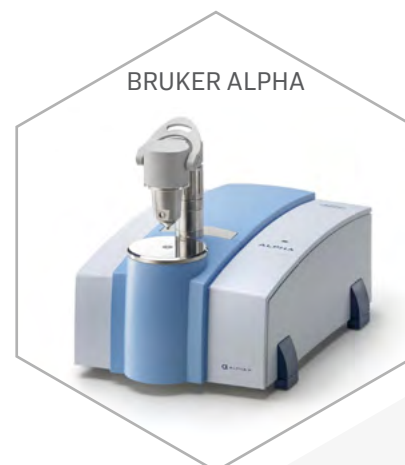


SPECTROSCOPY

Experiment IR Spectroscopy []

FTIR Spectrometer

- Deuterated TriGlycine Sulphate (DTGS) Detector
- 375 cm^{-1} to 7,500 cm^{-1} spectral range
- > 1,000:1 signal-to-noise ratio
- > 4 cm^{-1} spectral resolution
- Sample amounts from 20 to 70 μL or 20 to 70 mg required



Experiment Raman Spectroscopy []

Terahertz Raman Spectrometer

- -10 to -800 cm^{-1} anti-Stokes spectral range
- 10 to 2,800 cm^{-1} Stokes spectral range
- > 4 cm^{-1} spectral resolution
- Solids, liquids, and tablets analyzed

Optics

- 2, 4, 10, and 20x objective magnification or FloodLight for broad spot size
- Auto or manual focusing
- 785 nm laser wavelength
- 400 mW maximum laser power at sample

Sampling Patterns

- User definable sampling routines for intra-well measurements
 - Spiral
 - Filled spiral
 - Filled square
 - Grid
 - Rings
 - Coordinates
 - Single point



SPECTROSCOPY

Experiment Dynamic Light Scattering []

Multimode Spectrophotometer

Multimode Spectrophotometer

- Measurement in sealed quartz capillaries requires only 9 μL of sample
- Measure up to 48 samples in one experiment
- Measurable parameters include: Z-average diameter, polydispersity, isothermal stability (including B22, kD, and G22)

Dynamic Light Scattering

- 660 nm laser
- Avalanche photodiode module scattered light detector
- 0.3 to 1000 nm hydrodynamic radius range
- < 0.1 polydispersity
- 0.05 mg/mL minimum sample concentration
- 192 Da to 25 MDa molecular weight range

Thermodynamics

- Self-contained water-free temperature control system from 15 to 95°C
- TEC heating/cooling plate temperature control accuracy 1°C (at < 70°C) and 1.5°C (at > 70°C)

DLS Plate Reader

DLS Plate Reader

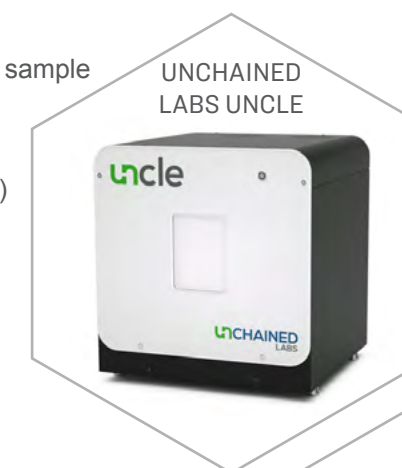
- Measurement in standard well plates, requires min. 25 μL of sample
- Measure up to 96 or 384 samples in one experiment
- Acquire images of samples in well plates
- Measurable parameters include: Z-average diameter, polydispersity, isothermal stability (including B22, kD, G22), molecular weight, aggregation temperature, melting temperature

Dynamic Light Scattering/Static Light Scattering

- 830 nm laser
- Linearized avalanche photodiode module scattered light detector, enables both dynamic and static light scattering
- 0.5 to 1000 nm hydrodynamic radius range
- 0.125 mg/mL minimum sample concentration for dynamic light scattering
- 1000 Da to 1 MDa molecular weight range for static light scattering

Thermodynamics

- Self-contained water-free temperature control system from 4 to 85°C
- TEC heating/cooling plate temperature control accuracy 0.5°C (at < 50°C) and 1.0°C (at > 50°C)



SPECTROSCOPY

ExperimentAbsorbanceKinetics []

ExperimentFluorescenceKinetics []

ExperimentLuminescenceKinetics []

ExperimentFluorescencePolarizationKinetics []

All Readers

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature (25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 45°C incubation
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (6 to 1,536 well) per batch

Sample Injection

- 2x 500 µL injection syringes per batch
- 50 µL dead volumes, 0.5 µL precision
- 25 mL/min maximum injection speed
- 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes, 15 mL conical tubes, or 50 mL conical tube sources

Multimode Plate Reader w/ Monochromators

- 96-well plate compatible

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 340 to 740 nm excitation monochromator
- 680 nm laser (AlphaScreen)

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 340 to 740 nm emission monochromator
- Top or bottom of plate read mode



SPECTROSCOPY

Multimode Plate Reader w/ Filters

- 96-well plate compatible

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 355 nm, 410 nm, 485 nm, 544 nm, 584 nm, 650 nm, or 700 nm fixed wavelength excitation filters (5 nm bandpass)

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 420 nm, 460 nm, 520 nm, 590 nm, 620 nm, or 750 nm fixed wavelength emission filters (5 nm bandpass)
- Top or bottom of plate read mode

Fluorescence Polarization Plate Reader

Sample Injection

- 2x 500 µL injection syringes per batch
- 50 µL dead volumes, 0.5 µL precision
- 25 mL/min maximum injection speed
- 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes, 15 mL conical tubes, or 50 mL conical tube sources

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature (25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 45°C incubation
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (6 to 1,536-well) per batch

Optics

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- High voltage PMT detector
- Top or bottom read mode

Polarization Filters

- Excitation (vertical), Emission (vertical), Emission (horizontal)
 - 485 nm, 520 nm, 520 nm
 - 540 nm, 590 nm, 590 nm
 - 625 nm, 675 nm, 675 nm

SPECTROSCOPY

ExperimentNephelometry[]
ExperimentNephelometryKinetics[]

Nephelometer

Sample Injection

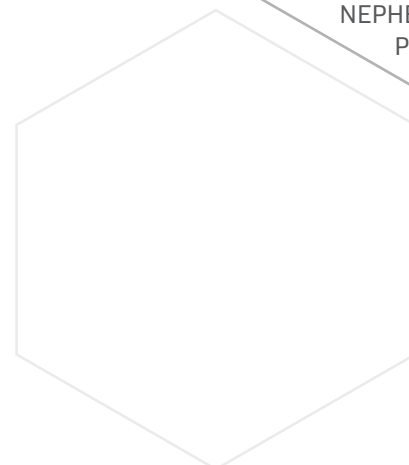
- 2x 500 μ L injection syringes
- 440 μ L/s maximum injection speed

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature to 65°C incubation
- Actively regulates O₂ and CO₂ to 0.1-20%
- Mix by shaking before read options

Optics

- 635 \pm 10nm 1mW self-monitoring laser diode
- 1.5 to 3.5 mm selectable beam width
- Side window photodiode detector
- Detects up to 80° full cone angle



SPECTROSCOPY

ExperimentCircularDichroism[]

Circular Dichroism Plate Reader

- Dual gratings monochromator
- 185 to 880 nm wavelength range (2 nm resolution)
- 96 well plate format
- 2 minute read time for plate (single wavelength)
- 1 hour read time for plate (full spectrum)
- 0.5 L nitrogen gas/min purge
- 45 μ L sample volume



MASS SPECTROMETRY

ExperimentMassSpectrometry []

ESI-QToF Mass Spectrometer

- High resolution, high mass accuracy mass spectrometer
- Conventional full-scan MS and MS/MS methods, data-dependent acquisition (DDA), as well as MS(E)

Electrospray Ionization (ESI) Ion Source

- 50 to 4,000 V ESI capillary voltage
- 1 to 200 V sampling cone voltage
- 60 to 18,000 L/hr cone gas flow rate
- 60 to 72,000 L/hr desolvation gas flow rate

Quadrupole, Time of Flight (QToF) Mass Analyzer

- 20 to 100,000 m/z ToF mass range
- 20 to 16,000 m/z quadrupole mass range
- 1 ppm RMS accuracy
- 22,500 FWHM mass resolution
- 2.46 kV (-1.8 kV grid) dual stage reflectron
- 25.2 μ Pa high vacuum pressure ToF Tube
- 350 V ion guide electrostatic lens
- Up to 30 spectra per second

Collision Cell

- 0 to 255 V collision cell voltage
- Argon collision cell gas
- 42.6 mPa high vacuum pressure collision cell

Sample Constraints

- Direct injection
 - Sample volume range: 0.5 to 30 mL
 - 2 mL HPLC vials or 30 mL reservoir bottles
 - Maximum of 20 samples per batch
- Autosampler-aided direct infusion
 - 75 μ L sample loop for analytical flow, 10 μ L for micro/nano flow
 - Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



MASS SPECTROMETRY

ESI-QQQ Mass Spectrometer

- Standard triple quadrupole functions like MRM, precursor, neutral loss, and product ion scan
- QTRAP functionality allows for MS3 (MS/MS/MS)
- Enhanced scanning modes possible such as enhanced mass scans (EMS), enhanced resolution scans (ER), and enhanced product ion scans (EPI)
- 6 orders of magnitude dynamic range

Electrospray Ionization (ESI) Ion Source

- IonDrive Turbo V Ionization Source (NanoSource optional)
- 5 msec polarity switching in MRM and scheduled MRM modes
- Up to 4,500 V ion spray voltage
- Up to 750°C ion source temperature

Coupled LC system

- Waters Acquity UPLC I-Class System

Triple Quadrupole Mass Analyzer

- 20,000 Da/s scan speed and full scan linear ion trap sensitivity
- 5 to 2,000 m/z triple quadrupole mass range
- 50 to 2,000 m/z linear ion trap mass range
- Dual stage IonDrive QJet ion guide (non-funnel)
- Nitrogen collision cell for fragmentation
- Low, unit, and high resolution for Q1 and Q3



MALDI-ToF Mass Spectrometer

- Mass resolution up to 2,000 (at m/z of 1,500)
- Sensitivity down to 500 fmol BSA (66 kDa) with < 50 S/N
- Mass accuracy of < 30 ppm (internal calibration)
- Negative or positive ion modes
- Up to 500 kDa mass range

Laser Ionization Source

- 337 nm wavelength
- 60 Hz laser frequency
- 3 ns pulse width
- 9 mW power
- 1 to 1,000 shots per well

Time of Flight (ToF) Mass Analyzer

- 75 cm length ToF tube
- 2 μ Bar high vacuum
- Up to 20 kV accelerating voltage
- Up to 20 kV grid voltage
- 0.05 to 10 kV electrostatic lens voltage
- Up to 5,000 ns delay time

Sample Constraints

- Up to 2 μ L of sample per well
- Up to 2 μ L of calibrant per well
- 96 wells per experiment



Experiment ICPMS []

ICP Mass Spectrometer

Sample Introduction

- Makeup solvent available
- Microwave digestion available
- Nebulizer spray chamber

Mass Analyzer

- 4.6 to 245 m/z Quadrupole mass range
- 0.3 to 1 m/z mass resolution
- Up to 10,000 scans per second

Sample Constraints

- Up to 15 mL injection volume
- Accommodates two types of sample vials
 - 15 mL vials: up to 60
 - 50 mL vials: up to 8



Experiment LCMS []

Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectrometer

Liquid Chromatography

- Analytical HPLC
 - 0.1 to 2.2 mL/min flow rate
 - 0.01 inch inner diameter PEEK system tubing
 - Up to 7,000 PSI operating pressure
 - In-line degasser
 - Photo diode array detector
 - 190 to 500 nm absorbance
 - 0.5 µL volume
 - 5 to 90°C (± 0.1°C) column compartment temperature range
 - Up to two columns connected in series up to 300 mm maximum in length (15 mm maximum outer diameter)

Analytical QToF

- Analytical QToF
 - High resolution, high mass accuracy mass spectrometer
 - Conventional full-scan MS and MS/MS methods, data-dependent acquisition (DDA), as well as MS(E) acquisition modes
 - 20 to 100,000 m/z ToF mass range
 - 20 to 16,000 m/z quadrupole mass range
 - 22,500 FWHM mass resolution
 - 1 ppm RMS accuracy
 - Up to 30 spectra per second



Analytical QQQ

- Analytical QQQ
 - Performs standard triple quadrupole functions like MRM, precursor, neutral loss, and product ion scan
 - Enhanced scanning modes possible such as MS3, enhanced mass scans (EMS), enhanced resolution scans (ER), and enhanced product ion scans (EPI)
 - 5 to 2,000 m/z triple quadrupole mass range
 - 50 to 2,000 m/z linear ion trap mass range
 - 6 orders of magnitude dynamic range
 - 5 msec polarity switching in MRM and scheduled MRM modes
 - 20,000 Da/s scan speed
 - Full scan linear ion trap sensitivity

Sample Constraints

- 75 µL sample loop for analytical LC, 10 µL sample loop for micro/nano LC
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 5 to 40°C (± 3°C)
- Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch



MASS SPECTROMETRY

Experiment GCMS []

Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometer

Flow System

- He carrier gas available
- Inlets available:
 - Split/Splitless capillary column inlet
 - Multimode temperature-programmable capillary column inlet
- Column head pressure up to 100 PSIG

Column Oven

- Temperature range: 30 to 450°C
- Up to 120°C/min temperature ramp
- Up to 2 capillary columns
- 0.53 mm maximum column inner diameter

Split/Splitless Capillary Inlet

- Suitable for capillary columns up to 0.53 mm inner diameter
- Split ratio up to 7,500:1 to prevent column overload
- Up to 1,250 mL/min total flow of He
- Inlet temperature 30 to 400°C

Multimode Capillary Inlet

- Suitable for capillary columns up to 0.53 mm inner diameter
- Split ratio up to 7,500:1 to prevent column overload
- Up to 1,250 mL/min total flow of He
- Inlet temperature 30 to 400°C
- Temperature programmable with ramp rates up to 900°C/min

Mass Spectrometry

- Single quadrupole mass spectrometer
- 1.6 to 1,050 m/z mass range
- 100 to 200°C quadrupole temperature
- 100 to 300°C ion source temperature
- 100 to 350°C transfer line temperature
- Scan speeds up to 12,500 m/z per second



- Electron ionization:
 - Dual filaments
- Chemical ionization:
 - Single filament
 - Methane reagent gas
 - Positive and negative mode

Autosampler Rail System

- Vortex mixing up to 2,000 RPM
- Sample incubation 30 to 200°C
- Liquid, headspace, and solid-phase microextraction sample preparation available
- 0.01 to 100 µL injection volumes for liquid injection
- 25 to 2,500 µL injection volumes for headspace injection
- Headspace syringe heating 40 to 150°C

MASS SPECTROMETRY

Experiment Supercritical Fluid Chromatography []

Supercritical Fluid Chromatography Instrument with Quadrupole Mass Spec

Quaternary Pump

- Up to 4 cosolvent solutions
- 0.1 to 3.3 mL/min flow rate
- 10,000 PSI maximum pressure
- In-line degasser
- Titanium pump casing with sapphire pump heads
- 250 mL to 1 L cosolvent source bottles

Convergence Manager

- 2,000 to 6,000 PSI range for adjustable back pressure

Makeup Solvent Manager

- Up to 1 mL/min flow rate for makeup solvent

Detectors

- Pump pressure sensor
- Column temperature sensor
- Absorbance diode array detector
 - Deuterium lamp
 - Up to 80 points/second sampling rate
 - 190 to 800 nm absorbance detection (1.2 nm resolution)
 - Quartz flow cell
 - 10 mm pathlength
 - 1 µL volume
 - 1,000 PSI maximum pressure
- Mass spectrometer detector
 - Single quadrupole
 - Electrospray ionization (both positive and negative)
 - 50 to 1,200 m/z quadrupole mass range
 - 50 ms scan time per spectra
 - 25 to 150°C probe temperature range
 - 120°C source temperature
 - 0.3 to 1.5 kV capillary voltage
 - 0.1 to 100 V sampling cone voltage



Column Selector

- 20 to 90°C ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$) incubation
- Up to 8 columns, switchable using valves
- 300 mm maximum column length
- 15 mm maximum column outer diameter

Sample Constraints

- 50 µL sample loop
- 250 µL autosampler syringe
- Sample chamber temperature controlled from 5 to 40°C ($\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$)
- Up to 48x HPLC/CE vials or 2x SBS style deep well plates per batch

BIOASSAYS

Experiment ELISA []

Robotic ELISA Device

Detection

- Absorbance
 - CCD detector
 - 220 to 1,000 nm wavelength selection
- Excitation
 - Xenon flash lamp
 - 1 to 100 flashes per well
 - 320 to 740 nm excitation monochromator
- Emission
 - High voltage PMT detector
 - 320 to 850 nm emission monochromator

Incubation

- 4 to 50°C temperature control
- Shaking 0 to 2,500 RPM

Washing

- 8-channel or 96-channel washer
- Up to 4 buffers switching



BIOASSAYS

Experiment Capillary ELISA []

Capillary ELISA Device

- All incubation, washing, and detection steps are automated
- 72 samples with 1 analytes, or 32 samples with up to 8 analytes
- Built-in duplicate or triplicate measurement per sample
- 25 μ L volume required per sample
- 4 to 5 logs of dynamic range
- 75 minute run time



Experiment qPCR []

qPCR Thermocycler

Excitation Filters

- 470 nm (15 nm bandwidth)
- 520 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 550 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 580 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 640 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 662 nm (10 nm bandwidth)

Emission Filters

- 520 nm (15 nm bandwidth)
- 558 nm (12 nm bandwidth)
- 587 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 623 nm (14 nm bandwidth)
- 682 nm (14 nm bandwidth)
- 711 nm (12 nm bandwidth)

Halogen Lamp Reaction Conditions

- 4 to 100°C temperature range
- 204°C/min maximum temperature ramp rate
- Programmable thermal cycle program (up to 100 cycles)
- Reactions in 384-well plates or array cards



Experiment BioLayer Interferometry []

Bio-Layer Interferometer (BLI)

Instrument Details

- 8 parallel channels per read
- Sample temperature range: 15 to 40°C
- Orbital flow capacity: Static or 100 to 1,500 RPM
- Uses commercially available bio-probes
- Baseline noise: < 3 pm

Experiment Types

- Kinetics
 - Measure association and dissociation rates
 - Up to 12 samples per plate
- Quantitation
 - Measure analyte concentration
 - Up to 96 samples per plate
- Epitope binning/cross-blocking
 - Determine modes of interaction through analyte competition
 - Up to 8 samples per plate

Detection Range

- Analyte molecular weight: > 150 Da
- Affinity range: 1 mM to 10 pM
- Association rate range: 10^1 to 10^7 $M^{-1} s^{-1}$
- Dissociation rate range: 10^{-6} to 10^{-1} s^{-1}

Sample Constraints

- Sample input format: 96-well
- Minimum sample volume: 180 μ L
- Recoverable samples/non-destructive analysis
- Sample types:
 - Proteins/Peptides
 - Small molecules/Fragments
 - Oligonucleotides/DNA/RNA
 - Virus-like particles
 - Antibodies
 - Serum containing media
 - DMSO containing buffers
 - Crude cell lysates



Experiment Digital PCR []

Digital PCR System

- Up to 480 samples per run
- Absolute quantification of DNA/RNA targets
- Dynamic range: 0.25 to 5,000 targets per μL sample
- Multiplexing with 4 detection channels per sample
- Multiplex up to 8 targets per sample with amplitude multiplexing

Sample Constraints

- 20 μL sample volume
- 96-well plate format
- Fluorescent probe-based detection

Droplet Generation

- In-plate microfluidics for droplet formation
- Up to 20,000 nanoliter-sized droplets per sample
- Droplet generation for 16 wells in parallel

Thermocycling

- 100°C maximum temperature
- 150°C/min maximum temperature ramp rate
- Programmable temperature gradient over columns
- Programmable thermal cycling (Up to 99 cycles)

Droplet Reading

- Sample illumination: LED
 - 505 nm (30 nm bandwidth)
 - 622 nm (15 nm bandwidth)
- Detector: Multi-pixel Photon Counter
- Emission filters
 - 538 nm (25 nm bandwidth)
 - 572 nm (40 nm bandwidth)
 - 662 nm (40 nm bandwidth)
 - 720 nm (60 nm bandwidth)



Experiment Western []
Experiment Total Protein Detection []

Capillary Western Blot System

Capillary Gel Electrophoresis

- 2 to 440 kDa molecular weight range
- 0 to 500 V separation voltage
- UV capillary crosslinking for protein immobilization

Secondary Antibodies Available

- Secondary Antibodies Available
 - Goat Anti-Rabbit HRP
 - Goat Anti-Mouse HRP
 - Goat Anti-Human IgG HRP
 - Donkey Anti-Goat HRP

CCD Camera-Based Capillary Imaging

- 100 ms to 512 sec exposure times
- Up to picogram sensitivity (depending on the primary antibody sensitivity)

Capacity

- 13 or 25 capillaries per batch
- 5 to 8 μL of sample required per capillary



Experiment DNA Sequencing []

Genetic Analyzer

- Accurate reads of DNA templates up to 900 base pairs by Sanger sequencing
- 10 to 100 μL volume
- 96-well plate format
- All-in-one capillary cartridge containing universal polymer, anode buffer, and capillaries for easy experimental set-up
- Run times returning high quality reads in as little as 30 minutes



Experiment Fragment Analysis []

Multiplexed Capillary Electrophoresis System

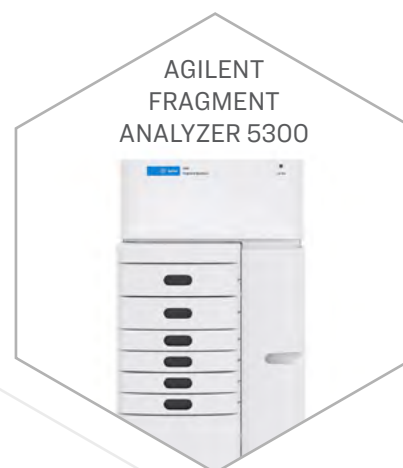
- Automated parallel capillary electrophoresis for high throughput and reliable quality control of nucleic acid samples
- Qualitative and quantitative analysis, including DQN and RQN analysis
- Wide size range
 - 1 to 20,000 bp range for DNA samples
 - 15 to 6,000 nt range for RNA samples
- Customizable template Analysis Methods optimized based on sample properties

Capillary Array

- 96-capillary array bundle
- Versatile short capillary array (33 cm)

Sample Constraints

- Up to 96 samples in a 96-well plate format
- 2 μL sample volume
- High sensitivity range
 - Standard ($\text{ng}/\mu\text{L}$)
 - High ($\text{pg}/\mu\text{L}$)



Experiment Differential Scanning Calorimetry []

Differential Scanning Calorimeter

- Capillary based liquid sample cells
- 500 to 700 μL sample and reference cell volume
- 10°C per hour to 300°C per hour temperature scan rate
- 1°C minimum temperature to 140°C maximum temperature ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$ precision)
- 1.25 $\mu\text{Cal}/^\circ\text{C}$ energy repeatability

Autosampler

- Sample incubation at 4 to 40°C
- 6x SBS plates per batch



Experiment UV Melting []

UV/Vis Spectrometer with Thermal Controller

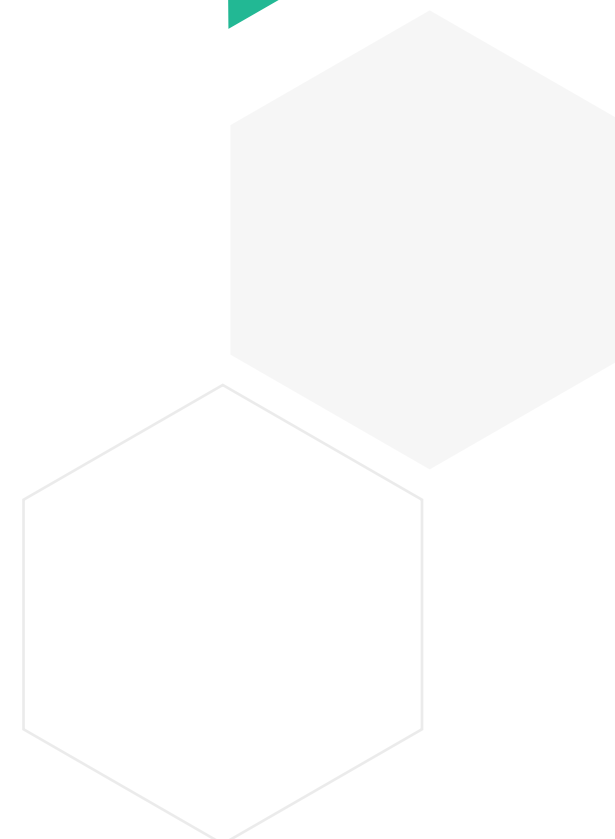
- Simultaneously scan a full wavelength range, on 8 channels, in less than a second
- Each pair of cuvettes can be held at a different temperature: Perform 4 different temperature experiments at the same time
- Simultaneously measure standards, samples, and controls under exactly the same conditions
- Measurement modules do not contain any moving parts (permanent optical alignment)

Absorbance Detection

- Photometric system: Double beam with rear beam access
- Long-life xenon flashlamp source
- 250 points per second data collection rate
- 190 to 1,100 nm wavelength range (limiting resolution 0.1 nm, wavelength accuracy ± 0.2 nm)
- 150,000 nm/min maximum scan rate
- Tightly-controlled beam geometry (< 1.5 mm at sample interface)
- Silicon photodiode detectors for simultaneous measurement of all channels
- 8 cuvette positions can be measured simultaneously

Thermodynamics

- Temperature control system is self-contained, integrated, and air-cooled
- Water-free temperature cycling from 0 to 110°C
- Peltier block probe $\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$ temperature accuracy
- Sample probe $\pm 0.25^\circ\text{C}$ temperature accuracy
- $< \pm 0.15^\circ\text{C}$ cell to cell variation
- Maximum ramp rate 40°C/min
- Minimum ramp rate 0.1°C/min
- 1, 2, or 4 independently controlled temperature zones



Experiment Thermal Shift []

qPCR Thermocycler

Excitation Filters

- 470 nm (15 nm bandwidth)
- 520 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 550 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 580 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 640 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 662 nm (10 nm bandwidth)

Emission Filters

- 520 nm (15 nm bandwidth)
- 558 nm (12 nm bandwidth)
- 587 nm (10 nm bandwidth)
- 623 nm (14 nm bandwidth)
- 682 nm (14 nm bandwidth)
- 711 nm (12 nm bandwidth)

Halogen Lamp Reaction Conditions

- 4 to 100°C temperature range
- 204°C/min maximum temperature ramp rate
- Programmable thermal cycle program (up to 100 cycles)
- Reactions in 384-well plates



Multimode Spectrophotometer

- Simultaneously measure fluorescence spectra and static light scattering of samples enabling assessment of melting point and aggregation point
- Measurement in sealed quartz capillaries requires only 9 µL of sample
- Measure up to 48 samples in one experiment including standards, samples, and controls

Fluorescence and Static Light Scattering Detection

- 266 nm and 473 nm laser light sources with neutral density filtering available
- CCD spectrometer at full 250 to 750 nm spectral range simultaneously detects fluorescence emission spectra and static light scattering intensity at 266 nm and 473 nm
- Melting point precision < 2% CV
- Static light scattering resolution can detect ~15 kDa change in mean molecular mass

Thermodynamics

- Temperature control system is self-contained
- Water-free temperature cycling from 15 to 95°C
- TEC heating/cooling plate temperature control accuracy 1°C (at < 70°C) and 1.5°C (at > 70°C)
- Maximum ramp rate 10°C/min
- Minimum ramp rate 0.1°C/min

UNCHAINED
LABS UNCLE



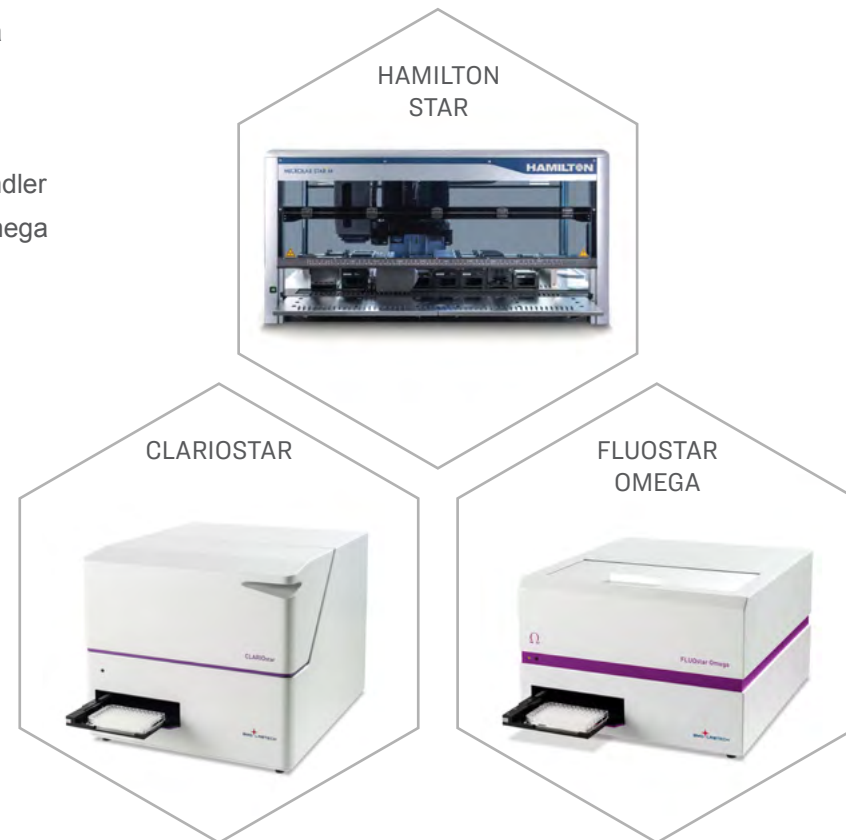
ExperimentTotalProteinQuantification[]

Total Protein Quantification

- Absorbance- and fluorescence-based assays
- Customizable excitation and quantification wavelengths
- Protein quantification between 0.025 and 2 mg/mL
- Between 5 and 25 μ L of sample required
- Bovine serum albumin or bovine gamma globulin standards

Instrumentation

- Reagent preparation, plate loading, and mixing performed on Hamilton liquid handler
- Absorbance measured on FLUOstar Omega plate reader
- Fluorescence measured on CLARIOstar plate reader



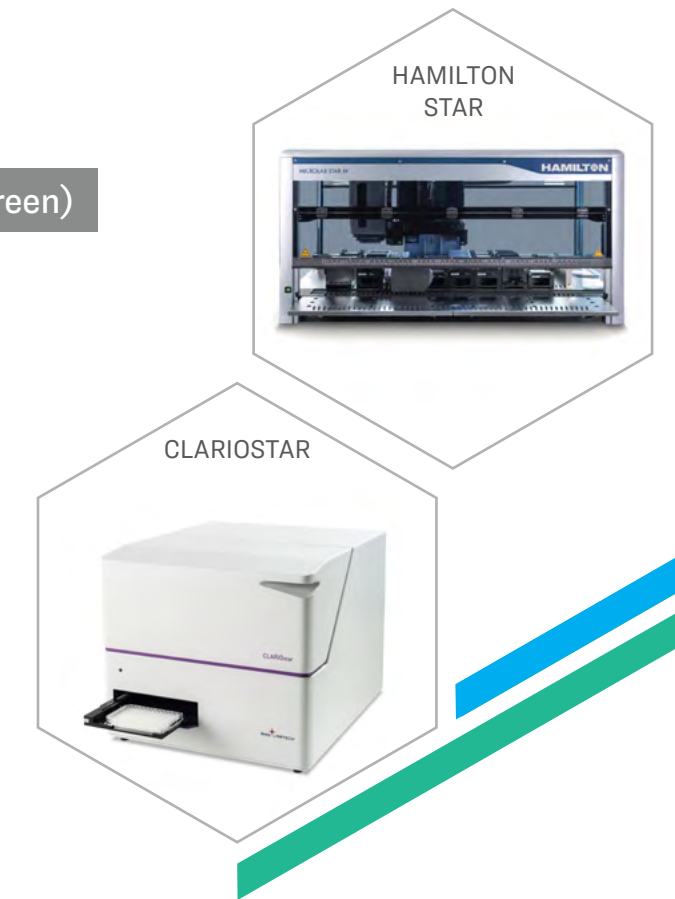
ExperimentAlphaScreen[]

Amplified Luminescent Proximity Homogenous Assay Screen (AlphaScreen)

- Bead-based assay
- AlphaScreen laser and filter sets
- Selection of beads with a variety of affinity tags
- Support 96- or 384-well plate format
- 10 to 160 μ L assay volume

Assays Available

- Screen Optimization
- Interaction Characterization
- Interaction Inhibitor Screen
- Interaction Inhibitor Dose Response
- Enzyme Activity Characterization
- Enzyme Inhibitor Screen
- Enzyme Inhibitor Dose Response
- Linker Screen
- Sample Quantification



ExperimentBioconjugation[]

Bioconjugation

- Low-volume chemical linking of biomolecules including microbeads, oligomers, proteins, and antibodies
- Utilizes all available solid transfer, liquid transfer, and mixing instrumentation
- Biomolecule activation can be specified prior to conjugation
- Reaction quenching can be specified after conjugation
- Product workup including pelleting and filtering can be specified after conjugation



CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

ExperimentPowderXRD []
ExperimentSingleCrystalXRD []

Cryo X-Ray Diffractometer

X-Ray Generation

- Copper rotating anode source
- 1,200 W X-ray beam (1.5406 Å wavelength)

Detection

- Hybrid Photon Counting detector
- Detector distance from X-ray source controllable from 30 to 180 mm
- Detector rotation relative to X-ray source controllable from -50 to +81 degrees

Sampling

- Powder sampling in X-ray transparent plate
 - Up to 96 samples per batch
 - Sample rotation relative to X-ray source controllable from -17 to +17 degrees
 - Rotation of sample and detector during data collection
- Powder and single-crystal sampling on loop
 - Temperature range from -190 to 126°C
 - Rotation of detector and sample along multiple axes during data collection



CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

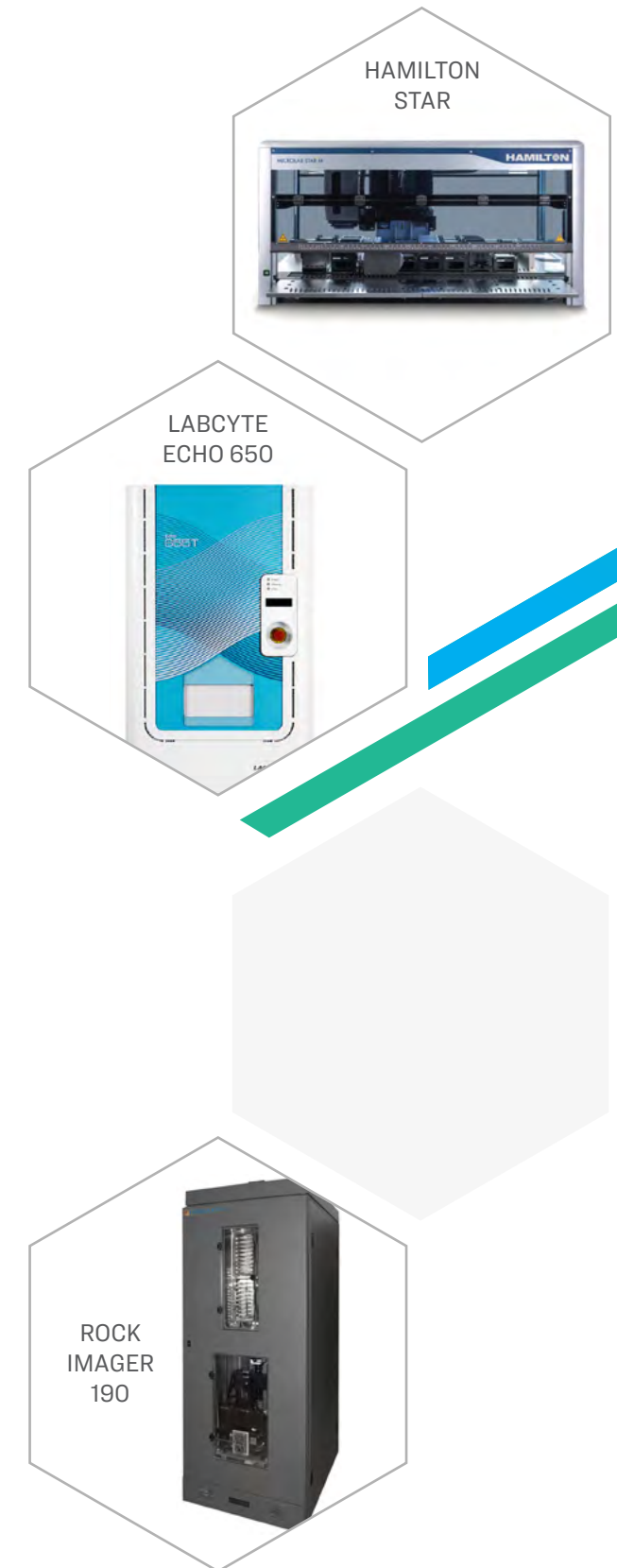
ExperimentGrowCrystal []

Liquid Handler

- Proficient in automated setup of precise nanoliter-scale and microliter-scale crystallization conditions
- Compatible with a wide variety of SBS format crystallization plates, up to 576 unique crystallization conditions per plate
- Compatible with Vapor Diffusion and Microbatch techniques

Crystal Incubator with built-in Imager

- Capable of storing and monitoring 190 SBS format plates
- Precise temperature control
- Capable of multiple Imaging Modes: Visible Light Imaging, Cross Polarized Imaging, UV imaging
- Capable of auto focusing and focus stacking



SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentMix []

ExperimentIncubate []

Overhead Mixer

- Stainless IKA steel stirrers
- 50 to 1,000 RPM stir rate
- Available for 100 mL glass bottles to 20 L carboys volume ranges
- Room temperature (22°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 500°C temperature control
- -10°C to room temperature control

Vortex

Tube

- 600 to 3,200 RPM
- Available for 1 to 50 mL volume ranges
- Holds 6x 50 mL tube, 12x microcentrifuge tube, 6x 15 mL tube
- Holds 4x 50 mL tubes, 4x 15 mL tubes
- Holds 4x 100 mL glass bottles

Microplate

- 100 to 3,200 RPM
- Holds 4x microplates
- Room temperature (22°C) to 70°C in 0.1°C increments
- Heated lid to prevent condensation

Tube & Microplate

- -20 to 100°C in 1°C increments
- 200 to 1000 RPM in 100 RPM increments
- Holds 1x microplate
- Holds 24x 2 mL tubes
- Holds 6x 50 mL tubes



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Rollers

Tube Roller

- 1 to 80 RPM roller rate
- 22°C (room temperature) to 75°C
- Available for
 - 2 mL, 15 mL, and 50 mL tubes
 - 10 L and 20 L carboys
 - 1 L, 2 L, and 5 L bottles

Drum Roller

- 40 RPM stir rate
- Available for 5 to 10 L carboys

Medium Bottle Roller

- 5 to 80 RPM stir rate
- Available for 100 mL to 2 L bottles

Acoustic Mixer

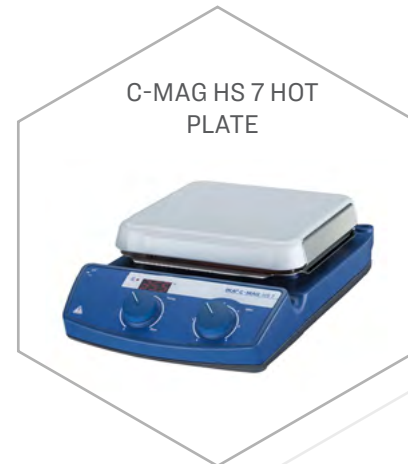
- Mixing and processing any combination of
 - Solutions with difficult solubility
 - Viscous solutions
 - Slurry materials
 - Solids/powder mixing
- Height-adjustable holder accepts many vessel types
 - Available for 2 mL tubes to 250 mL bottles
- Up to 1,000 gram maximum loading (including vessel)
- Mixing force from 0 to 100 Gs



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Hot Plate

- 22°C (room temperature) to 500°C
- Available for 100 mL glass bottle to 20 L carboy volume ranges



Heat Bath

Heating

- 22°C (room temperature) to 150°C
- Container capacity per batch
 - 150x microcentrifuge tubes
 - 2x SBS plates
 - 12x 15 mL tubes
 - 5x 50 mL tubes
 - 2x 250 mL bottles
 - 2x 500 mL bottles

Cooling

- 22°C (room temperature) to -20°C
- Container capacity per batch
 - 340x microcentrifuge tubes
 - 2x SBS plates
 - 30x 15 mL tubes
 - 16x 50 mL tubes
 - 4x 250 mL bottles
 - 2x 500 mL bottles



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Heater Shaker

- 35 to 1,000 RPM shake rate
- Available for 1 mL to 1 L volume ranges
- 22°C (room temperature \pm 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 75°C temperature control

Water Bath

- Room temperature to 100°C in 0.1°C increments
- Temperature accuracy of 0.24°C
- Available for 2 mL tubes to 250 mL glass bottles

Bath Sonicator

- 40 kHz frequency
- 0 to 65°C water bath
- Delivers unwavering cavitation
- Available for 2 mL to 5 L volume ranges
- High-temp safety alarm indicator
- High/low power control for normal to delicate applications
- Tabletop cleaner

Homogenizer

- 550 W at 20 kHz
- 22°C (room temperature) to 100°C temperature control
- 2 to 100°C temperature control
- Available for 0.2 to 1,000 mL volume ranges
- Specialized accessories/tools to meet application requirements: 3 different horn/tip types allow us to process samples from 0.2 to 1,000 mL



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Plate Sonicator

- Up to 700 watts power
- Can mix and perform cell lysis
- Holds 1x microplate
- Temperature range 5 to 45°C with recirculating chiller
- Pulse widths adjustable from 1 second to 24 hours



Cell Disruptor

- Available for 1.5 mL and 2 mL tubes
- 1,000 to 3,000 RPM
- 0.1 mm or 0.5 mm disruptor beads
- 1 to 75°C



Automated Thermal Cycler

- Temperature accuracy: $\pm 0.25^\circ\text{C}$ (between 35.0 and 99.9°C)
- Max block ramp rate: $3.5^\circ\text{C}/\text{sec}$
- Max sample ramp rate: $1.8^\circ\text{C}/\text{sec}$
- Temperature range: 4 to 105°C
- Temperature uniformity: $\pm 0.50^\circ\text{C}$ (20 sec after reaching 95°C)

Sample Constraints

- Plate format: 96-well PCR plate
- Sample volume: 10 to $100\ \mu\text{L}$



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Wrist Action Shaker

- 10 lb max load
- 385 oscillations per minute
- Up to 8x 250 mL flasks or smaller vessels



Nutator

- 2 to 60 RPM
- Available for 2 mL, 15 mL, 50 mL tubes, microplates, culture flasks, and dishes
- 5 to 40°C



SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentCentrifuge []

Microcentrifuge

- 10 to 14,800 RPM (16,166 g at Rmax)
- 36x tubes per batch
- Temperature range: -10 to 40°C

Centrifuge

- 15 mL conical tubes
 - Up to 4,811 x g
 - Up to 56 tubes per batch
- 50 mL conical tubes
 - Up to 4,811 x g
 - Up to 16 tubes per batch
- SBS format plates
 - Up to 3,877 x g
 - Up to 24 regular plates per batch
 - Up to 8 deep well plates per batch
 - Up to 116 mm plate loading height
 - Temperature range: -10 to 40°C
- Array cards
 - Up to 193 x g
 - Up to 12 array cards per batch
 - Temperature range: -10 to 40°C



BECKMAN COULTER
MICROFUGE 16



BECKMAN COULTER
MICROFUGE 20R



AVANTI J-15



EPPENDORF
5920R



SORVALL X4R
PRO-MD

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Ultracentrifuge

- Max rotation rate: 80,000 RPM
- Max force: 802,000 x g
- Speed control: ± 2 RPM of set speed (above 1,000 RPM)
- Max time: 999 hr 59 min
- Temperature control
 - Solid state refrigeration
 - Temperature range: 0 to 40°C in 1°C increment
- Rotors
 - Fixed-Angle Rotors
 - Type 45 Ti Titanium Rotor
 - 94 mL UltraClear tubes
 - Up to 45,000RPM
 - Up to 6 tubes per batch
 - Type 70 Ti Titanium Rotor
 - 32.4 mL OptiSeal tubes
 - Up to 70,000RPM
 - Up to 8 tubes per batch
 - Type 70.1 Ti Titanium Rotor
 - 8.9 mL OptiSeal tubes
 - Up to 70,000RPM
 - Up to 12 tubes per batch
 - Swing-Bucket Rotor
 - SW 32 Ti Rotor
 - 32.4 mL OptiSeal tubes
 - Up to 32,000RPM
 - Up to 6 tubes per batch



BECKMAN
COULTER OPTIMA
XPN 100K

SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentPellet[]

Microcentrifuge

- 10 to 14,800 RPM (16,166 g at Rmax)
- 36x tubes per batch
- Temperature range: -10 to 40°C

Centrifuge

- 15 mL conical tubes
 - Up to 4,811 x g
 - Up to 56 tubes per batch
- 50 mL conical tubes
 - Up to 4,811 x g
 - Up to 16 tubes per batch
- SBS format plates
 - Up to 3,877 x g
 - Up to 24 regular plates per batch
 - Up to 8 deep well plates per batch
 - Up to 116 mm plate loading height
 - Temperature range: -10 to 40°C



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Ultracentrifuge

- Max rotation rate: 80,000 RPM
- Max force: 802,000 x g
- Speed control: ± 2 RPM of set speed (above 1,000 RPM)
- Max time: 999 hr 59 min
- Temperature control
 - Solid state refrigeration
 - Temperature range: 0 to 40°C in 1°C increment
- Rotors
 - Fixed-Angle Rotors
 - Type 45 Ti Titanium Rotor
 - 94 mL UltraClear tubes
 - Up to 45,000RPM
 - Up to 6 tubes per batch
 - Type 70 Ti Titanium Rotor
 - 32.4 mL OptiSeal tubes
 - Up to 70,000RPM
 - Up to 8 tubes per batch
 - Type 70.1 Ti Titanium Rotor
 - 8.9 mL OptiSeal tubes
 - Up to 70,000RPM
 - Up to 12 tubes per batch
 - Swing-Bucket Rotor
 - SW 32 Ti Rotor
 - 32.4 mL OptiSeal tubes
 - Up to 32,000RPM
 - Up to 6 tubes per batch

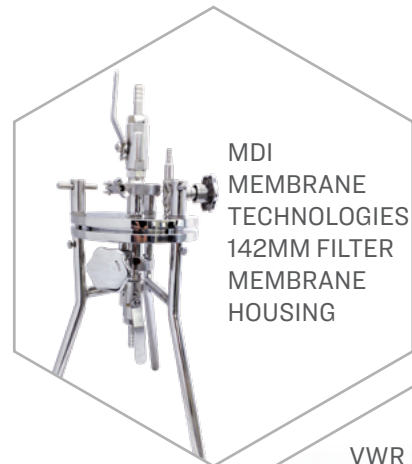


SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentFilter []

Filter Membrane Housing with Peristaltic Pump

- 100 mL/min to 2.5 L/min peristaltic pump
- 4 to 20 L sample volume required



Positive Pressure Filter

- 0 to 40 PSI independent pressure sources for each well
- Filter through SBS filter plates
- Collects in SBS deep well plates



Filter Block with Vacuum Pump

- 26.4 inHg vacuum pressure
- 0.5 to 2 mL sample volume required



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Filter Tops and Assemblies with Vacuum Pump

- 26.4 inHg vacuum pressure
- 50 mL to 1 L sample volume required

Centrifugal Filtration

- Concentrate proteins, DNA, or other macromolecules
- Molecular weight cut-off (MWCO): 3,000 to 100,000 Da
- 0.25 to 0.45 μm pore size
- 0.5 to 15 mL sample volume required

Syringe Filters

- 28 mL/min max flow rate
- 0.1 to 60 mL sample volume required



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Experiment Evaporate []

Rotovap

- ~1,000 mBar to ~10 mBar vacuum pressures
- 6.97 L water bath for 20 to 100°C incubation
- 300 RPM rotation
- 50 mL to 3 L round bottom flasks available for evaporation
- 2 L trap capacity
- -20°C recirculating condenser, with -105°C supplemental cold finger

Speedvac

Vacuum Centrifuge

- 5.1 Torr minimum pressure
- 5 available vacuum ramp rates between 5 Torr/min and 70 Torr/min
- Vacuum pump displacement of 36 L/min
- -50°C integrated cold trap
- Ambient or 35 to 80°C incubation in 5°C increments
- Sample constraints: 8x SBS style plates per batch

Genevac

- 375 mTorr minimum pressure
- -35°C integrated cold trap
- 2,150 RPM max rotation rate
- Ambient or 35 to 80°C incubation in 5°C increments
- Sample Constraints
 - 48x 2 mL microcentrifuge Tubes
 - 12x 15 mL conical Tubes
 - 12x 50 mL conical Tubes
 - 4x SBS style plates per batch

Needle Dryer

- 1x SBS style deep well plate per batch
- 96 stainless steel needles
- Adjustable needle height for precise gas flow delivery
- 25 to 100°C incubation range
- 25 L/min maximum nitrogen flow rate

IKA RV 10



THERMO FISHER SAVANT SPD2030



SP SCIENTIFIC EZ2-ELITE



VWR 099A EV9612S



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Nitrogen Evaporator

- 48 nitrogen delivery nozzles
- 3.5 L/min maximum flow rate per nozzle
- 25 to 90°C bath temperature control range
- ± 2°C temperature accuracy
- Sample constraints:
 - 48x 2 mL tubes per batch
 - 48x 15 mL tubes or test tubes per batch
 - 24x 50 mL tubes per batch

Experiment Lyophilize []

Lyophilizer

- < 150 mTorr minimum pressure
- -55 to 60°C shelf temperature control range
- -85°C lowest condenser temperature
- Temperature uniformity of ± 1°C
- 4 L ice condensing capacity in 24 hours
- Sample constraints
 - 384x microcentrifuge tubes per batch
 - 8x SBS style plates per batch

Experiment Autoclave []

Autoclave

- Chamber volume: 254 L
- Maximum temperature: 134°C
- Maximum pressure: 45 PSI
- Liquid and dry cycles available
- Programmable cycles (temperature, time)

BIOTAGE TURBOVAP LV



SP SCIENTIFIC ADVANTAGE PRO EL



BMT UNISTERI 559-1



SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentMicrowaveDigestion []

Automated Microwave Digestion System

- Fully digest organic and inorganic samples for elemental analysis
- Up to 20 mL of prepared sample in digestion mixture in 80 mL reaction vessels
- Heat samples up to 300 Celsius and pressurize up to 500 PSI, with specified venting parameters
- Autosampler can load up to 24 samples in one run



ExperimentFlashFreeze []

Liquid Nitrogen Submersion

- Flash freezing samples in liquid nitrogen to -196°C
- Available for up to 50 mL volumes
- Automated liquid nitrogen dispenser for easy dewar filling



ExperimentDesiccate []

Desiccator

- Drying solid samples using a bell jar desiccator
- Solid or liquid desiccant
- Under vacuum or at atmospheric pressure



SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentDegas []

Freeze-Pump-Thaw Apparatus

- Flash freezing in liquid nitrogen
- Vacuum pump pressure: 1×10^{-4} Torr
- Water bath for thawing: 22°C (room temperature) to 180°C
- Headspace gas replacement using nitrogen, argon, or helium
- Available for up to 50 mL volume ranges



Sparging Apparatus

- Gas options
 - Nitrogen
 - Argon
 - Helium
- Glass gas dispersion tube
- Impeller stir bar
- Gas flow rate: between 20 to 100 mL/min
- Available for 50 mL to 4 L volume ranges



Vacuum Sonicate Apparatus

- Vacuum pump pressure: controllable between 1.5 to 770 Torr
- Sonicator: 40 KHz frequency, 2.5 gallon capacity
- Headspace gas replacement using nitrogen, argon, or helium
- Available for 10 mL to 3 L volume ranges

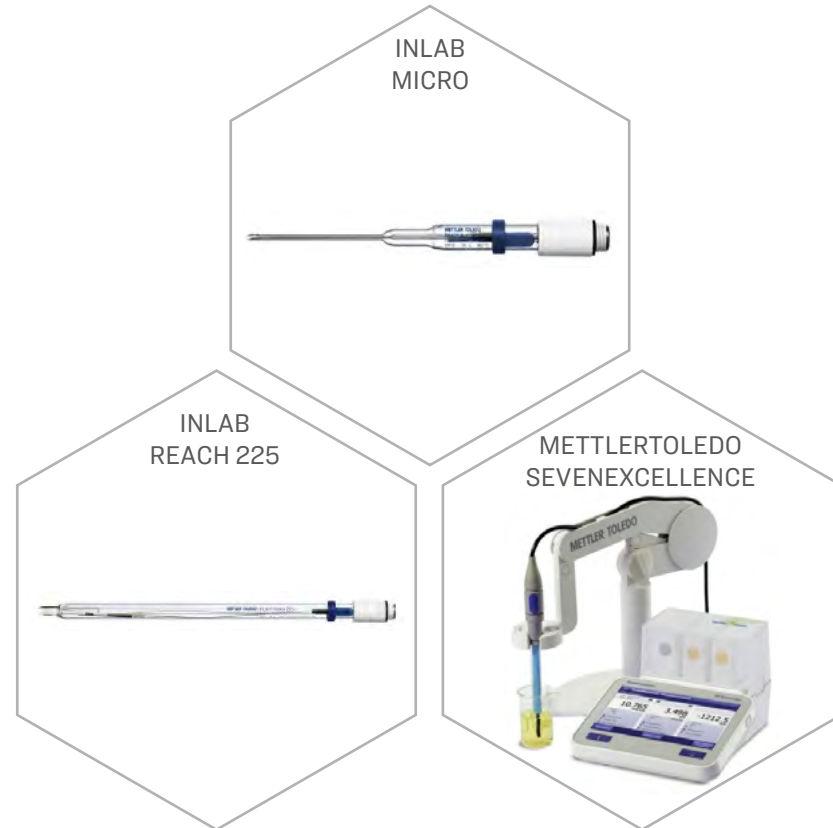


SAMPLE PREPARATION

Experiment Adjust pH []

Immersion pH Meters

- pH range 0 to 14 pH (± 0.02)
- 50 μ L minimum sample size (consumes no volume)
- Measures and records pH over time
- Temperature correction



pH Titrators

- Minimum dispense volume 0.02 μ L
- Base and acid solution can be added with remote control
- Allow pH measurements and overhead stirring performed at the same time



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Experiment Grind []

Ball Mill

- Mixer Mill MM400
 - Grinding rate of 180 to 1,800 RPM
 - 0.2 to 50 mL conical tubes or steel jars
 - Maximum feed fineness of 8 mm
 - Final fineness of 5 μ m
- BeadBug3
 - Grinding rate of 2,800 to 4,000 RPM
 - 2 mL microcentrifuges
 - Maximum feed fineness of 1 to 2 mm
- Bead Genie
 - Grinding rate of 250 to 2,400 RPM
 - 1.5 to 50 mL conical tubes
 - Maximum feed fineness of 1 to 2 mm

Mortar Grinder

- Automated Mortar Grinder
 - Grinding rate of 20 to 90 RPM
 - 5" agate mortar (150 mL)
 - Maximum feed fineness of 2 mm

Knife Mill

- Tube Mill Control
 - Grinding rate of 5,000 to 25,000 RPM
 - Disposable 40 mL chambers
 - Maximum feed fineness of 10 mm
 - Final fineness of 1 to 100 μ m



SAMPLE PREPARATION

ExperimentStockSolution[]
ExperimentFillToVolume[]

Solution Preparation

- Transfer solids and liquids together
- Mix and/or heat solution
- Adjust pH of solution
- Filter solution
- Autoclave solution



SAMPLE PREPARATION

Volumetric Flasks

- Provides accurate volume measurements during liquid/slurry transfers
- Composed of borosilicate 3.3 expansion glass
- Volumetric Flasks
 - 25 mL
 - 100 mL
 - 250 mL
 - 500 mL
 - 1 L
 - 2 L glass



HANDLING ENVIRONMENT

Transfers procedures can be carried out in a variety of atmospheric environments.

Experiment Transfer []

Biosafety Cabinet

- Laminar flow rate of 105 ft/min
- Internal dimensions: 1.74 x 0.438 x 0.635 m
- Has 2 vacuum traps for general cell culture aspiration needs
- UV germicidal light for surface disinfection
- 30% HEPA filtered exhaust air and 70% recirculated HEPA filtered air
- Will have precision and analytical balances inside for gravimetric transfers



Fume Hood

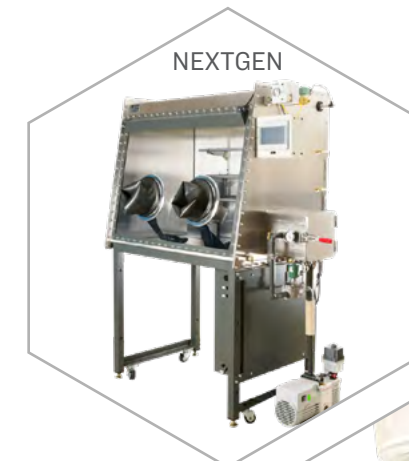
- Airflow velocity readout that is tracked by ECL Constellation: 60 to 100 ft/min
- Internal dimensions:
 - 4' floor mounted hood: 37 x 28 x 84.5 in
 - 5' hood: 49 x 22.5 x 48 in
 - 6' hood: 61.5 x 22.5 x 48 in
 - 8' hood: 85.5 x 22.5 x 48 in
- Supplied with nitrogen via in-house plumbing
- Vacuum plumbing capabilities
- pH, temperature, relative humidity, pressure sensors installed (tracked by ECL Constellation)
- Equipped with analytical and precision balances for gravimetric transfers



HANDLING ENVIRONMENT

Glove Box

- Constant H₂O, O₂, and pressure monitoring
- <1 ppm H₂O
- <1 ppm O₂
- Attached -35°C freezer
- No-downtime cartridge-based purifiers
- Automatic antechamber cycle control



Hermetic Transfers

- Backfill of hermetic container with nitrogen or argon gas
- Compatible with a wide range of needles and syringes to support a wide variety of hermetic containers
- Hermetic transfers only happen in the fume hoods
- Capable of anhydrous transfers



RNase Free

- Optional RNase Away treatment for all materials and work surfaces



Sterile Transfers

- Optional 70% Ethanol treatment of all materials and work surfaces

HANDLING ENVIRONMENT

Hot/Cold Transfers

- Samples can be transferred in warmed (30 to 105°C) and chilled (10 to -86°C) conditions
- Temperature immersion probe or IR probe for temperature verification during the transfer



SAMPLE TRANSPORT

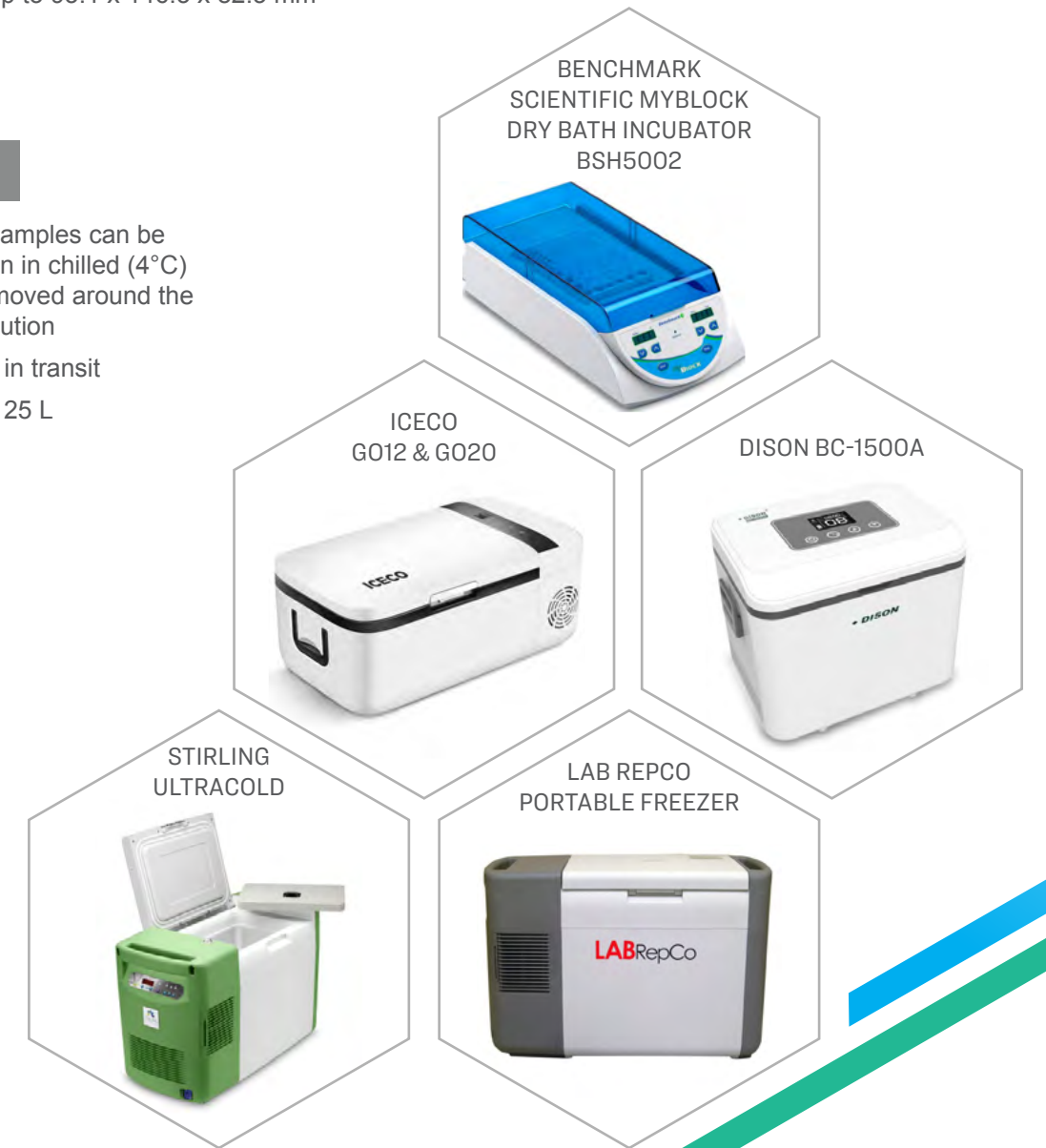
Samples can be transported around the lab between their storage conditions and usage on instruments using a variety of temperature control systems.

Transport Warmed

- Temperature-sensitive samples can be marked for transportation in warmed (30 to 105°C) conditions when being moved around the lab during protocol execution
- Applies only to samples in transit
- Available dimensions up to 93.1 x 146.3 x 82.3 mm

Transport Chilled

- Temperature-sensitive samples can be marked for transportation in chilled (4°C) conditions when being moved around the lab during protocol execution
- Applies only to samples in transit
- Available capacity up to 25 L



STORAGE CONDITIONS

StoreSamples []

Room Temperature Sample Storage

- 27 trays
- Max tray payload capacity: 551 lb/250 kg
- Tray dimensions: 98.42 x 33.74 in
- Throughput: up to 120 trays/hr

Conditions

- 25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)

Sample Constraints

- Can store any size container from microcentrifuge tubes to 20 L carboys.
- Max height of stored materials: 27.36 in



5°C Sample Storage

- 25 trays
- Max tray payload capacity: 551 lb/250 kg
- Tray dimensions: 74.8 x 25.75 in
- Throughput: up to 120 trays/hr

Conditions

- 4°C storage (± 1°C)

Sample Constraints

- Can store any size container up to 5 L bottles
- Max height of stored materials: 27.36 in



-20°C Sample Storage

Conditions

- -22°C storage (± 2°C)

Sample Constraints

- Can store microcentrifuge tubes, SBS format plates, 15 mL conical tubes, 50 mL conical tubes, and reagent bottles up to 500 mL

STORAGE CONDITION

-80°C Sample Storage

Conditions

- -80°C storage (± 0.5°C)

Sample Constraints

- Can store microcentrifuge tubes, SBS plates, 15 mL conical tubes, and 50 mL conical tubes



Cryostorage

Conditions

- -165°C storage (± 1°C)

Sample Constraints

- Can store microcentrifuge tubes and cryotubes



Flammable Cabinet Sample Storage

Conditions

- 25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)

Sample Constraints

- Capable of storing flammable reagents such as solvents
- Can store any size container from microcentrifuge tubes to 20 L drums



STORAGE CONDITION

Desiccated Sample Storage

- Room temperature ($22^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.45^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1 sigma)) and refrigerated (5°C) available
- Vacuum desiccation available (at room temperature) for ultra high sensitivity needs

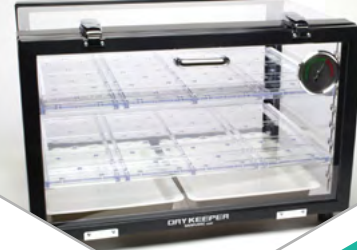


BEL-ART 45L CABINET-
STYLE VACUUM
DESICCATOR



BEL-ART 102L
GRANDE DESICCATOR
CABINET

COLE PARMER 59L
HORIZONTAL DRY-KEEPER
DESICCATOR CABINET



STORAGE CONDITION

Environmental Stability Chambers

- 5 to 70°C temperature range
- 0.1°C temperature control resolution
- Temperature uniformity of $\pm 0.3^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 20 to 95% relative humidity range
- 2% humidity control resolution

Photostability Chamber

- Average UVA light intensity is 2 to 36 W/m^2
- Average VIS light intensity is 2 to 29 klux
- 10 to 35°C temperature range (lights on)
- 0.2°C temperature control resolution
- Temperature uniformity of $\pm 2.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (lights on)
- 40 to 70% relative humidity range
- 3% humidity control resolution

Cytomat

Conditions

- 37°C ($\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- 5% CO_2 ($\pm 0.1\%$)
- 95% relative humidity ($\pm 3\%$)

Capacity

- Houses SBS cell culture plates
 - 1-well
 - 6-well
 - 12-well
 - 24-well
 - 96-well

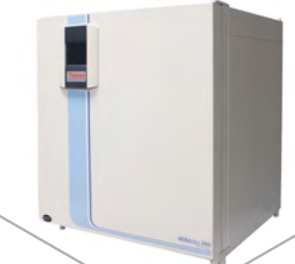
CARON
7000-10



CARON
PHOTOSTABILITY
CHAMBER



THERMO FISHER
HERACELL 240I TT 10
SMD IR



STORAGE CONDITION

Bacterial and Yeast Solid Media Incubators

Conditions

- 37°C ($\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$) for bacteria
- 30°C ($\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$) for yeast

Capacity

- Houses SBS solid culture plates of the following formats:
 - 1-well
 - 4-well
 - 8-well



STORAGE CONDITION

Liquid Culture Incubators

Yeast Incubation

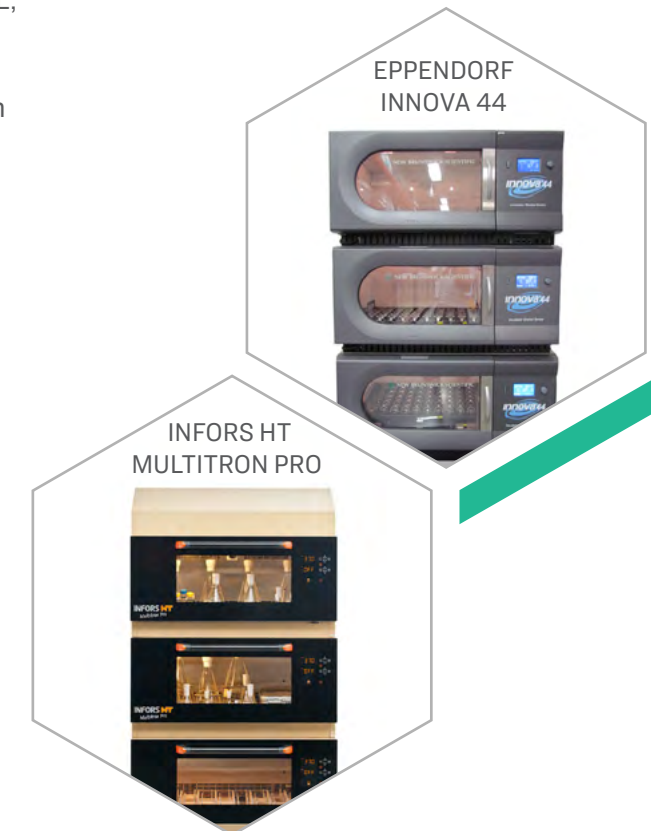
- 30°C ($\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$)
- SBS deep well culture plates, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 750 mL, 1 L, and 2 L flasks available
- 200 RPM shaking rate (2.54 cm radius) for flasks; 400 RPM shaking rate (2.54 cm radius) for plates

Bacterial Incubation

- 37°C ($\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$)
- SBS deep well culture plates, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 750 mL, 1 L, and 2 L flasks available
- 250 RPM shaking rate (2.54 cm radius) for flasks; 400 RPM shaking rate (2.54 cm radius) for plates

Custom Incubation

- Ambient to 40°C ($\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$)
- Ambient to 95% relative humidity ($\pm 3\%$)
- Ambient to 5% CO₂ ($\pm 0.1\%$)
- SBS deep well culture plates, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 750 mL, 1 L, and 2 L flasks available
- 0 to 400 RPM shaking rate (2.54 cm radius) for flasks; 0 to 1,000 RPM shaking rate (3 mm radius) for plates



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

ExperimentImageSample []

Plate Imager Robotics

Overhead Imaging (Multiwell Plates)

- 5 megapixel close-up images on a per-well basis
- Fields of view: 22 mm and 35 mm
- Lighting: Top or bottom LED illumination, or ambient
- Imaging interval: 9 sec
- Camera travel speed: Up to 5 m/min

Large Sample Camera

Side-on Imaging (Bottles and Other Vessels)

- Canon Rebel Ti EOS 750D
- 24.2 megapixel images
- 18, 24, and 55 mm focal lengths to accommodate containers ranging from 8 mm glass vials up to 20 L carboys
- Lighting: Top, bottom, or side (trans-) LED illumination, or ambient

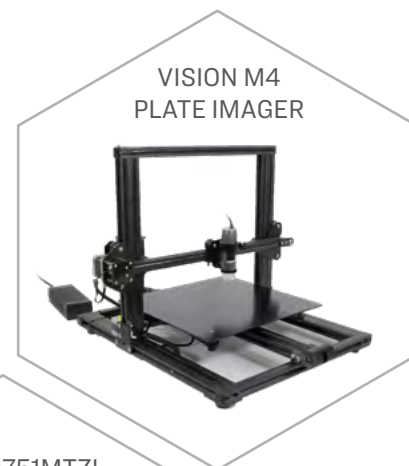
Top Imaging (Bottles and Other Vessels)

- 14 megapixel images
- 12 mm fixed focal length lens
- Lighting: Top, bottom (trans-), or side LED illumination, or ambient

ExperimentVisualInspection []

Sample Inspector

- Visual detection of insoluble particulates in solution samples
- Color videos of samples containing a color calibration chart
- Sample compatibility: liquid samples in 2 or 50 mL transparent glass vials
- Lighting: Top, front, back
- Temperature: Chilled (~4°C) or ambient
- Sample Mixing Rate: Up to 6,000 RPM



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

ExperimentMeasureVolume []

Ultrasonic Detectors

Ultrasonic Sensor Methods Available

- Compatible with any parameterized container
 - Microcentrifuge tubes or SBS style plate wells (including 24-, 48-, 96-, and 384-well plates; ± 125 µL)
 - 15 mL conical tubes (± 55 µL)
 - 50 mL conical tubes (± 230 µL)
 - 250 mL bottles (± 5 mL)
 - 500 mL bottles (± 5 mL)
 - 1 L bottles (± 10 mL)
 - 2 L bottles (± 10 mL)
 - 4 L jugs (± 20 mL)
 - 5 L bottles (± 20 mL)
 - 10 L carboys (± 100 mL)
 - 20 L carboys (± 100 mL)

Balances

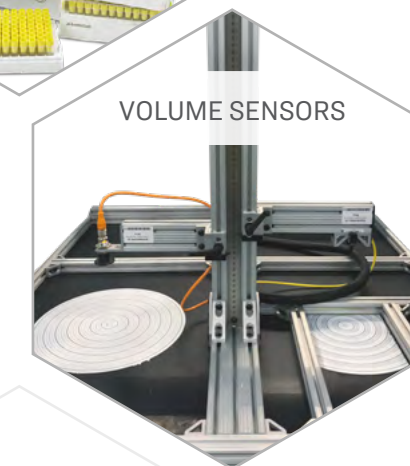
Gravimetric Volume Measurement Available

- Requires samples with known densities in single sample containers
- 1 µg to 60 kg measurement range to determine volume

ExperimentMeasureCount []

Balances

- 100 µg to 220 g (± 100 µg)



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

ExperimentMeasureWeight []

Microbalance

- 1 µg to 6 g (± 1 µg)

Analytical Balance

- 100 µg to 220 g (± 100 µg)

Macrobalance

- 120 g to 6.2 kg (± 10 mg)
- 30 cm x 40 cm measurement platform

Bulk Balance

- 5 to 50 kg (± 10 g)
- 75 kg max mass tolerance
- 42 cm x 55 cm measurement platform



ExperimentMeasurepH []

Immersion pH Meters

- pH range 0 to 14 pH (± 0.02)
- 50 µL minimum sample size (consumes no volume)
- Measures and records pH over time
- Temperature correction



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

ExperimentMeasureConductivity []

Conductivity Meter

- 0.001 µS/cm to 2,000 mS/cm conductivity measuring range
- 0.001 µS conductivity resolution
- ± 0.5% conductivity accuracy
- Built-in temperature sensor for temperature correction
- Linear, non-linear and pure water temperature compensation algorithms
- 150 µL minimum sample volume



ExperimentMeasureDensity []

Density Meter

U-tube Oscillation Measurement Method

- 0 to 3 g/cm³ density measurement range
- 7x10⁻⁶ g/cm³ density measurement accuracy
- Reproducibility of 5x10⁻⁷ g/cm³
- 5 to 100°C temperature control range
- 0.01°C temperature accuracy
- Automatic viscosity and temperature correction
- 1.5 mL minimum sampling volume
- No restrictions on containers

Fixed Volume Weight Measurement Method

- 50 µL to 1.5 mL sampling volume per measurement
- 1 µg to 5 g (± 0.8 µg) weight range
- No restrictions on sample volume or containers



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

Experiment Measure Refractive Index []

Refractometer

- 1.26 to 1.72 Refractive Index (RI) scale measurement range
- 1×10^{-6} RI measurement resolution
- $\pm 2 \times 10^{-5}$ RI measurement accuracy
- 4 to 125°C temperature measurement range
- 0.01°C temperature resolution
- $\pm 0.03^\circ\text{C}$ temperature measurement accuracy
- $\pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}$ temperature stability
- Sapphire optical measurement plate

Sample Compatibility

- All sample containers compatible
- $\sim 120 \mu\text{L}$ sample measurement volume



Experiment Measure Melting Temperature []

Melting Point Apparatus

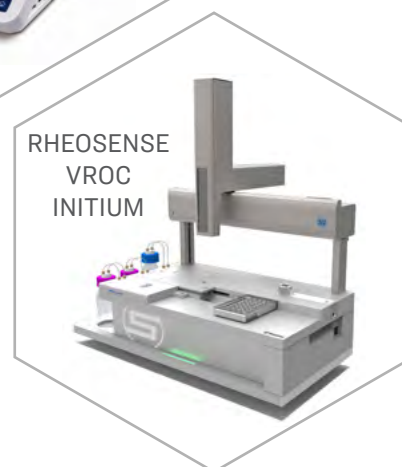
- 25°C (room temperature) to 400°C
- Heating rate from 0.1 to 20°C/minute
- Color video of samples throughout heating cycle (up to 300 minutes)
- Up to 6 capillary samples per heating cycle



Experiment Measure Viscosity []

Robotic Viscometer

- Viscosity measurable from 0.3 to 1,000 mPaS ($\pm 2\%$ accuracy)
- Shear rate range 40 to 125,000 1/s
- 4 to 70°C measurement temperature range
- Minimum 26 μL sample volume
- Sample constraints:
 - Up to 40 HPLC/CE vials
 - 1x 96-well PCR plate



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

Experiment Measure Surface Tension []

Tensiometer

- 8 DyneProbes simultaneously measure in 96-well plate
 - Self-cleaned in electrical furnace
 - Customizable cleaning solution
 - Amendable to robotic handling
- Minimum 50 μL sample volume
- Surface tension measurable from 10 to 100 mN/m (0.2 mN/m resolution)
- Balance resolution at 0.050 μg
- Plate measured every 3 minutes



Experiment Dynamic Foam Analysis []

Dynamic Foam Analyzer

- 0.2 to 1 L/min sparging flow rate of air or nitrogen
- Up to 8,000 RPM stir rate
- Double-jacketed columns for temperature control: 4 to 70°C
- Visible (460 nm) and infrared (850 nm) wavelengths
- Electrodes with 10 Ω to 2 M Ω detection range
- Camera with 2 fps at 1280 x 1024 pixels



Experiment Coulter Count []

Coulter Counter

- Aperture tubes available with nominal diameters from 10 μm to 2000 μm
- Particle size ranges from 0.2 μm to 1600 μm
- Particle size and count precision accurate up to 0.5%
- Particles are generally mixed and suspended with conductive electrolyte solutions non-intrusive
- Supports both aqueous and non-aqueous solutions
- 25 mL, 100 mL, 200 mL, and 400 mL vessel sizes
- Can stir the measurement vessels from 1 to 60 RPM



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

ExperimentCountLiquidParticles []

Liquid Particle Counter

- HRLD series light obscuration liquid particle counting sensors
- Particle size ranges from 1 to 100 μm
- Particle size precision is 0.1 μm
- Temperature range from 0 to 80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Mixing by a magnetic stir bar during data collection
 - 50 to 350 RPM
- Sample amounts are varied with experiment setup, generally requires at least ~ 0.5 mL



ExperimentCyclicVoltammery []

Electrochemical Reactor

- Cyclic voltammetry electrodes
 - Glassy carbon 3 mm disc
 - Platinum plated
 - Ag, Ag/AgCl, Ag/Ag⁺ reference electrode options
- Pro-Seal vial caps available for reactions requiring controlled atmosphere
- Supports both aqueous and non-aqueous solutions
- 5 mL, 10 mL, and 20 mL vial sizes
- Large potential window: ± 2.5 V
- CV voltage reading accurate to ± 1 mV
- CV current reading accurate to ± 1 μA
- Can stir reaction vessels from 50 to 1,500 RPM



ExperimentMeasureDissolvedOxygen []

Dissolved Oxygen Meter

- 0 to 50.00 mg/L dissolved oxygen measuring range
- 0.01 mg/L dissolved oxygen resolution
- Built-in temperature and barometric pressure sensor for correction
- 25 mL minimum sample volume



PROPERTY MEASUREMENT

ExperimentMeasureOsmolality []

Osmometer

Vapor Pressure Osmometry Method

- 20 to 3,200 mmol/kg osmolality measurement range
- 1 mmol/kg osmolality resolution
- $\pm 1\%$ accuracy within 100 to 1,000 mmol/kg calibrated range
- $\pm 5\%$ accuracy outside of calibrated range
- Reproducibility of 2 mmol/kg standard deviation
- 10 μL sample volume
- Aqueous samples



ExperimentMeasureContactAngle []

Tensiometer

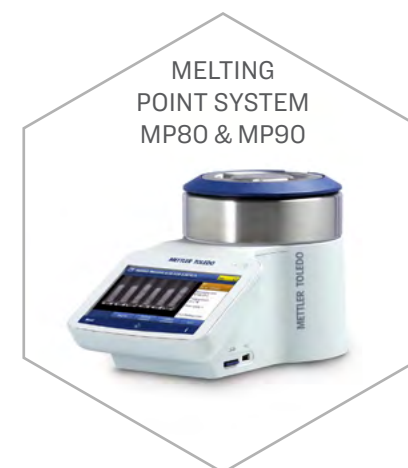
- Requires single fiber samples with > 5 μm in diameter
- 0 to 6 g force sensor weight range
- 0.1 μg force sensor weight resolution
- 0 to 110 mm sample stage position range
- 0.1 μm sample stage position resolution



ExperimentMeasureMeltingPoint []

Melting Point Apparatus

- Measures the melting point of solid substances by capillary method
- Needs a small amount of sample
- Capable of measuring melting points from ambient temperature up to 400 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Automatically determines the melting temperature
- provides video footage of the entire melting process
- Capable of measuring Pharmacopeia and Thermodynamic temperatures
- Simultaneous analysis of up to 6 capillaries



Experiment Dissolution []

Dissolution Apparatus

- USP Apparatus 1 and 2 supported
- Automatic dosage delivery system
- Automatic sampling with filtration on cannula tip, in-line or using disk filters
- Automatic evaluation of the mechanical issues with sampling
- Image and video of the dissolution process acquisition



Experiment Karl Fischer Titration []

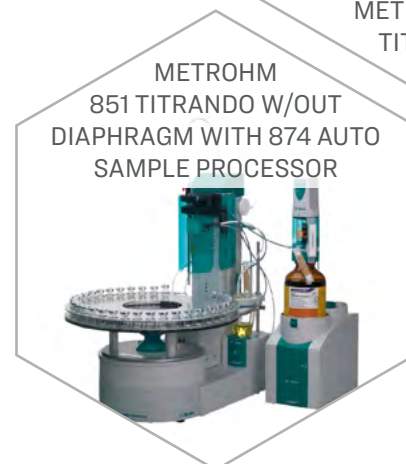
Karl Fischer Titrator

Coulometric

- Automatic Headspace Sampling with Autosampler
- 50 to 250°C oven Temperature
- Up to 35 samples per batch
- 10 to 150 mL/minute headspace gas flow rate

Volumetric

- Direct addition of liquid or solid samples to reaction vessel
- Doses up to 10 mL of Karl Fischer reagent per titrated sample
- Up to 20 samples per batch, performed in sequence



Water Purifier

Elix

- Distribution flow rate: up to 2 L/min from POD
- Flow rate: 15 L/hour
- Product water resistivity at 25 °C: > 5 MΩ·cm (Typically 10 to 15 MΩ·cm)
- Product water TOC: < 30 ppb
- Voltage: 100 to 230 V/50 to 60 Hz

MilliQ

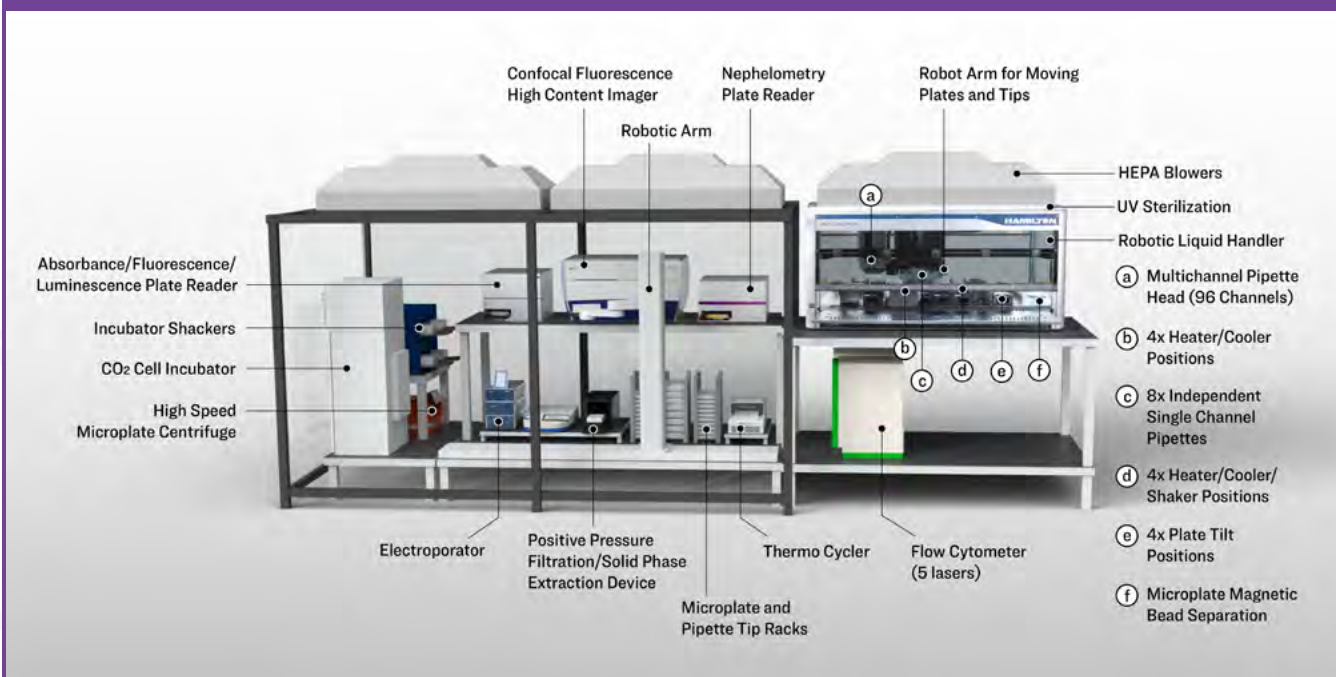
- Feed water nature: potable tap water
- Flow rate: 3 L/hour
- Product water volume: 60L/day
- Product water conductivity: 0.056 uS/cm
- Product water resistivity:
 - Ultrapure water: 18.2 MΩ·cm
 - Pure water: > 5 MΩ·cm
- Product water TOC: < 5 ppb
- Voltage: 100 to 240 V/50 to 60 Hz



CELL CULTURE

Experiment Robotic Cell Preparation []

Liquid Media Cell Preparation Workcell



UNIT OPERATIONS

Sample Preparation

Transfer []
 Dilute []
 SerialDilution []
 Aliquot []
 Consolidate []
 Resuspend []
 Incubate []
 Mix []
 Centrifuge []
 Filter []
 MagneticBeadExtraction []
 SolidPhaseExtraction []
 Pellet []
 LiquidLiquidExtraction []
 Cover []
 Uncover []

Spectroscopy

AbsorbanceSpectroscopy []
 AbsorbanceKinetics []
 FluorescenceSpectroscopy []
 FluorescenceKinetics []

LuminescenceSpectroscopy []
 LuminescenceKinetics []
 Nephelometry []
 NephelometryKinetics []

Cell Maintenance

WashCells []
 SplitCells []
 ChangeMedia []
 QuantifyCells []
 TreatCells []
 AliquotCells []
 IncubateCells []
 SynchronizeCells []
 CocultureCells []
 Inoculate []

Cell Preparation

LyseCells []
 ExtractCytosolicProtein []
 ExtractPlasmaMembraneProtein []
 ExtractNuclearProtein []
 ExtractRNA []

ExtractGenomicDNA []
 ExtractPlasmidDNA []
 ExtractOrganelle []
 HarvestMedia []
 HarvestProtein []
 HarvestVirus []
 HarvestCells []
 HarvestExosome []

Cell Analysis

FixCells []
 StainCells []
 ImageCells []
 FlowCytometry []

Transform Cells

ElectroporateCells []
 PermeabilizeCells []
 TransformCells []
 TransfectCells []
 TransduceCells []
 MakeCompetent []

CELL CULTURE

Workcell Integrated Micro Liquid Handler

8x Independent Single Channel Pipettes

- 1 μ L to 1 mL volume (\pm 1%)
- 1 to 500 μ L/sec aspirate and dispense rate
- Disposable polypropylene filter tips

1x Multichannel Pipette (96 Channels)

- Capable of any simultaneous rectangular pipetting up to dimensions 8x12
- 1 μ L to 1 mL volume (\pm 2%)
- 1 to 500 μ L/sec aspirate/dispense rate
- Disposable polypropylene filter tips

Large Capacity Deck

- 4x SBS tilt-plate positions (for media aspiration)
- 1x Heating/Cooling/Shaking SBS plate position
 - 100 to 2,000 RPM shaking rate
 - Orbital or linear shaking patterns available
 - 4 to 70°C temperature incubation
- 5x incubated plate positions (-15 to 95°C)
- 7x SBS plate positions
- 4x 200 mL reagent trough positions
- 12x 50 mL tube positions
- 64x microcentrifuge tube positions
- Robotic arm for movement of plates, lids, and racks around the deck and to/from integrations
- Vacuum block for filtering
 - SBS microtiter filter plate source
 - SBS collection plate (deep well)
 - Source and destination plate movable



Workcell Integrated Incubator

- Temperature range: 33 to 50°C
- Ambient to 95% relative humidity
- 0.04 to 20% CO₂

**Workcell Integrated High Speed Centrifuge**

- 5,700 RPM maximum speed (4,000 x g at Rmax)
- 350 g maximum weight (per position)
- 50 g maximum imbalance
- 2x SBS plate footprint positions

**Workcell Integrated Positive Pressure Filter**

- 0 to 40 PSI independent pressure sources for each well
- Filter through SBS filter plates
- Collects in SBS deep well plates

**Workcell Integrated Confocal High Content Imager**

- Camera: > 4.7 Megapixel CMOS
- Field of view (10x magnification): 1.96 mm²
- Speed: Up to 200,000 wells/day
- Objectives: 1x to 100x air and oil
- Filter changer: 5 position filter cube changer
- Autofocus: Laser and image autofocus
- Fully automated X-Y and Z stages with resolution better than 100 nm
- Environmental control

Imaging Modes

- Digital phase contrast
- Transmitted light
- Brightfield
- Fluorescence

Sample Constraints

- Up to 1,536-well plates

Workcell Integrated Plate Reader

- Supports absorbance, fluorescence and luminescence reads

Absorbance

- CCD detector
- 220 to 1,000 nm wavelength selection

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 320 to 740 nm excitation monochromator (8 nm bandpass)
- 680 nm laser (AlphaScreen)

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 320 to 850 nm emission monochromator (8 nm bandpass)

**Sample Injection**

- 2x 500 µL injection syringes per batch
- 50 µL dead volumes, 0.5 µL precision
- 25 mL/min maximum injection speed
- 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes, 15 mL conical tubes, or 50 mL conical tube sources

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature (25°C ± 0.45°C (1 sigma)) to 45°C incubation
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (6 to 1,536 well) per batch

Nephelometer

Sample Injection

- 2x 500 μ L injection syringes
- 440 μ L/s maximum injection speed

Sample Chamber

- Room temperature to 60°C incubation
- Actively regulates O₂ and CO₂ to 0.1-20%
- Mix by shaking before read options
- 1x microtiter plate (up to 384-well) per batch

Optics

- 635 \pm 10nm 1mW self-monitoring laser diode
- 1.5 to 3.5 mm selectable beam width
- Side window photodiode detector
- Detects up to 80° full cone angle



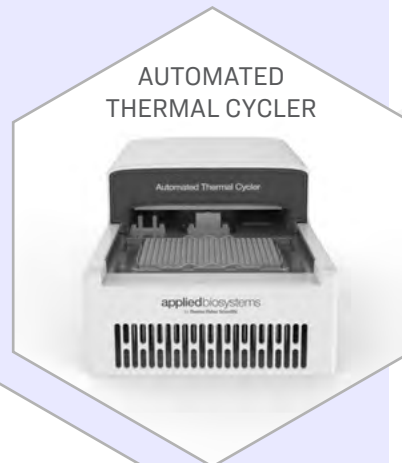
NEPHEOSTAR PLUS

Automated Thermal Cycler

- Temperature accuracy: \pm 0.25°C (between 35.0 and 99.9°C)
- Max block ramp rate: 3.5°C/sec
- Max sample ramp rate: 1.8°C/sec
- Temperature range: 4 to 105°C
- Temperature uniformity: \pm 0.50°C (20 sec after reaching 95°C)

Sample Constraints

- Plate format: 96-well PCR plate
- Sample volume: 10 to 100 μ L



AUTOMATED THERMAL CYCLER



INHECO INCUBATOR SHAKER DWP

Incubator Shakers

- 400 to 1800 RPM
- Programmable shaking pattern
- 1x deep well or 1x microtiter plate or 24x 2ml tubes
- Incubation at temperatures between ambient and 80°C

Flow Cytometer

Fluidics

- 0.025 to 3.5 μ L/sec sample flow rate

Optics

- 5- spatially separated lasers
- 355 nm, 50 mW
- 405 nm, 100 mW
- 488 nm, 100 mW
- 561 nm, 50 mW
- 640 nm, 100 mW

Detectors

- 30 PMT detectors including 2 FSC and 1 SSC
- 100,000 eps maximal acquisition rate with all parameters engaged

FSC Particle Size Resolution

- 0.2 μ m

Fluorescence Sensitivity

- FITC: 70 MESF, PE: 50 MESF, APC: 40 MESF

Sample Formats

- 5mL tube, microcentrifuge tube, 96-well standard/deep well plates, 384-well standard/deep well plates.

Sample Environmental Control

- Sample agitation and temperature control between 18 to 28°C

High-throughput Sampling Speed

- 15 minutes for 96-well plate
- 60 minutes for 384-well plate



BIO-RAD ZE5 CELL ANALYZER

Plate Based Electroporator

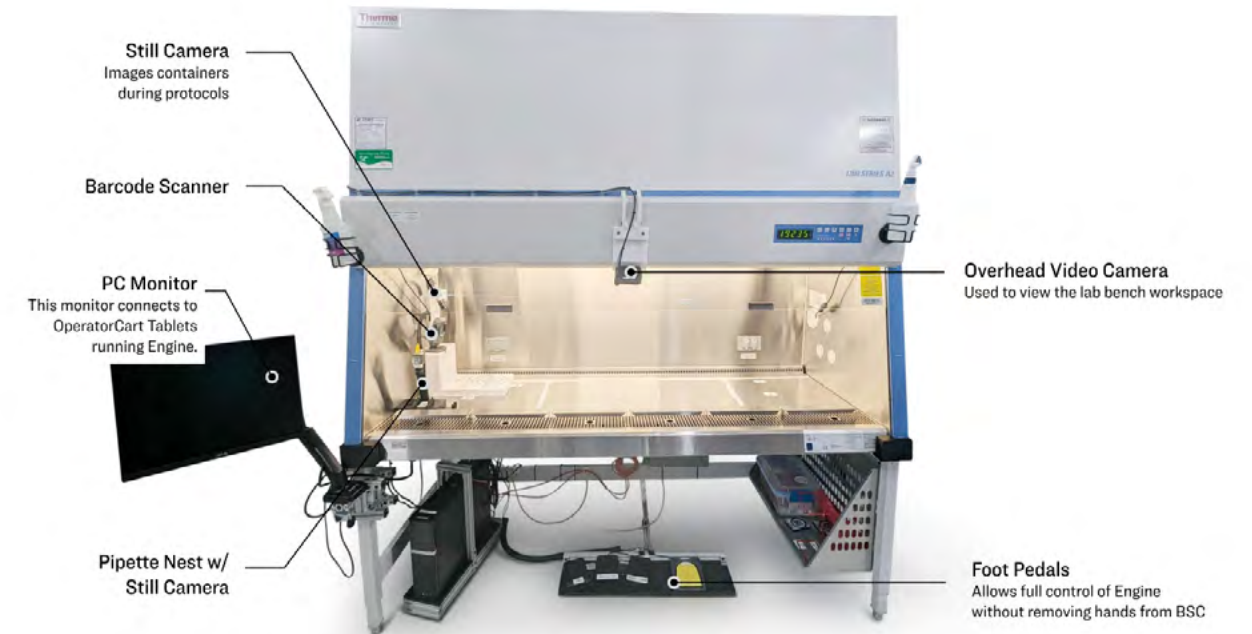
**Instrument subject to change*

- 5 to 300 V range
- 5% voltage delivery accuracy
- Square wave and exponential decay pulse mode options
- Pulse delivery
 - 10 μ s to 999 ms pulse length range
 - 1 to 99 pulses per sample
 - 0.1 to 10 sec pulse intervals
 - 10 to 3,775 μ F capacitance, dependent on pulse mode and voltage
- 50 to 1,000 Ω in 50 Ω steps
- 96-well plate with either 100 μ L or 200 μ L well options



ExperimentManualCellPreparation[]

Manual Cell Preparation Station



Biosafety Cabinet

- Laminar flow rate of 105 ft/min
- Internal dimensions: 1.74 m x 0.438 m x 0.635 m
- 2 vacuum traps for general cell culture aspiration needs
- UV germicidal light for surface disinfection
- 30% HEPA filtered exhaust air and 70% recirculated HEPA filtered air
- Equipped with balances for aseptic gravimetric transfers and camera for streaming
- Temperature and relative humidity sensors installed (tracked by ECL Constellation)



Micropipettes

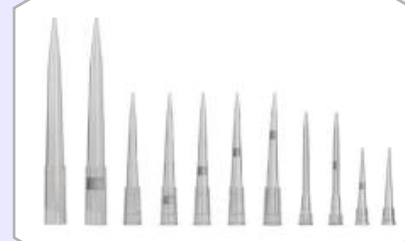
- Reverse pipetting available
- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers: liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in both sterile and non-sterile environments
- Temperature controlled transfers: temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Optional rinsing of tips with specified wash solution prior to use in transfers
- Optional Aspiration/Dispense mixing via pipetting mixing and swirling
- Single-channel pipettes
 - 0.1 to 2.5 μL
 - 2 to 20 μL
 - 20 to 200 μL
 - 100 to 1,000 μL
 - 0.5 to 5 mL
- Multi-channel pipettes: 8-channel and 12-channel
 - 0.5 to 1.0 μL
 - 1 to 10 μL
 - 30 to 300 μL
 - 120 to 1,200 μL
- Compatible tip types
 - 10 μL reach tips, sterile
 - 20 μL barrier tips, sterile
 - 200 μL gel loading tips
 - 200 μL tips, non-sterile
 - 200 μL tips, sterile
 - 200 μL wide-bore tips, non-sterile
 - 1,000 μL wide-bore tips, non-sterile
 - 1,000 μL reach tips, sterile
 - 1,000 μL tips, non-sterile
 - 5,000 μL tips, non-sterile



SINGLE-CHANNEL PIPETTES



MULTI-CHANNEL PIPETTES



TIPS

Positive Displacement Pipettes

- Reverse pipetting available
- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
- Temperature controlled transfers: temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Positive-Displacement Pipette MR-100
 - Min volume: 10 μL
 - Max volume: 100 μL
- Positive-Displacement Pipette MR-1000
 - Min volume: 100 μL
 - Max volume: 1 mL
- Compatible and supported tips
 - 100 μL positive displacement tips, sterile
 - 1,000 μL positive displacement tips, sterile



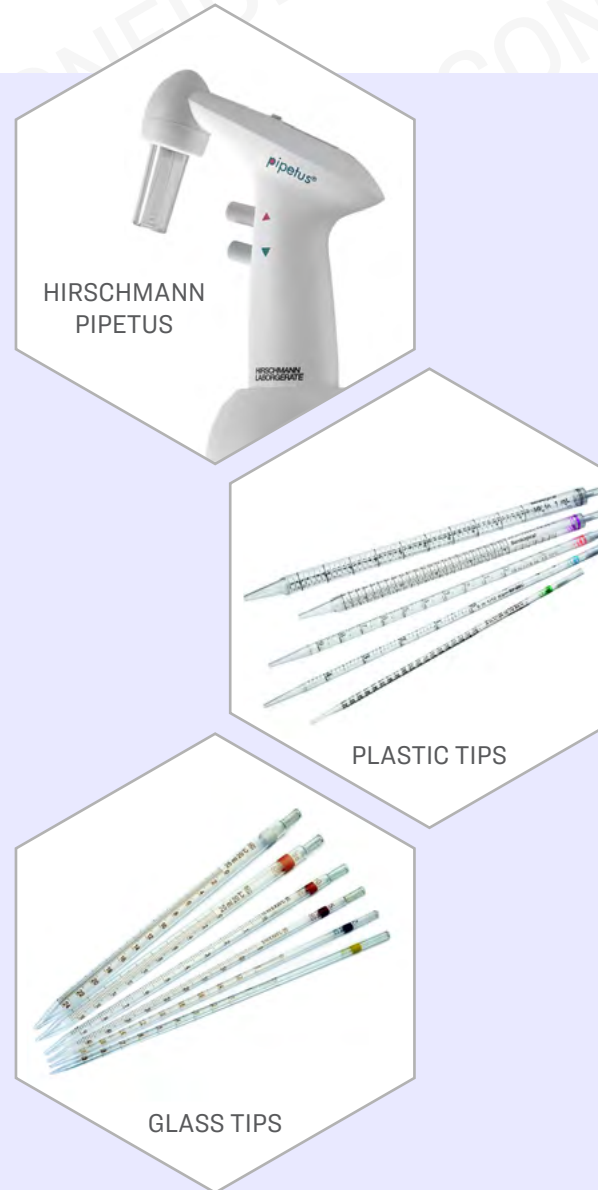
RAININ POS-D MR-100, MR-1000



ZERO DEAD VOLUME TIPS

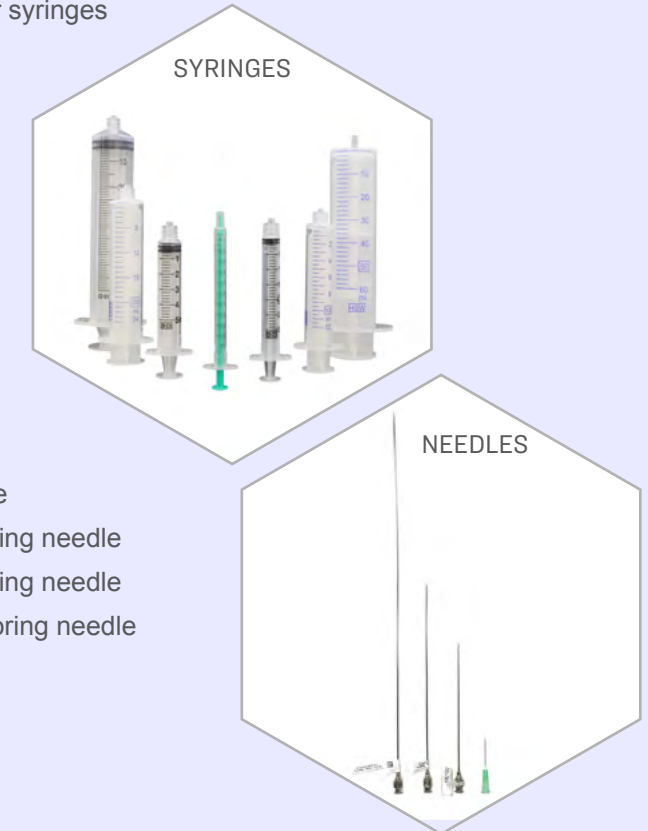
Serological Pipette

- Reverse pipetting available
- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers: liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in both sterile and non-sterile environments
- Temperature controlled transfers: temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Variable dispense/aspirate speed (8 settings)
- 15 hours of continuous operation before recharging
- Optional rinsing of tips with specified wash solution prior to use in transfers
- Compatible plastic serological pipette tips
 - 2 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 5 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 10 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 25 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 50 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
- Compatible glass serological pipette tips
 - 1 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 2 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 5 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 10 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 25 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 50 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile



Syringes

- 10 μL to 60mL max volume
- 2 different connection types: Luer-Lok and Luer-Slip
- Polyethylene barrel and polypropylene plunger syringes
- Luer-Slip
 - 1 mL disposable syringe
 - 50 mL disposable Luer-Slip syringe
- Luer-Lok
 - 3 mL sterile disposable syringe
 - 5 mL sterile disposable syringe
 - 10 mL Luer-Lok syringe
 - 20 mL disposable Luer-Lok syringe
 - 60 mL sterile disposable syringe
- Needles
 - 21 G x 1 in stainless steel single-use needle
 - 18 G x 4 in reusable stainless steel non-coring needle
 - 18 G x 6 in reusable stainless steel non-coring needle
 - 18 G x 12 in reusable stainless steel non-coring needle



Cell Aspirators

Handheld vacuum-aspirator with interchangeable adapter heads

- Pressure-sensitive button controls amount of vacuum applied to aspirate sample
- Adapter heads accept single-use, disposable tips and contain ejectors to exchange tips
- All parts may be autoclaved

Available adapter heads

- 8-channel head compatible with 200 μL pipette tips
- Single channel head compatible with disposable 2 mL aspirating pipettes



CELL CULTURE

ExperimentSpreadCells []
ExperimentStreakCells []
ExperimentPickColonies []
ExperimentImageColonies []
ExperimentQuantifyColonies []

Solid Media Cell Preparation Workcell



Colony Picker

- 3,000 colonies picked per hour (brightfield) and 2,000 per hour (fluorescence)
- Capable of acquiring bright field (trans-illuminated) or fluorescent images to identify colony positions

Fluorescent Filtering Options

- 377 nm excitation filtering with 447 nm emission filtering (good for DAPI/Hoechst)
- 457 nm excitation filtering with 536 nm emission filtering (good for FITC/GFP)
- 531 nm excitation filtering with 593 nm emission filtering (good for Cy3/DS Red)
- 531 nm excitation filtering with 624 nm emission filtering (good for Rhodamine/Texas Red)
- 628 nm excitation filtering with 692 nm emission filtering (good for Cy5)

Imaging

- Colony image and fluorescence intensity data available for each colony picked (5.3 megapixel images)

Sample Constraints

- 2x source solid media plates per batch
- 16x SBS deep well plate destination positions for liquid media

QPIX 420 HT



CELL CULTURE

ExperimentMedia []
ExperimentPlateMedia []

Biosafety Cabinet

- Laminar flow rate of 105 ft/min
- Internal dimensions: 1.74 m x 0.438 m x 0.635 m
- 2 vacuum traps for general cell culture aspiration needs
- UV germicidal light for surface disinfection
- 30% HEPA filtered exhaust air and 70% recirculated HEPA filtered air
- Equipped with balances for aseptic gravimetric transfers and camera for streaming
- Temperature and relative humidity sensors installed (tracked by ECL Constellation)



Autoclave

- Chamber volume: 254 L
- Maximum temperature: 134°C
- Maximum pressure: 45 PSI
- Liquid and dry cycles available
- Programmable cycles (temperature, time)



Water Bath

- Room temperature to 100°C in 0.1°C increments
- Temperature accuracy of 0.24°C
- Available for 2 mL tubes to 250 mL glass bottles



CELL CULTURE

Experiment Inoculate Liquid Media []

Solid Media Cell Preparation Workcell

Large Capacity Deck

- 8x/12x multi-well plate positions for SBS deep well or microtiter plates
- 2x imaging plate positions for agar omnitrays
- 3x wash bath positions
- Sterilization by interior UV light and halogen drying of pins

Integrated Imager

- Capable of acquiring Bright-field (trans-illuminated) or fluorescent images to identify colony positions
- 377 nm excitation filtering with 447 nm emission filtering (good for DAPI/Hoechst)
- 457 nm excitation filtering with 536 nm emission filtering (good for FITC/GFP)
- 531 nm excitation filtering with 593 nm emission filtering (good for Cy3/DS Red)
- 531 nm excitation filtering with 624 nm emission filtering (good for Rhodamine/Texas Red)
- 628 nm excitation filtering with 692 nm emission filtering (good for Cy5)
- Optional blue-white screen filter
- High resolution imaging (5.3 megapixel) with auto-focus and auto-exposure

Robotic Gantry

- Optimized for multiple taskings including imaging solid media plates, picking colonies from solid media, and plating suspended colonies onto solid media
- 10 to 130 microliter pipette transfer with pre-aspiration mixing
- Compatible with various head cassettes for spreading, streaking, and picking
- Agar height sensor for maximum picking efficiency with variable pour volumes
- Organism-specific picking pins



QPIX 420 HT

CELL CULTURE

Liquid Media Cell Preparation Workcell

- Robotic inoculation for liquid media inoculation sources



HAMILTON
STAR

Biosafety Cabinet

- Laminar flow rate of 105 ft/min
- Internal dimensions: 1.74 m x 0.438 m x 0.635 m
- 2 vacuum traps for general cell culture aspiration needs
- UV germicidal light for surface disinfection
- 30% HEPA filtered exhaust air and 70% recirculated HEPA filtered air
- Equipped with balances for aseptic gravimetric transfers and camera for streaming
- Temperature and relative humidity sensors installed (tracked by ECL Constellation)



THERMO
SCIENTIFIC
1300 SERIES
CLASS II,
TYPE A2

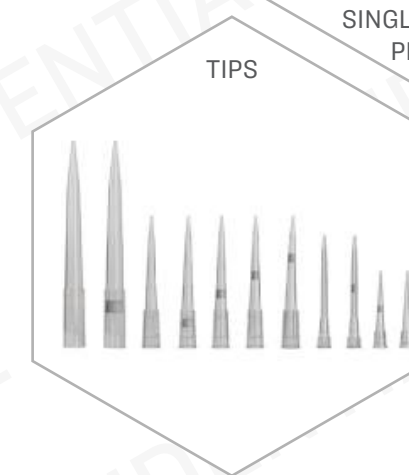
Serological Pipette

- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
 - Liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in both sterile and non-sterile environments
- Temperature controlled transfers
 - Temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (4°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transfers (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Variable dispense/aspirate speed (8 settings)
- 15 hours of continuous operation before recharging
- Compatible plastic serological pipette tips
 - 2 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 5 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 10 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 25 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 50 mL plastic barrier serological pipettes, sterile
- Compatible glass serological pipette tips
 - 1 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 2 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 5 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 10 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 25 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile
 - 50 mL glass barrier serological pipettes, sterile



Micropipettes

- Reverse pipetting available
- Aspiration dispense mixing (slurry transfers)
- Gravimetric transfers
 - Liquids can be transferred by weight (gravimetrically), from μg to kg, in a sterile environment
- Temperature controlled transfers
 - Temperature-sensitive source/destination samples can be marked to be chilled (-86 to 10°C) or heated (30 to 105°C) during transport (for more information, see Sample Transport section)
- Single-channel pipettes
 - 0.1 to 2.5 μL
 - 2 to 20 μL
 - 20 to 200 μL
 - 100 to 1,000 μL
 - 0.5 to 5 mL
- Compatible tip types
 - 10 μL reach tips, sterile
 - 20 μL barrier tips, sterile
 - 200 μL gel loading tips
 - 200 μL tips, sterile
 - 1,000 μL reach tips, sterile



CELL CULTURE

Experiment Incubate Cells []

Static Plate Incubator

- Dedicated instruments for mammalian, bacterial, and yeast sample incubation
- Simultaneous incubation of up to 210 shallow plates
- Default mammalian incubation condition: 37°C, 5% CO₂, 93% relative humidity
- Default bacterial incubation condition: 37°C
- Default yeast incubation condition: 30°C

Shaking Plate Incubator

- Dedicated instruments for bacterial and yeast sample incubation with shaking
- Simultaneous incubation of up to 48 shallow or deep well plates with shaking
- Default shaking rate: 200 RPM with 25.4 mm shaking radius
- Default bacterial incubation condition: 37°C
- Default yeast incubation condition: 30°C

Shaking Flask Incubator

- Dedicated instruments for bacterial and yeast sample incubation with shaking
- Simultaneous incubation of up to 6x 1000mL Erlenmeyer flasks, 8x 250mL Erlenmeyer flasks, and 11x 125mL Erlenmeyer flasks with shaking
- Default shaking rate: 200 RPM with 25.4 mm shaking radius
- Default bacterial incubation condition: 37°C
- Default yeast incubation condition: 30°C

Custom Shaking Plate Incubator

- Simultaneous incubation of up to 20 shallow or deep well plates with shaking
- 25 to 80°C cell incubation
- 0 to 20% carbon dioxide concentration
- 20 to 85% relative humidity
- 50 to 1000 RPM shaking rate with 3 mm shaking radius



CELL CULTURE

Custom Shaking Flask Incubator

- Simultaneous incubation of up to 6x 1000mL Erlenmeyer flasks, 8x 500mL Erlenmeyer flasks, and 10x 250mL Erlenmeyer flasks with shaking
- 25 to 80°C cell incubation
- 0 to 20% carbon dioxide concentration
- 20 to 85% relative humidity
- 20 to 400 RPM shaking rate with 25 mm shaking radius

Robotic Incubator with Humidity Control

- Integrated with Hamilton bioSTAR robotic liquid handler for mammalian sample incubation
- Simultaneous incubation of up to 20 shallow or deep well plates
- 33 to 50°C cell incubation
- 0 to 10% carbon dioxide concentration
- 0 to 100% relative humidity

Robotic Shaking Incubator

- Integrated with Hamilton bioSTAR robotic liquid handler for bacterial and/or yeast sample incubation
- Simultaneous incubation of up to 16 shallow or deep well plates with shaking
- 33 to 50°C cell incubation
- 25 to 600 RPM shaking rate with 3 mm shaking radius



CELL CULTURE

ExperimentImageCells[]

Confocal High Content Imager

- Camera: > 4.7 Megapixel CMOS
- Field of view (10x magnification): 1.96 mm²
- Speed: up to 200,000 wells/day
- Objective magnifications: 4x and 10x (air), 20x, 40x and 60x (water immersion)
- Filter changer: 5 position filter cube changer
- Autofocus: laser and image autofocus
- Fully automated X-Y and Z stages with resolution better than 100nm
- 2048 x 2048 image resolution

Imaging Modes

- Confocal & widefield
 - Digital phase contrast
 - Bright-field
 - Fluorescence

Sample Constraints

- Up to 1,536-well plates



CELL CULTURE

Inverted Epifluorescence Microscope

Possible Imaging Modalities

- Epifluorescence
- Bright-field
- Phase contrast (requires additional attachments)
- Differential Interference Contrast (requires additional attachments)
- Total Internal Reflection Fluorescence (requires additional attachments)

Specs

- Motorized control of stage
- Objectives on rotation turret
- Customizable objectives, based on Excitation wavelength and Emission wavelength: DAPI - Excitation 350 nm, Emission 460 nm; FITC - Excitation 470 nm, Emission 525 nm; TRITC - Excitation 545 nm, Emission 620 nm
- Stable time-lapse imaging with automatic focus correction system
- Compatible with plastic dishes and well plates
- Modular illumination system
- 1392 x 1040 image resolution
- Objective magnifications: 4x, 10x, 20x, and 40x (air)



CELL CULTURE

Experiment Quantify Cells []

UV/Vis Spectrometer with Thermal Controller

- Simultaneously scan a full wavelength range, on 8 channels, in less than a second
- Each pair of cuvettes can be held at a different temperature: Perform 4 different temperature experiments at the same time
- Simultaneously measure standards, samples, and controls under exactly the same conditions
- Measurement modules do not contain any moving parts (permanent optical alignment)
- Sample temperature range -5 to 110°C

Absorbance Detection

- Photometric system: Double beam with rear beam access
- Long-life xenon flashlamp source
- 250 points per second data collection rate
- 190 to 1,100 nm wavelength range (limiting resolution 0.1 nm, wavelength accuracy ± 0.2 nm)
- 150,000 nm/min maximum scan rate
- Tightly-controlled beam geometry (< 1.5 mm at sample interface)
- Silicon photodiode detectors for simultaneous measurement of all channels
- 8 cuvette positions can be measured simultaneously

Multimode Plate Reader with ACU

- 96-well plate compatible
- -5 to 110 °C temperature control
- 0.1% to 20% range control of oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 340 to 740 nm excitation monochromator
- 680 nm laser (AlphaScreen)

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 340 to 740 nm emission monochromator
- Top or bottom of plate read mode



CELL CULTURE

Multimode Plate Reader w/ Filters

- 96-well plate compatible

Excitation

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- 355 nm, 410 nm, 485 nm, 544 nm, 584 nm, 650 nm, or 700 nm fixed wavelength excitation filters (5 nm bandpass)

Emission

- High voltage PMT detector
- 420 nm, 460 nm, 520 nm, 590 nm, 620 nm, or 750 nm fixed wavelength emission filters (5 nm bandpass)
- Top or bottom of plate read mode

Fluorescence Polarization Plate Reader

- Xenon flash lamp
- 1 to 100 flashes per well
- Dual high voltage PMT detectors
- 96-well and 384-well plate compatible
- Excitation emission filter pairs
 - 485 nm, 520 nm
 - 540 nm, 590 nm
 - 625 nm, 675 nm
- Polarized Dual Simultaneous Emission Filters

Nephelometer with ACU

Sample Injection

- 2x 500 μ L injection syringes
- 440 μ L/s maximum injection speed

Sample Chamber

- -5 to 110 °C temperature control
- 0.1% to 20% range control of oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations

- Mix by shaking before read options

Optics

- 635 \pm 10nm 1mW self-monitoring laser diode
- 1.5 to 3.5 mm selectable beam width
- Side window photodiode detector
- Detects up to 80° full cone angle



CELL CULTURE

ExperimentCoulterCount []

Coulter Counter

- Aperture tubes available with nominal diameters from 10 μm to 2000 μm
- Particle size ranges from 0.2 μm to 1600 μm
- Particle size and count precision accurate up to 0.5%
- Particles are generally mixed and suspended with conductive electrolyte solutions non-intrusive
- Supports both aqueous and non-aqueous solutions
- 25 mL, 100 mL, 200 mL, and 400 mL vessel sizes
- Can stir the measurement vessels from 1 to 60 RPM



BECKMAN COULTER
MULTISIZER
4E

ExperimentWashCells [] ExperimentLyseCells []

Liquid Media Cell Preparation Workcell

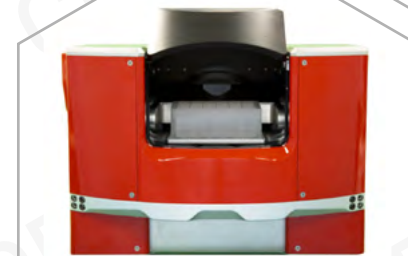
- Robotic inoculation for liquid media inoculation sources



HAMILTON
STAR

High Speed Centrifuge

- Up to 4000 x g rotational forces
- Up to 350 grams per bucket for dual position rotor
- Up to 61 mm plate height
- Compatible with ANSI/SBS plates, PCR plates
- Integrated with Hamilton bioSTAR robotic liquid handler



BIONEX
HIG4

CELL CULTURE

Incubator Shaker

- 25 to 80°C incubation
- 400 to 1800 RPM shaking rate



INHECO
INCUBATOR
SHAKER DWP

Heater Shaker

- 4 to 70°C cooling or incubation
- 100 to 3000 RPM shaking rate



INHECO
THERMOSHAKE
AC

Heater Cooler

- 4x heater/cooler plate positions
 - heating up to 110°C
 - cooling down to 0°C



HAMILTON HEATER
COOLER

CELL CULTURE

Experiment Freeze Cells []

Controlled Rate Cell Freezing Apparatus

- Maximum cooling rate 1°C per minute
- Minimum temperature -100°C
- Programmable temperature profile
- Temperature monitoring data recorded during the run

Sample Constraints

- 48x cryotubes (2 mL) maximum per batch



Experiment Thaw Cells []

Controlled Rate Cell Thawing Apparatus

- 37°C heating element
- ~3 min thawing times
- 1x cryovial (2 mL) maximum per batch

Water Bath

- Room temperature to 100°C in 0.1°C increments
- Temperature accuracy of 0.24°C
- Available for 2 mL tubes to 250 mL glass bottles



CELL CULTURE

Experiment Electroporation []

Plate Based Electroporator

**Instrument subject to change*

- 5 to 300 V range
- 5% voltage delivery accuracy
- Square wave and exponential decay pulse mode options
- Pulse delivery
 - 10 μ s to 999 ms pulse length range
 - 1 to 99 pulses per sample
 - 0.1 to 10 sec pulse intervals
 - 10 to 3,775 μ F capacitance, dependent on pulse mode and voltage
- 50 to 1,000 Ω in 50 Ω steps
- 96-well plate with either 100 μ L or 200 μ L well options



Experiment Bioreactor []

Robotic Multi-Parallel Bioreactors

**Instrument subject to change*

- Integrated, automated liquid handling for all liquid samples and additions
- Up to 12 bioreactor stations
- Three gases per bioreactor (O₂, CO₂, N₂, Air)
- Four positive displacement liquid pumps per bioreactor
- Individual bioreactor temperature control with heating or cooling
- Individual bioreactor impeller speed control

Vessels

- 100 to 250 mL working volume with baffles
- Dual 20 mm pitched-blade or Rushton impeller
- Spot-based DO sensor
- Disposable pH electrode
- Integrated gas and liquid inlet filters
- Robotic compatible cap for sampling



Large Lab Bioreactor

**Instrument subject to change*

- Temperature range: 0 to 40°C
- Maximum relative humidity: 80% (up to 31°C), decreasing to 50% (40°C)
- Motor speed ranges:
 - 1 L glass: 30 to 1,400 RPM
 - 2 L glass: 30 to 1,100 RPM
 - 5 L glass: 30 to 800 RPM
 - 2 L single-use: 30 to 400 RPM

Liquid Handling

- 3 pumps
- Fixed speed: 43 RPM
- Flow rate: 0.8 mL/min (ID 0.5 mm) up to 20.2 mL/min (ID 3.2 mm)

Probes and Controllers

- Glass vessels
 - Temperature sensor (pH probe integrated)
 - Control range: 0 to 60°C
 - Display resolution: 0.1°C
 - DO probe (reusable)
 - Polarographic probe
 - Digital communication with Control Tower
 - Range: 0 to 100%
 - Display resolution: 0.1%
 - pH probe (reusable)
 - Combination electrode
 - Range: 2 to 12 pH
 - Display resolution: 0.01 pH
 - Foam, alternative level
 - Electrical conductivity sensor



Single-use vessels

- Temperature sensor (standalone)
 - Control range: 0 to 40°C
 - Display resolution: 0.1°C
- DO sensor (single-use)
 - Sensor patch
 - Range: 0 to 100% air saturation
 - Display resolution: 0.1% air saturation
- pH sensor (single-use)
 - Sensor patch
 - Range: 6 to 8 pH
 - Display resolution: 0.1 pH

Aeration

- Two-gas (microbial)
 - Continuous automatic aeration control for air and O₂
 - Flow rates: 100 to 7,500 ccm
 - Flow accuracy: ± 5% full scale
- Four-gas (cell culture)
 - Continuous automatic aeration control for air, O₂, N₂, CO₂
 - Flow rates: 10 to 550 ccm (air and N₂); 5 to 250 ccm (O₂ and CO₂)
 - Flow accuracy: ± 5% full scale

Cooling (Microbial)

- Supply temperature: 8°C ± 2°C at ambient temperature

CELL CULTURE

Experiment Flow Cytometry []

Flow Cytometer

Fluidics

- 0.025 to 3.5 uL/sec sample flow rate

Optics

- 5- spatially separated lasers
- 355 nm, 50 mW
- 405 nm, 100 mW
- 488 nm, 100 mW
- 561 nm, 50 mW
- 640 nm, 100 mW

Detectors

- 30 PMT detectors including 2 FSC and 1 SSC
- 100,000 eps maximal acquisition rate with all parameters engaged

FSC Particle Size Resolution

- 0.2 um

Fluorescence Sensitivity

- FITC: 70 MESF, PE: 50 MESF, APC: 40 MESF

Sample Formats

- 5mL tube, microcentrifuge tube, 96-well standard/deep well plates, 384-well standard/deep well plates.

Sample Environmental Control

- Sample agitation and temperature control between 18 to 28°C

High-throughput Sampling Speed

- 15 minutes for 96-well plate
- 60 minutes for 384-well plate



CELL CULTURE

Experiment FACS []

Fluorescence Activated Cell Sorter

Sorting Technology

- Instrument supports conventional flow cytometry based sorting with compensation controls or spectral flow cytometry based sorting

Sensitivity

- < 100 MESF for FITC, PE, APC
- < 0.2 um FSC resolution with small particle detection module

Sample Input

- 6 tube input positions for 1.5mL, 5mL, or 15mL tubes
- Temperature control (4 to 37°C) and agitation for all positions

Sort Output

- Up to 6-way sorting into tubes
- Configurable tube holders include 1.5, 5, 15, and 50mL adapters
- Multi-way micro-well plate sorting up to 1,536 wells

Temperature control

- 4 to 37°C for all media types.

Nozzle

- 50, 70, 100, 120, and 150um ceramic nozzle tips with adjustable pressure settings

Biocontainment

- Integrated Class II biocontainment cabinet for protection of sample and user
- Separate AES for sort chamber evacuation

Optics

- Excitation: seven lasers (all 100mW)
 - 349, 405, 445, 488, 561, 640, and 785nm
- Detection: Up to 60 parameters including FSC and SSC



Electronics

- Speed: > 100,000 eps acquisition and > 70,000 eps sorting with all 60 parameters
- Data processing:
 - Simultaneous measured peak, area, and width for every channel
 - 24 Bit data for peak and area to maximize dynamic range
 - True measured width at half-height
 - Low noise converters and proprietary digital processing reduce channel noise

ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Experiment Synthesis []

Robotic Milligram Scale Parallel Reactors

- Reaction vessels with operation volumes from 0.5 to 125 mL
- Automated liquid dispensing from 10 μ L to 10 mL
- Positive displacement pipettes for viscous liquids
- Automated solid dispensing from 2 to 150 mg
- Overhead stirring up to 750 RPM
- In situ pH sensors
- On-deck viscosity measurement
- Operational temperature range from -55 to 180°C
- Low oxygen and low moisture levels via nitrogen purge box



Gram Scale Jacketed Reactor

- Reaction vessels with operation volumes from 50 mL to 5 L
- Operational temperature range from -40 to 180°C
- Temperature control achieved through jacket of heating/cooling fluid around reaction vessel
- In situ temperature, pH, conductivity, Raman, and/or IR sensors
- Automated dosing via syringe pump (30 μ L/min to 200 mL/min)
- Overhead stirring up to 1,000 RPM



ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Cryo Reactor

- Operational temperature as low as -65°C without use of any circulating cooling fluid, dry ice, or liquid nitrogen
- Reaction vessels with operation volumes from 1 to 100 mL
- In situ temperature, pH, conductivity, IR, and/or Raman sensors
- Automated dosing via syringe pump (30 μ L/min to 200 mL/min)
- Overhead stirring up to 1,000 RPM



High Pressure Reactor

- Stainless steel reaction vessels with operation volumes up to 100 mL
- Operational temperature range from -20 to 200°C
- Operational pressure up to 60 bar
- In situ temperature and pressure sensors
- Overhead stirring



Experiment Flow Synthesis []

Flow Reactor

- -70 to 250°C temperature range
- 20 μ L/min to 10 mL/min flow rate range
- 42 bar maximum reaction pressure
- Tube and column reactors
- In situ UV/Vis and IR measurement
- Automated reagent loading and product collection
- Photoreactors available in 220 to 600 nm wavelength range



Experiment Microwave Synthesis []

Microwave Reactor

- 900 W magnetron
- Reaction durations up to 100 h
- Up to 100 mL per reaction vial (10, 35, & 100 mL vessels)
- 21 Bar maximum operation pressure
- 300°C maximum operation temperature
- In situ temperature measurement with IR sensors
- Autosampler with up to 48 (10 mL) or 24 (35 mL) vials



Experiment Electrochemical Synthesis []

Electrochemical Reactor

- Capable of running cyclic voltammetry, constant current, and constant potential experiments
- Divided and undivided sample chambers available
- Minimum voltage step of 10 mV
- Voltage reading accurate to ± 16 mV
- Current reading accurate to ± 6.2 μ A
- Various available electrodes (including glassy carbon, platinum, graphite, gold, and many others)
- 1 mL, 2 mL, 5 mL, 10 mL, and 20 mL reaction vessel sizes
- Able to run up to 6 reaction vessels at once
- Can stir reaction vessels from 50 to 1,500 RPM



Experiment Solid Phase Synthesis []

Small Robotic Liquid Handler

Synthesis Columns

- Up to 6x 3 cc or 6 cc columns per batch (loaded with any resin)

Synthesis Cycle

- Custom coupling times for addition
- Custom volumes and incubation durations available for each step in the cycle

Reagents

- 6x 500 mL reagent bottles (any custom solution can be loaded)
- 20x 12 mL reagent vials (any custom solution can be loaded)
- 1x system wash solvent (up to 20 L carboys)
- Positive pressure based delivery and draining (argon)



Experiment Reaction Calorimetry []

Reaction Calorimeter

- 10 to 1,000 mL usable reactor volume
- Capable of measuring power as low as ± 0.1 W
- Operational at isothermal, isoperibolic, constant or ramp heat flow, and temperature scanning modes
- Stirring from 30 to 1,200 RPM
- Capable of operating under difficult conditions such as reflux or at phase changes



Interested in an instrument not in this catalog?
Contact us to inquire about additional instrumentation



ECL | TRANSCEND the **LAB**

EMAIL

contact@emeraldcloudlab.com

PHONE

650-257-7554

www.emeraldcloudlab.com